

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(52.1611, 0.2628, 0.2396)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(52.1611, 0.2628, 0.2396)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">BEB6FF</a>
RGB	<a href="#">190, 182, 255</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">75%, 71%, 100%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.2548, 0.2863, 0.0000</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.25, 0.29, 0.00, 0.00</a>
HSL	<a href="#">247°, 100%, 86%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">247°, 29%, 100%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">56.0173, 51.6230, 101.6138</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">192.7140, -18.6650, 24.3990</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

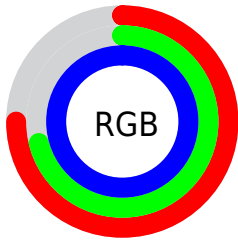
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	190, 182, 255
Decimal	12498687
CIE Lab	77.05, 18.11, -35.01
CIE LCh	77, 39.414, 297.355
Yxy	51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290688767 (0xFFBEB6FF)
YUV	192.7140, 30.7070, -2.3802
Hunter-Lab	71.8491, 13.4319, -33.5574

# Details

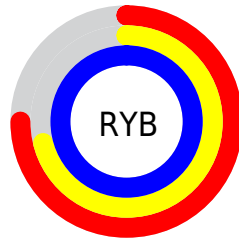
The Yxy color **51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **94.6605, 0.3507, 0.4022**, and the grayscale version is **52.9798, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.1432, 0.3083, 0.3124**, and **24.9286, 0.2555, 0.2272** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.4159, 0.2485, 0.2128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.1906, 0.2852, 0.2783**.

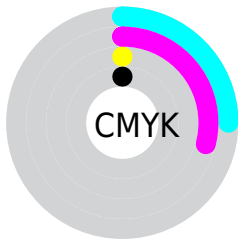
# Distribution



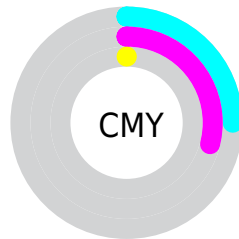
- Red (75%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 51.6230, 0.2677,  
0.2467

 51.6230, 0.2677,  
0.2467


392.9794, 0.2898,  
0.2849

 36.7047, 0.2624,  
0.2381


 92.5750, 0.2756,  
0.2599

 24.9789, 0.2557,  
0.2275


119.3775, 0.2786,  
0.2651

 16.0613, 0.2470,  
0.2142


150.9101, 0.2812,  
0.2695

 9.5676, 0.2355,  
0.1971

187.5573, 0.2834,  
0.2734

 5.1132, 0.2195,  
0.1746

229.7034, 0.2853,  
0.2768

 2.3138, 0.1961,  
0.1441

277.7329, 0.2870,

 0.7810, 0.1601,

0.2798

0.1014

332.0301, 0.2885,  
0.2825

■ 0.0000, 0.0486,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.6230, 0.2677,  
0.2467

■ 51.6230, 0.2677,  
0.2467

■ 39.4159, 0.2485,  
0.2128

■ 66.1906, 0.2852,  
0.2783

■ 29.4390, 0.2283,  
0.1779

■ 83.2278, 0.3009,  
0.3069

■ 21.5586, 0.2080,  
0.1439

99.9996, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 15.6240, 0.1891,  
0.1133

■ 11.4644, 0.1731,  
0.0885

■ 8.8791, 0.1611,  
0.0715

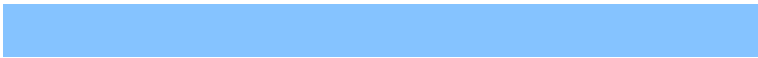
■ 7.5897, 0.1538,  
0.0626

■ 7.4674, 0.1531,  
0.0617

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.6230, 0.2320, 0.2475



51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467



51.6230, 0.3185, 0.2640

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467



51.6230, 0.4183, 0.3769



51.6230, 0.2536, 0.3637

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467



94.6605, 0.3507, 0.4022

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.6230, 0.3001, 0.4091



51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467



51.6230, 0.3963, 0.4113

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467



51.6230, 0.4097, 0.3354



51.6230, 0.3524, 0.4259



51.6230, 0.2242, 0.3102



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467



51.6230, 0.3549, 0.2837



51.6230, 0.3524, 0.4259



51.6230, 0.2676, 0.3810

# Sweetspot

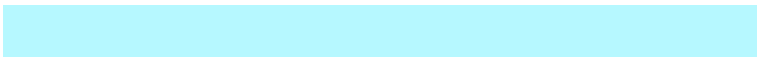
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.6250, 0.2677, 0.2467



82.5514, 0.3003, 0.3059



84.1113, 0.2702, 0.3210



17.1080, 0.2981, 0.3019



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.6250, 0.2677, 0.2467



44.7825, 0.2576, 0.2287



56.8096, 0.2937, 0.2525



17.4734, 0.2996, 0.3045



3.9326, 0.1538, 0.0621



0.4126, 0.1608, 0.0659



# Inverse Universe

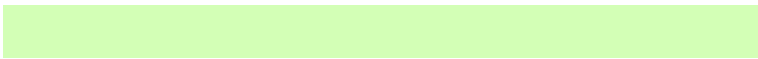
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.4262, 0.3221, 0.2647



55.9967, 0.3242, 0.2527



88.7713, 0.3269, 0.4081



18.2639, 0.3155, 0.3081



14.0187, 0.3508, 0.1706

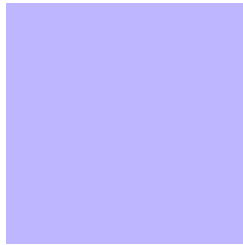


1.3744, 0.3470, 0.1685



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

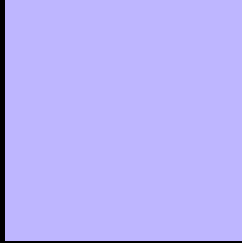
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

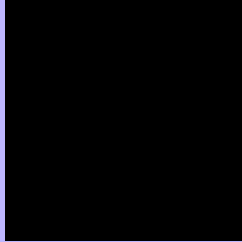
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467.

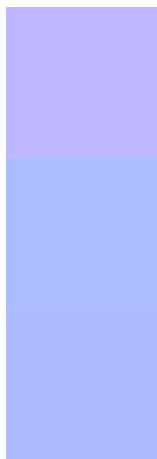


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467

### Protanopia

51.8444, 0.2558, 0.2511

### Deuteranopia

51.5806, 0.2575, 0.2511



## Tritanopia

51.5416, 0.2939, 0.3102

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467

## Protanomaly

51.8028, 0.2600, 0.2496

## Deuteranomaly

51.4374, 0.2611, 0.2495

## Tritanomaly

51.5386, 0.2837, 0.2855

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467

## Achromatopsia

53.3276, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

52.5595, 0.2952, 0.2965

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 182, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 182, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 182, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 182, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 182, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 182, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 182, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 182, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 182, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 182,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 51.6230, 0.2677, 0.2467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 182, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
182, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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