

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(52.2006, 0.3344, 0.3669)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(52.2006, 0.3344, 0.3669)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C0C1A4
RGB	192, 193, 164
RGB Percent	75%, 76%, 64%
CMY	0.2471, 0.2431, 0.3569
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.15, 0.24
HSL	62°, 19%, 70%
HSV	62°, 15%, 76%
XYZ	47.5051, 52.0267, 42.6565
YIQ	189.3950, 8.7130, -9.2310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

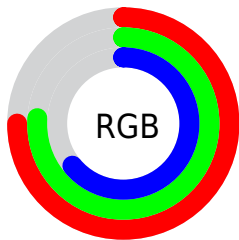
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">164, 193, 165</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12632484</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.30, -5.34, 14.51</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">77, 15.466, 110.208</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290822564</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFC0C1A4</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">189.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.1295, -8.6651, 15.4273</a>

# Details

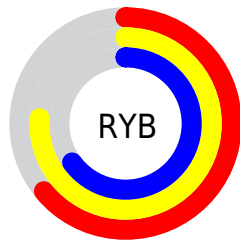
The Yxy color **52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **38.4009, 0.2896, 0.2894**, and the grayscale version is **51.1958, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.0056, 0.3308, 0.3588**, and **25.3293, 0.3394, 0.3773** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.2947, 0.3486, 0.3911**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.8695, 0.3198, 0.3411**.

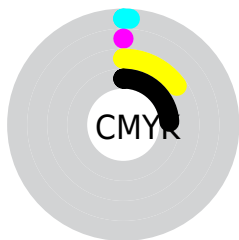
# Distribution



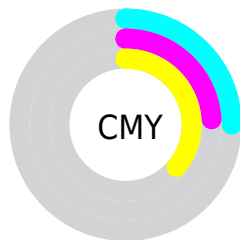
- Red (75%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.0267, 0.3341,  
0.3659


 52.0267, 0.3341,  
0.3659


394.5397, 0.3237,  
0.3476

 37.0264, 0.3366,  
0.3704


 93.1706, 0.3304,  
0.3593

 25.2279, 0.3397,  
0.3762


 120.0830, 0.3290,  
0.3568

 16.2469, 0.3438,  
0.3838


151.7348, 0.3278,  
0.3547

 9.6991, 0.3493,  
0.3944

188.5105, 0.3268,  
0.3529

 5.1999, 0.3570,  
0.4098

230.7944, 0.3258,  
0.3513

 2.3650, 0.3684,  
0.4343

278.9710, 0.3251,

 0.8078, 0.4410,

0.3499

0.5590

333.4246, 0.3243,  
0.3487

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

52.0267, 0.3341,  
0.3659

52.0267, 0.3341,  
0.3659

51.2947, 0.3486,  
0.3911

52.8695, 0.3198,  
0.3411

50.6620, 0.3627,  
0.4158

53.8207, 0.3059,  
0.3173

50.1256, 0.3760,  
0.4393

54.8868, 0.2928,  
0.2949

49.6800, 0.3878,  
0.4606

56.0718, 0.2805,  
0.2740

49.3191, 0.3977,  
0.4786

57.0202, 0.2725,  
0.2601

■ 49.0360, 0.4052,  
0.4928

■ 57.1117, 0.2729,  
0.2602

■ 48.8226, 0.4101,  
0.5026

■ 57.2036, 0.2734,  
0.2603

■ 48.6693, 0.4125,  
0.5083

■ 57.2960, 0.2739,  
0.2604

■ 48.6057, 0.4132,  
0.5101

■ 57.3887, 0.2743,  
0.2605

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.0267, 0.3490, 0.3601



52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659



52.0267, 0.3138, 0.3612

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659



52.0267, 0.2730, 0.3096



52.0267, 0.3315, 0.3119

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659



38.4009, 0.2896, 0.2894

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0267, 0.3106, 0.2994



52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659



52.0267, 0.2773, 0.2976

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659



52.0267, 0.2789, 0.3276



52.0267, 0.2909, 0.2941



52.0267, 0.3476, 0.3288



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659



52.0267, 0.3000, 0.3525



52.0267, 0.2909, 0.2941



52.0267, 0.3248, 0.3071

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.0290, 0.3341, 0.3659



94.6711, 0.3198, 0.3412



40.9151, 0.3403, 0.3304



20.2859, 0.3208, 0.3430



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.0290, 0.3341, 0.3659



92.7255, 0.3388, 0.3741



50.2348, 0.3219, 0.3673



11.7396, 0.3259, 0.3518



32.3323, 0.4132, 0.5101



1.4028, 0.4147, 0.5089



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.4009, 0.2896, 0.2894



63.7143, 0.2840, 0.2799



40.0390, 0.3023, 0.2909



9.7646, 0.2989, 0.3052



2.5976, 0.1513, 0.0607



0.1182, 0.1560, 0.0633



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

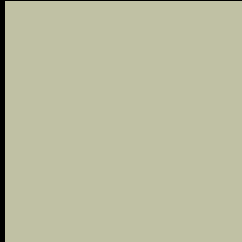
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

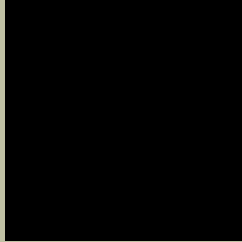
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

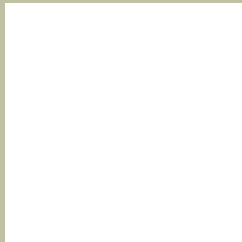
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659

### Protanopia

51.8888, 0.3433, 0.3627

### Deuteranopia

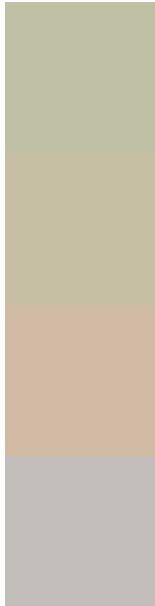
51.9396, 0.3572, 0.3505



## Tritanopia

52.1010, 0.3094, 0.3120

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659

## Protanomaly

51.9117, 0.3404, 0.3642

## Deuteranomaly

51.8126, 0.3493, 0.3559

## Tritanomaly

52.0599, 0.3184, 0.3315

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659

## Achromatopsia

50.8881, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

51.0693, 0.3204, 0.3417

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 193, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 193, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 193, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 193, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 193, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 193, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 193, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 193, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 193, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 193,  
164) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 52.0267, 0.3341, 0.3659 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 193, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
193, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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