

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(52.3089, 0.2263, 0.2618)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(52.3089, 0.2263, 0.2618)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CC9FF
RGB	108, 201, 255
RGB Percent	42%, 79%, 100%
CMY	0.5759, 0.2118, 0.0000
CMYK	0.58, 0.21, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	202°, 100%, 71%
HSV	202°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	45.1347, 52.1814, 102.3067
YIQ	179.3490, -72.7620, -2.9220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

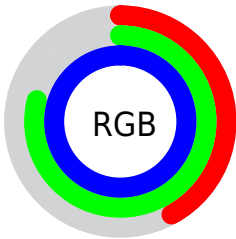
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	108, 165, 255
Decimal	7129599
CIE Lab	77.39, -12.45, -34.87
CIE LCh	77, 37.031, 250.349
Yxy	52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285319679 (0xFF6CC9FF)
YUV	179.3490, 37.2959, -62.5731
Hunter-Lab	72.2367, -14.8844, -33.4050

# Details

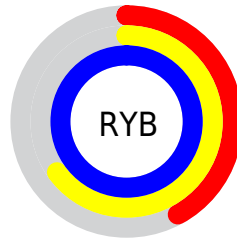
The Yxy color **52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **48.2455, 0.4527, 0.3838**, and the grayscale version is **45.1205, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.1750, 0.2647, 0.3289**, and **25.3020, 0.2054, 0.2437** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.5682, 0.2142, 0.2472**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.5321, 0.2396, 0.2752**.

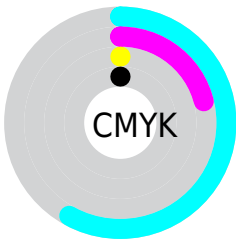
# Distribution



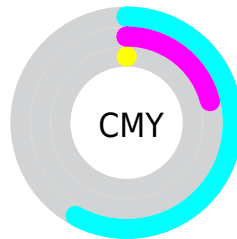
- Red (42%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.1814, 0.2261,  
0.2614


 52.1814, 0.2261,  
0.2614


395.1365, 0.2668,  
0.2944

 37.1497, 0.2168,  
0.2536


 93.3987, 0.2403,  
0.2731

 25.3234, 0.2054,  
0.2437


 120.3531, 0.2458,  
0.2776

 16.3182, 0.1910,  
0.2312


 152.0505, 0.2505,  
0.2814

 9.7496, 0.1727,  
0.2146

188.8753, 0.2546,  
0.2848

 5.2332, 0.1485,  
0.1921

231.2119, 0.2582,  
0.2876

 2.3848, 0.1162,  
0.1604

279.4447, 0.2614,

 0.8180, 0.0669,

0.2902

0.1155

333.9581, 0.2643,  
0.2924

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

52.1814, 0.2261,  
0.2614

52.1814, 0.2261,  
0.2614

46.5682, 0.2142,  
0.2472

58.5321, 0.2396,  
0.2752

41.6415, 0.2042,  
0.2328

65.6576, 0.2542,  
0.2882

37.3485, 0.1963,  
0.2185

73.5972, 0.2695,  
0.3004

33.6188, 0.1905,  
0.2045

82.3856, 0.2852,  
0.3117

32.7800, 0.1892,  
0.2012

92.0554, 0.3009,  
0.3219

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.1814, 0.2238, 0.2928



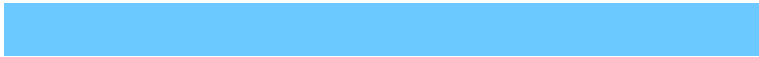
52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614



52.1814, 0.2492, 0.2496

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614



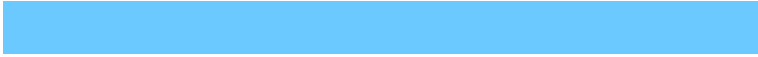
52.1814, 0.3861, 0.3133



52.1814, 0.3292, 0.4164

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614



48.2455, 0.4527, 0.3838

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.1814, 0.3754, 0.4152



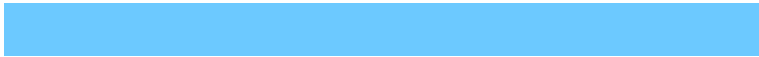
52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614



52.1814, 0.4107, 0.3526

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614



52.1814, 0.3406, 0.2792



52.1814, 0.4060, 0.3899

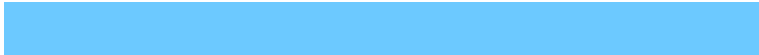


52.1814, 0.2808, 0.3877



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614



52.1814, 0.2748, 0.2523



52.1814, 0.4060, 0.3899



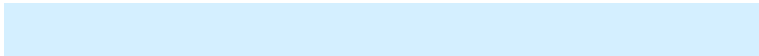
52.1814, 0.3455, 0.4193

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.1828, 0.2261, 0.2614



82.9298, 0.2862, 0.3123



77.3260, 0.2813, 0.4486



17.3553, 0.2830, 0.3102



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.1828, 0.2261, 0.2614



45.8322, 0.2126, 0.2452



25.7855, 0.2052, 0.1657



19.2921, 0.2979, 0.3200



17.4232, 0.1899, 0.2035



1.9052, 0.1943, 0.2194



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.2330, 0.3745, 0.2374



30.5891, 0.3926, 0.2251



82.0033, 0.4055, 0.4507



18.1803, 0.3195, 0.3141



12.4868, 0.4413, 0.2205

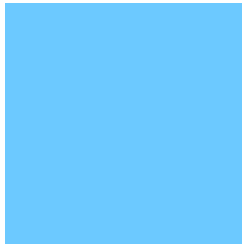


1.2369, 0.4239, 0.2109



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

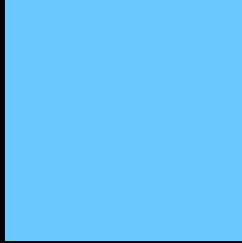
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

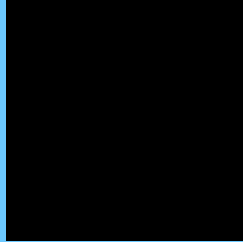
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

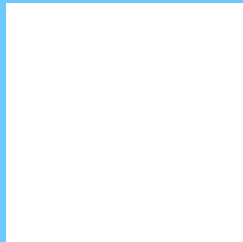
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614.

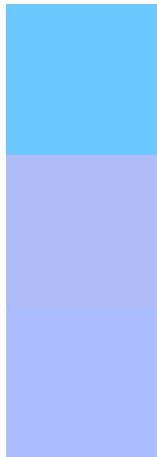


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614

### Protanopia

51.6730, 0.2641, 0.2617

### Deuteranopia

51.8444, 0.2558, 0.2511



## Tritanopia

52.3863, 0.2366, 0.3072

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614

**Protanomaly**

51.5588, 0.2478, 0.2611

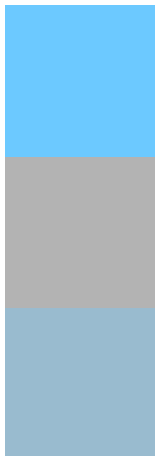
**Deuteranomaly**

51.6558, 0.2431, 0.2545

**Tritanomaly**

52.3701, 0.2326, 0.2894

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614

**Achromatopsia**

45.0786, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

46.8179, 0.2724, 0.3024

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 201, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 201, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 201, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 201, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 201, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 201, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 201, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 201, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 201, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 201,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 52.1814, 0.2261, 0.2614 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 201, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
201, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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