

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(52.3938, 0.2337, 0.3561)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(52.3938, 0.2337, 0.3561)  
contains.

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# Color

**$\text{Yxy}(52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	16D6C4
RGB	22, 214, 196
RGB Percent	9%, 84%, 77%
CMY	0.9122, 0.1608, 0.2314
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.08, 0.16
HSL	174°, 81%, 46%
HSV	174°, 90%, 84%
XYZ	34.3474, 52.2492, 60.5014
YIQ	154.5400, -108.6540, -46.3020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

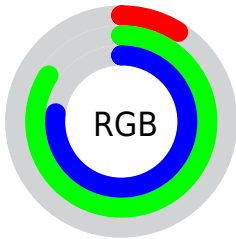
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">22, 123, 214</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1496772</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.43, -46.57, -3.34</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">77, 46.693, 184.100</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279686852 (0xFF16D6C4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">154.5400, 20.4398, -116.2376</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.2836, -41.6775, 0.9728</a>

# Details

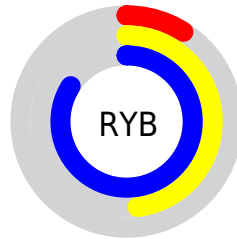
The Yxy color **52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **15.0394, 0.6058, 0.3207**, and the grayscale version is **32.5598, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.0566, 0.2428, 0.3311**, and **26.4067, 0.2334, 0.3602** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.9917, 0.2329, 0.3584**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.6989, 0.2356, 0.3520**.

# Distribution



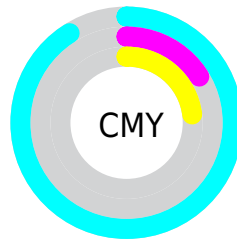
- Red (9%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.2492, 0.2335,  
0.3552


 52.2492, 0.2335,  
0.3552


395.3979, 0.2717,  
0.3429


 37.2037, 0.2244,  
0.3580


 93.4987, 0.2470,  
0.3509


 25.3653, 0.2131,  
0.3614


 120.4714, 0.2522,  
0.3493


 16.3494, 0.1985,  
0.3657


 152.1888, 0.2566,  
0.3479

 9.7717, 0.1791,  
0.3712

 189.0351, 0.2605,  
0.3466

 5.2479, 0.1524,  
0.3782

 231.3948, 0.2638,  
0.3455

 2.3934, 0.1129,  
0.3875

279.6522, 0.2667,

 0.8225, 0.0000,

0.3446

0.4194

334.1918, 0.2694,  
0.3437

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.2492, 0.2335,  
0.3552

■ 52.2492, 0.2335,  
0.3552

■ 51.9917, 0.2329,  
0.3584

■ 52.6989, 0.2356,  
0.3520

■ 51.9813, 0.2329,  
0.3585

■ 53.3916, 0.2395,  
0.3488

■ 54.3622, 0.2454,  
0.3456

■ 55.6388, 0.2531,  
0.3424

■ 57.2458, 0.2626,  
0.3394

■ 59.2053, 0.2737,  
0.3365

■ 61.5374, 0.2860,  
0.3337

■ 64.2609, 0.2993,  
0.3312

■ 67.3930, 0.3134,  
0.3289

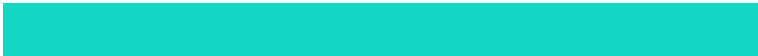
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.2492, 0.2836, 0.4152



52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552



52.2492, 0.2057, 0.2930

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552



52.2492, 0.2718, 0.2367



52.2492, 0.4336, 0.3934

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552



15.0394, 0.6058, 0.3207

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.2492, 0.4329, 0.3459



52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552



52.2492, 0.3336, 0.2606

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552



52.2492, 0.2262, 0.2322



52.2492, 0.3949, 0.2992



52.2492, 0.3999, 0.4314

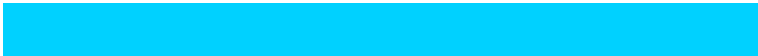


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552



52.2492, 0.2015, 0.2618



52.2492, 0.3949, 0.2992



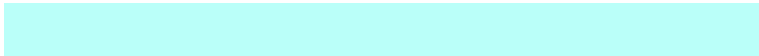
52.2492, 0.4376, 0.3780

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.2512, 0.2335, 0.3552



88.7885, 0.2764, 0.3358



48.6325, 0.3042, 0.5887



18.7669, 0.2723, 0.3368



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.2512, 0.2335, 0.3552



77.2929, 0.2330, 0.3588



23.0201, 0.1927, 0.2066



14.0868, 0.2995, 0.3312



31.4294, 0.2328, 0.3580



1.9017, 0.2313, 0.3525



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0394, 0.6058, 0.3207



21.3257, 0.6319, 0.3255



23.2831, 0.5464, 0.3933



12.4396, 0.3276, 0.3268



8.6786, 0.6286, 0.3237

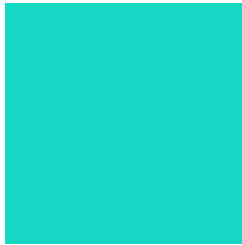


0.5301, 0.5979, 0.3068



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

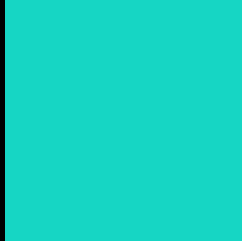
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

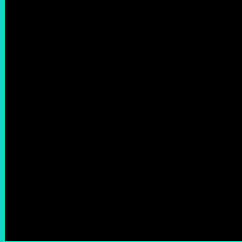
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

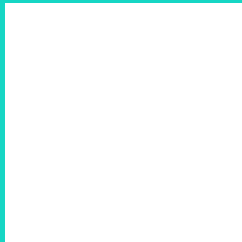
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552.

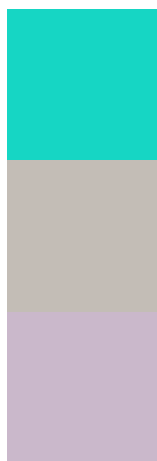


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

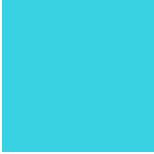
52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552

### Protanopia

51.3747, 0.3231, 0.3378

### Deuteranopia

51.1493, 0.3130, 0.3062



## Tritanopia

52.4800, 0.2244, 0.3055

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552



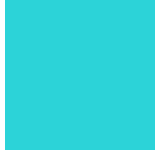
## Protanomaly

48.8816, 0.2724, 0.3443



## Deuteranomaly

48.5187, 0.2672, 0.3220



## Tritanomaly

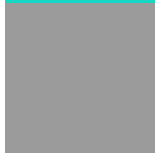
52.0819, 0.2269, 0.3217

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552



## Achromatopsia

32.7778, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

37.0787, 0.2632, 0.3383

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 214, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 214, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 214, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 214, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 214, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 214, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(22, 214, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 214, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 214, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 214,  
196) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 52.2492, 0.2335, 0.3552 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 214, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 214,  
196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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