

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFAD8F
RGB	255, 173, 143
RGB Percent	100%, 68%, 56%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3216, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.44, 0.00
HSL	16°, 100%, 78%
HSV	16°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	61.1433, 53.1303, 33.0242
YIQ	194.0980, 58.5020, 8.0540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

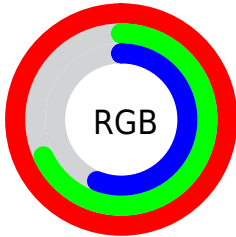
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 184, 143
Decimal	16756111
CIE Lab	77.95, 26.66, 27.61
CIE LCh	78, 38.381, 46.003
Yxy	53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294946191 (0xFFFFAD8F)
YUV	194.0980, -25.1913, 53.4111
Hunter-Lab	72.8905, 22.1740, 24.1611

# Details

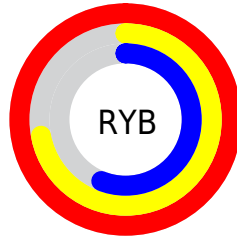
The Yxy color **53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **66.9168, 0.2472, 0.2938**, and the grayscale version is **54.1372, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.3298, 0.3526, 0.3615**, and **25.9414, 0.4435, 0.3662** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.7777, 0.4497, 0.3670**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.6630, 0.3848, 0.3535**.

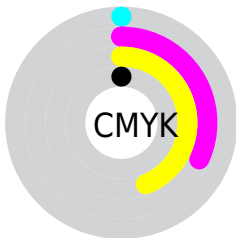
# Distribution



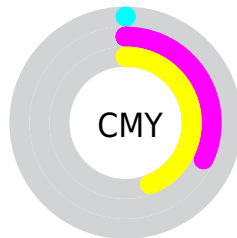
- Red (100%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.1303, 0.4151,  
0.3607

 53.1303, 0.4151,  
0.3607


398.7848, 0.3647,  
0.3475

 37.9068, 0.4272,  
0.3632


 94.7961, 0.3971,  
0.3565

 25.9104, 0.4425,  
0.3659


 122.0071, 0.3902,  
0.3547

 16.7566, 0.4622,  
0.3687


153.9828, 0.3844,  
0.3532

 10.0611, 0.4884,  
0.3711

191.1076, 0.3793,  
0.3518

 5.4395, 0.5244,  
0.3717

233.7658, 0.3750,  
0.3505

 2.5074, 0.5896,  
0.3755

282.3418, 0.3711,

 0.8803, 0.6544,

0.3494

0.3456

337.2200, 0.3677,  
0.3484

0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

53.1303, 0.4151,  
0.3607

53.1303, 0.4151,  
0.3607

45.7777, 0.4497,  
0.3670

61.6630, 0.3848,  
0.3535

39.5461, 0.4876,  
0.3713

71.4199, 0.3590,  
0.3459

34.3798, 0.5266,  
0.3725

82.4497, 0.3372,  
0.3386

30.2155, 0.5631,  
0.3696

94.7967, 0.3190,  
0.3316

■ 26.9819, 0.5929,  
0.3621

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 25.4293, 0.6070,  
0.3563

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.1303, 0.3952, 0.3201



53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607



53.1303, 0.4046, 0.3977

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607



53.1303, 0.2712, 0.3811



53.1303, 0.2541, 0.2474

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607



66.9168, 0.2472, 0.2938

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.1303, 0.2266, 0.2556



53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607



53.1303, 0.2355, 0.3300

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607



53.1303, 0.3199, 0.4160



53.1303, 0.2201, 0.2840



53.1303, 0.2987, 0.2579



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607



53.1303, 0.3830, 0.4152



53.1303, 0.2201, 0.2840



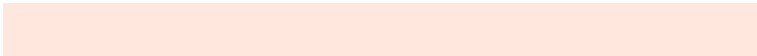
53.1303, 0.2427, 0.2479

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.1322, 0.4151, 0.3607



83.5253, 0.3354, 0.3379



46.3529, 0.3442, 0.2467



17.3272, 0.3398, 0.3395



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.1322, 0.4151, 0.3607



46.4038, 0.4463, 0.3665



79.2103, 0.3889, 0.4152



18.7782, 0.3288, 0.3354



13.4954, 0.6041, 0.3585



1.4848, 0.5822, 0.3759



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.9168, 0.2472, 0.2938



61.7647, 0.2357, 0.2851



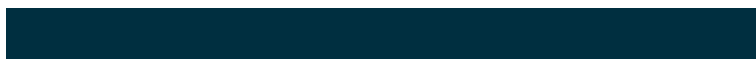
41.4905, 0.2351, 0.2238



19.6100, 0.2980, 0.3225



22.5385, 0.1998, 0.2394



2.3747, 0.2030, 0.2508



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

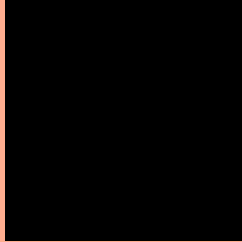
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607

### Protanopia

53.5287, 0.3557, 0.3793

### Deuteranopia

53.2790, 0.3881, 0.3796



## Tritanopia

52.9721, 0.3811, 0.3166

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607

**Protanomaly**

53.1350, 0.3764, 0.3723

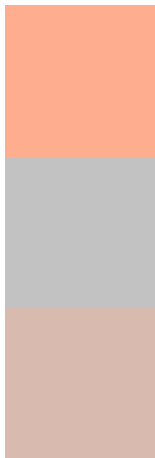
**Deuteranomaly**

53.1779, 0.3971, 0.3726

**Tritanomaly**

52.7995, 0.3940, 0.3324

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607

**Achromatopsia**

53.9479, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

52.8119, 0.3474, 0.3422

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 173, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 173, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 173, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 173, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 173, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 173, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 173, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 173, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 173, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 173,  
143) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 53.1303, 0.4151, 0.3607 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 173, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
173, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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