

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5C4C2
RGB	181, 196, 194
RGB Percent	71%, 77%, 76%
CMY	0.2903, 0.2313, 0.2392
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.01, 0.23
HSL	172°, 11%, 74%
HSV	172°, 8%, 77%
XYZ	48.5288, 53.1987, 58.7513
YIQ	191.2870, -8.2980, -3.8020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

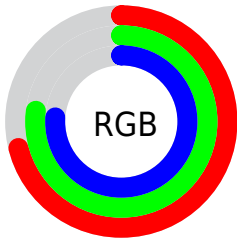
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">181, 189, 196</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11912386</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.99, -5.51, -0.77</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">78, 5.563, 187.931</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290102466</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB5C4C2</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">191.2870, 1.3375, -9.0217</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.9374, -8.8759, 3.2980</a>

# Details

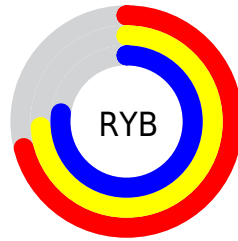
The Yxy color **53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **48.1919, 0.3241, 0.3265**, and the grayscale version is **52.2700, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.1572, 0.3045, 0.3319**, and **25.8286, 0.3000, 0.3324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.8797, 0.2895, 0.3350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.8576, 0.3159, 0.3283**.

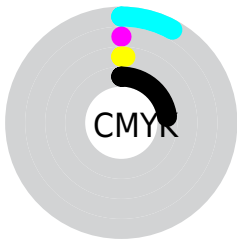
# Distribution



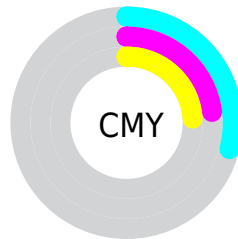
- Red (71%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.1987, 0.3024,  
0.3315

 53.1987, 0.3024,  
0.3315


399.0470, 0.3074,  
0.3303

 37.9614, 0.3012,  
0.3318


 94.8967, 0.3042,  
0.3311

 25.9527, 0.2996,  
0.3322


122.1262, 0.3049,  
0.3309

 16.7883, 0.2976,  
0.3326


154.1219, 0.3055,  
0.3308

 10.0837, 0.2948,  
0.3333

191.2681, 0.3060,  
0.3307

 5.4545, 0.2908,  
0.3342

233.9494, 0.3064,  
0.3305

 2.5163, 0.2844,  
0.3356

282.5500, 0.3068,

 0.8848, 0.2708,

0.3305

337.4544, 0.3071,  
0.3304

0.3391

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

53.1987, 0.3024,  
0.3315

53.1987, 0.3024,  
0.3315

50.8797, 0.2895,  
0.3350

55.8576, 0.3159,  
0.3283

48.8799, 0.2775,  
0.3389

58.8628, 0.3297,  
0.3254

47.1869, 0.2666,  
0.3430

62.2288, 0.3436,  
0.3228

45.7847, 0.2571,  
0.3473

65.1276, 0.3539,  
0.3204

44.6557, 0.2493,  
0.3518

65.2546, 0.3518,  
0.3177

■ 43.7807, 0.2433,  
0.3565

■ 65.3838, 0.3497,  
0.3150

■ 43.1378, 0.2392,  
0.3611

■ 65.5150, 0.3476,  
0.3124

■ 42.7013, 0.2371,  
0.3658

■ 65.6485, 0.3456,  
0.3097

■ 42.4342, 0.2366,  
0.3704

■ 65.7840, 0.3435,  
0.3071

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.1987, 0.3088, 0.3376



53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315



53.1987, 0.2988, 0.3248

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315



53.1987, 0.3090, 0.3170



53.1987, 0.3268, 0.3386

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315



48.1919, 0.3241, 0.3265

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.1987, 0.3269, 0.3330



53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315



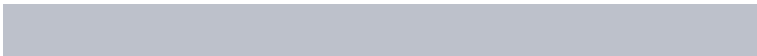
53.1987, 0.3165, 0.3206

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315



53.1987, 0.3025, 0.3165



53.1987, 0.3231, 0.3265



53.1987, 0.3229, 0.3417



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315



53.1987, 0.2984, 0.3209



53.1987, 0.3231, 0.3265



53.1987, 0.3273, 0.3369

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.2009, 0.3024, 0.3315



99.0017, 0.3100, 0.3296



52.9157, 0.3136, 0.3482



21.2009, 0.3101, 0.3296



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.2009, 0.3024, 0.3315



95.7084, 0.3005, 0.3320



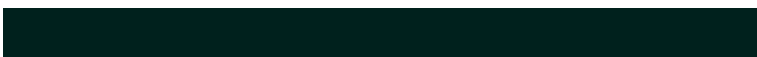
50.9583, 0.3010, 0.3223



11.4046, 0.3002, 0.3321



27.2376, 0.2364, 0.3709



1.1834, 0.2335, 0.3605

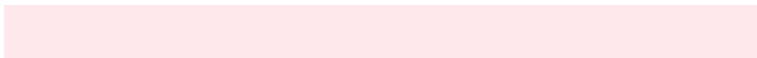


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.1919, 0.3241, 0.3265



85.0061, 0.3265, 0.3260



50.2899, 0.3251, 0.3356



10.0993, 0.3268, 0.3260



7.5966, 0.6209, 0.3194



0.3355, 0.5711, 0.2920



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

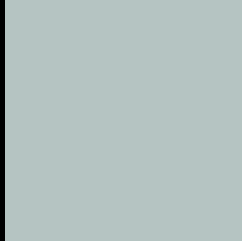
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

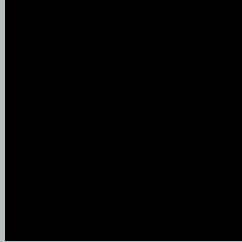
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

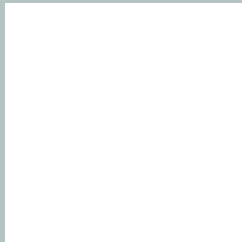
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315.

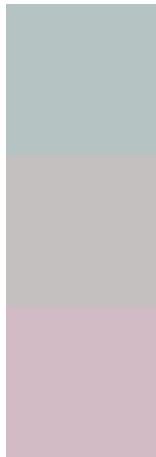


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315

### Protanopia

53.2408, 0.3160, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

53.2278, 0.3249, 0.3184



## Tritanopia

53.3774, 0.2942, 0.3105

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315

## Protanomaly

53.0665, 0.3111, 0.3290

## Deuteranomaly

52.9092, 0.3163, 0.3229

## Tritanomaly

53.4571, 0.2969, 0.3178

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315

## Achromatopsia

52.0996, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

52.5105, 0.3087, 0.3302

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 196, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 196, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 196, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 196, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 196, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 196, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 196, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 196, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 196, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 196,  
194) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 53.1987, 0.3024, 0.3315 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 196, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
196, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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