

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9BC4F9
RGB	155, 196, 249
RGB Percent	61%, 77%, 98%
CMY	0.3917, 0.2315, 0.0234
CMYK	0.38, 0.21, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	214°, 89%, 79%
HSV	214°, 38%, 98%
XYZ	50.3744, 53.2880, 97.2727
YIQ	189.7830, -41.4490, 7.7910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

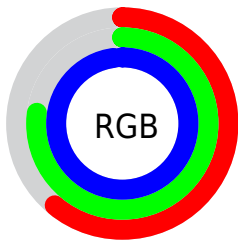
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	155, 184, 249
Decimal	10208505
CIE Lab	78.04, -0.73, -30.48
CIE LCh	78, 30.485, 268.622
Yxy	53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288398585 (0xFF9BC4F9)
YUV	189.7830, 29.1940, -30.5047
Hunter-Lab	72.9986, -4.5694, -27.9065

# Details

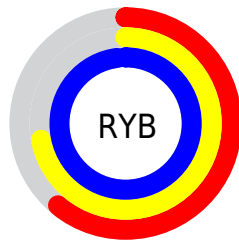
The Yxy color **53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **67.7034, 0.3844, 0.3850**, and the grayscale version is **51.2209, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.8379, 0.2870, 0.3258**, and **25.8611, 0.2353, 0.2490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.0227, 0.2338, 0.2445**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.6604, 0.2678, 0.2845**.

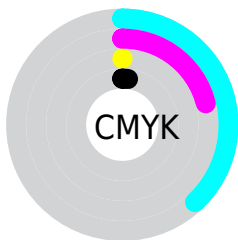
# Distribution



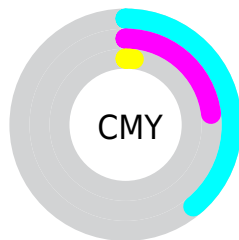
- Red (61%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.2880, 0.2507,  
0.2652

■ 53.2880, 0.2507,  
0.2652

■ 399.3891, 0.2803,  
0.2957

■ 38.0327, 0.2438,  
0.2581

■ 95.0280, 0.2611,  
0.2759

■ 26.0081, 0.2352,  
0.2492

■ 122.2816, 0.2651,  
0.2801

■ 16.8297, 0.2242,  
0.2378

■ 154.3033, 0.2686,  
0.2836

■ 10.1131, 0.2099,  
0.2229

■ 191.4777, 0.2715,  
0.2867

■ 5.4740, 0.1903,  
0.2026

■ 234.1890, 0.2741,  
0.2894

■ 2.5280, 0.1627,  
0.1738

■ 282.8218, 0.2764,

■ 0.8906, 0.1221,

0.2917

0.1313

337.7603, 0.2785,  
0.2938

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

53.2880, 0.2507,  
0.2652

53.2880, 0.2507,  
0.2652

45.0227, 0.2338,  
0.2445

62.6604, 0.2678,  
0.2845

37.8108, 0.2176,  
0.2228

73.1783, 0.2846,  
0.3021

31.6023, 0.2028,  
0.2005

84.8853, 0.3008,  
0.3179

26.3397, 0.1899,  
0.1784

97.8208, 0.3162,  
0.3321

21.9576, 0.1796,  
0.1573

99.6211, 0.3162,  
0.3347

■ 18.3737, 0.1720,  
0.1379

■ 17.6430, 0.1705,  
0.1336

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.2880, 0.2378, 0.2821



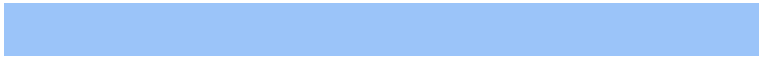
53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652



53.2880, 0.2797, 0.2646

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652



53.2880, 0.3875, 0.3365



53.2880, 0.3021, 0.3879

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652



67.7034, 0.3844, 0.3850

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.2880, 0.3426, 0.4024



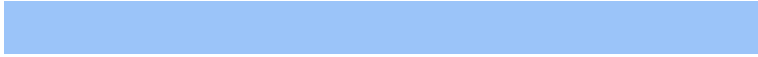
53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652



53.2880, 0.3935, 0.3689

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652



53.2880, 0.3596, 0.3044



53.2880, 0.3764, 0.3939



53.2880, 0.2660, 0.3539



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652



53.2880, 0.3055, 0.2726



53.2880, 0.3764, 0.3939



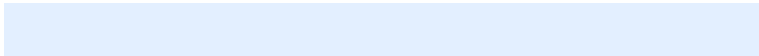
53.2880, 0.3156, 0.3953

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.2900, 0.2507, 0.2652



85.3671, 0.2955, 0.3129



79.2397, 0.2807, 0.3792



17.9093, 0.2933, 0.3108



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.2900, 0.2507, 0.2652



49.7236, 0.2382, 0.2501



37.7739, 0.2464, 0.2150



17.8855, 0.2979, 0.3152



9.7127, 0.1713, 0.1366



1.1061, 0.1777, 0.1596



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.6081, 0.3648, 0.2858



43.8150, 0.3798, 0.2775



89.4292, 0.3662, 0.4240



17.3507, 0.3225, 0.3187



11.3914, 0.5236, 0.2658

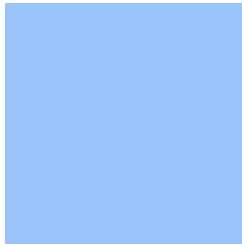


1.0759, 0.4936, 0.2493



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

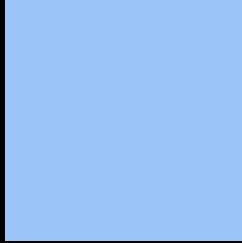
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

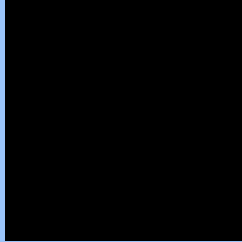
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

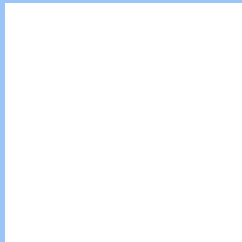
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652

### Protanopia

53.0032, 0.2670, 0.2646

### Deuteranopia

53.0006, 0.2646, 0.2584



## Tritanopia

53.5061, 0.2639, 0.3083

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652

**Protanomaly**

52.8991, 0.2608, 0.2650

**Deuteranomaly**

53.2593, 0.2592, 0.2610

**Tritanomaly**

53.4497, 0.2592, 0.2924

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652

**Achromatopsia**

51.4918, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

51.7495, 0.2875, 0.3052

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 196, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 196, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 196, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 196, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 196, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 196, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 196, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 196, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 196, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 196,  
249) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 53.2880, 0.2507, 0.2652 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 196, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
196, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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