

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(54.0974, 0.4240, 0.3555)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(54.0974, 0.4240, 0.3555)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFAA90
RGB	255, 170, 144
RGB Percent	100%, 67%, 56%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3333, 0.4354
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.44, 0.00
HSL	14°, 100%, 78%
HSV	14°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	60.6450, 52.0231, 33.2183
YIQ	192.4510, 59.0060, 9.9340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

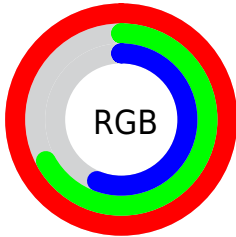
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 178, 144
Decimal	16755344
CIE Lab	77.29, 28.32, 26.21
CIE LCh	77, 38.588, 42.791
Yxy	52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294945424 (0xFFFFAA90)
YUV	192.4510, -23.8863, 54.8555
Hunter-Lab	72.1270, 23.8619, 23.1827

# Details

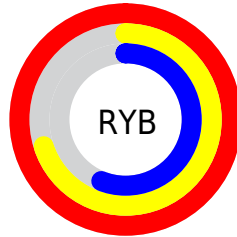
The Yxy color **52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **69.1574, 0.2485, 0.2986**, and the grayscale version is **53.1067, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.7299, 0.3525, 0.3575**, and **25.2487, 0.4447, 0.3610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.5489, 0.4513, 0.3621**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.7649, 0.3848, 0.3502**.

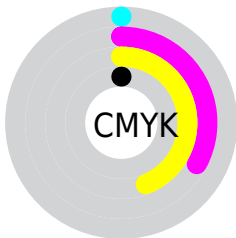
# Distribution



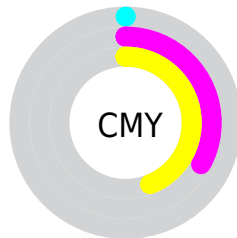
- Red (100%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.0231, 0.4157,  
0.3566

 52.0231, 0.4157,  
0.3566

394.5258, 0.3648,  
0.3453

 37.0235, 0.4281,  
0.3586


 93.1653, 0.3974,  
0.3531

 25.2257, 0.4436,  
0.3608


 120.0767, 0.3905,  
0.3516

 16.2453, 0.4638,  
0.3629


151.7275, 0.3846,  
0.3502

 9.6979, 0.4908,  
0.3644

188.5020, 0.3795,  
0.3490

 5.1991, 0.5281,  
0.3637

230.7847, 0.3751,  
0.3480

 2.3646, 0.5958,  
0.3652

278.9600, 0.3712,

 0.8076, 0.6676,

0.3470

0.3324

333.4122, 0.3678,  
0.3461

0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

52.0231, 0.4157,  
0.3566

52.0231, 0.4157,  
0.3566

44.5489, 0.4513,  
0.3621

60.7649, 0.3848,  
0.3502

38.2749, 0.4905,  
0.3658

70.8223, 0.3585,  
0.3436

33.1389, 0.5310,  
0.3666

82.2500, 0.3366,  
0.3372

29.0697, 0.5688,  
0.3636

95.0974, 0.3184,  
0.3311

■ 25.9871, 0.5993,  
0.3565

99.9986, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 24.4708, 0.6140,  
0.3507

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.0231, 0.3924, 0.3157



52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566



52.0231, 0.4082, 0.3949

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566



52.0231, 0.2755, 0.3868



52.0231, 0.2495, 0.2464

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566



69.1574, 0.2485, 0.2986

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0231, 0.2239, 0.2568



52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566



52.0231, 0.2376, 0.3356

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566



52.0231, 0.3255, 0.4192



52.0231, 0.2196, 0.2877



52.0231, 0.2931, 0.2551



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566



52.0231, 0.3879, 0.4139



52.0231, 0.2196, 0.2877



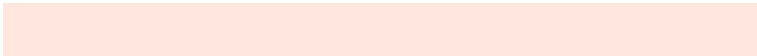
52.0231, 0.2387, 0.2477

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.0257, 0.4157, 0.3566



82.9115, 0.3355, 0.3368



46.8583, 0.3404, 0.2440



17.1772, 0.3400, 0.3382



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.0257, 0.4157, 0.3566



45.6228, 0.4455, 0.3613



77.3312, 0.3897, 0.4112



18.6785, 0.3289, 0.3346



12.9750, 0.6113, 0.3528

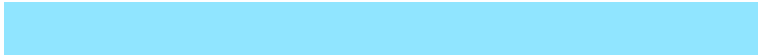


1.4220, 0.5899, 0.3698



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.1574, 0.2485, 0.2986



64.6424, 0.2380, 0.2916



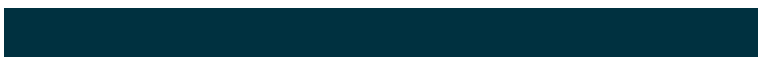
43.2549, 0.2367, 0.2295



19.7166, 0.2980, 0.3233



24.4504, 0.2031, 0.2512



2.5469, 0.2059, 0.2611



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

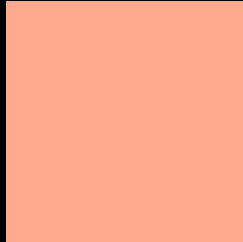
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566

### Protanopia

52.2912, 0.3520, 0.3750

### Deuteranopia

51.9588, 0.3862, 0.3779



## Tritanopia

52.1118, 0.3846, 0.3176

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566

**Protanomaly**

51.5986, 0.3749, 0.3680

**Deuteranomaly**

51.7983, 0.3976, 0.3695

**Tritanomaly**

52.0184, 0.3957, 0.3314

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566

**Achromatopsia**

52.7115, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

51.8232, 0.3469, 0.3398

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 170, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 170, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 170, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 170, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 170, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 170, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 170, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 170, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 170, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 170,  
144) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 52.0231, 0.4157, 0.3566 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 170, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
170, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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