

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(54.2209, 0.2932, 0.3494)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(54.2209, 0.2932, 0.3494)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3CBBC
RGB	163, 203, 188
RGB Percent	64%, 80%, 74%
CMY	0.3610, 0.2038, 0.2628
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.07, 0.20
HSL	158°, 28%, 72%
HSV	158°, 20%, 80%
XYZ	45.5269, 54.1292, 55.6198
YIQ	189.3300, -19.0250, -13.1450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

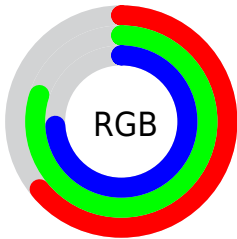
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	163, 188, 203
Decimal	10734524
CIELab	78.54, -16.27, 3.12
CIELCh	79, 16.570, 169.155
Yxy	54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288924604 (0xFFA3CBBC)
YUV	189.3300, -0.6557, -23.0914
Hunter-Lab	73.5725, -18.2956, 6.6783

# Details

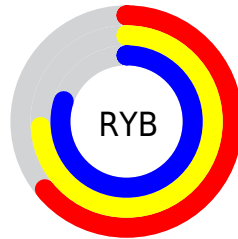
The Yxy color **54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **42.0850, 0.3373, 0.3102**, and the grayscale version is **51.0941, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.9571, 0.2965, 0.3402**, and **26.6237, 0.2882, 0.3540** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.8390, 0.2841, 0.3601**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.7852, 0.3029, 0.3382**.

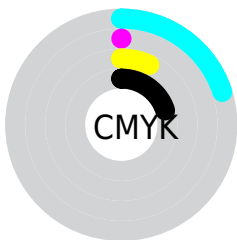
# Distribution



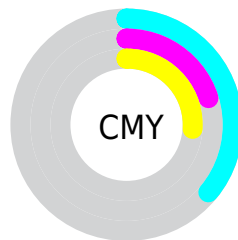
- Red (64%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.1292, 0.2932,  
0.3486


 54.1292, 0.2932,  
0.3486


402.6025, 0.3028,  
0.3389

 38.7050, 0.2909,  
0.3510


 96.2639, 0.2966,  
0.3451

 26.5303, 0.2879,  
0.3540


 123.7432, 0.2979,  
0.3438

 17.2208, 0.2840,  
0.3580


156.0096, 0.2990,  
0.3427

 10.3920, 0.2786,  
0.3636

193.4475, 0.3000,  
0.3417

 5.6596, 0.2709,  
0.3717

236.4414, 0.3008,  
0.3409

 2.6392, 0.2585,  
0.3849

285.3756, 0.3016,

 0.9464, 0.2218,

0.3402

0.4190

340.6345, 0.3022,  
0.3395

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

54.1292, 0.2932,  
0.3486

54.1292, 0.2932,  
0.3486

51.8390, 0.2841,  
0.3601

56.7852, 0.3029,  
0.3382

49.8911, 0.2759,  
0.3725

59.8158, 0.3130,  
0.3288

48.2699, 0.2689,  
0.3857


63.2379, 0.3232,  
0.3204


46.9556, 0.2634,  
0.3997


67.0652, 0.3333,  
0.3129


45.9265, 0.2598,  
0.4141


69.4747, 0.3360,  
0.3058


 45.1575, 0.2581,  
0.4287


 69.9020, 0.3304,  
0.2983


 44.6195, 0.2584,  
0.4431

 70.3482, 0.3248,  
0.2910

 44.2591, 0.2604,  
0.4573

 70.8134, 0.3194,  
0.2838

 44.2506, 0.2605,  
0.4576

 71.2009, 0.3151,  
0.2782

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.1292, 0.3146, 0.3635



54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486



54.1292, 0.2774, 0.3282

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486



54.1292, 0.2890, 0.2922



54.1292, 0.3565, 0.3466

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486



42.0850, 0.3373, 0.3102

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.1292, 0.3492, 0.3281



54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486



54.1292, 0.3096, 0.2975

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486



54.1292, 0.2750, 0.2961



54.1292, 0.3318, 0.3104



54.1292, 0.3515, 0.3615



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486



54.1292, 0.2719, 0.3149



54.1292, 0.3318, 0.3104



54.1292, 0.3554, 0.3406

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.1315, 0.2932, 0.3486



96.8488, 0.3066, 0.3346



54.8639, 0.3221, 0.3809



20.6593, 0.3059, 0.3352



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

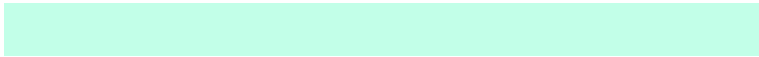


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.1315, 0.2932, 0.3486



88.7922, 0.2889, 0.3537



52.6380, 0.2831, 0.3229



12.6529, 0.3033, 0.3378



28.1731, 0.2599, 0.4557



1.4678, 0.2522, 0.4280



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.0850, 0.3373, 0.3102



64.7512, 0.3445, 0.3056



43.2047, 0.3503, 0.3350



11.2821, 0.3232, 0.3203



8.4294, 0.5459, 0.2781

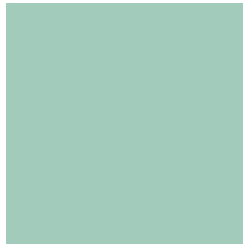


0.4495, 0.4926, 0.2487



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

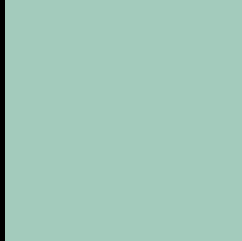
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

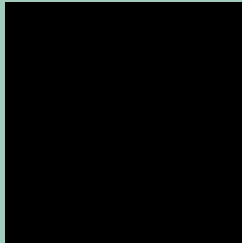
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

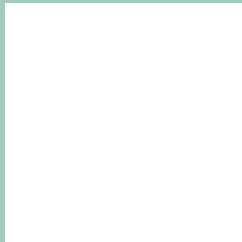
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486.

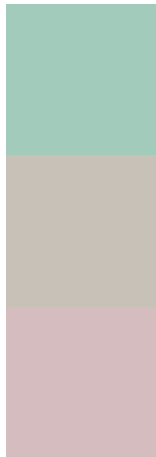


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486

### Protanopia

53.8382, 0.3261, 0.3413

### Deuteranopia

53.8742, 0.3313, 0.3255



## Tritanopia

54.0780, 0.2790, 0.3089

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486

## Protanomaly

54.0001, 0.3136, 0.3441

## Deuteranomaly

53.4597, 0.3166, 0.3327

## Tritanomaly

53.8233, 0.2840, 0.3225

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486

## Achromatopsia

50.8881, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

51.9610, 0.3053, 0.3354

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 203, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 203, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 203, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 203, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 203, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 203, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 203, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 203, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 203, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 203,  
188) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 54.1292, 0.2932, 0.3486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 203, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
203, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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