

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(54.3066, 0.2277, 0.2976)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(54.3066, 0.2277, 0.2976)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	50D3EB
RGB	80, 211, 235
RGB Percent	31%, 83%, 92%
CMY	0.6859, 0.1726, 0.0783
CMYK	0.66, 0.10, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	189°, 80%, 62%
HSV	189°, 66%, 92%
XYZ	41.6057, 54.2922, 86.9041
YIQ	174.5670, -85.7800, -20.3080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

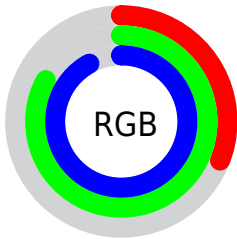
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	80, 151, 235
Decimal	5297131
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	78.63, -28.25, -22.36
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	79, 36.032, 218.360
Yxy	54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283487211 (0xFF50D3EB)
YUV	174.5670, 29.7935, -82.9353
Hunter-Lab	73.6832, -28.1544, -18.3500

# Details

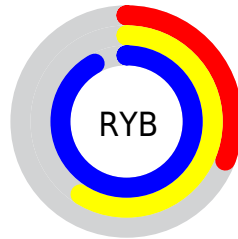
The Yxy color **54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **28.1719, 0.5101, 0.3532**, and the grayscale version is **42.5239, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.7597, 0.2541, 0.3288**, and **27.0316, 0.2133, 0.2880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.6517, 0.2204, 0.2914**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.3355, 0.2367, 0.3025**.

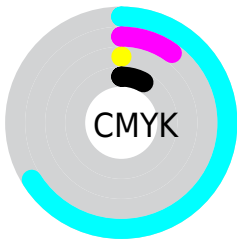
# Distribution



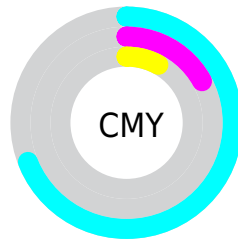
- Red (31%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (8%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.2922, 0.2276,  
0.2970


 54.2922, 0.2276,  
0.2970


403.2233, 0.2675,  
0.3137


 38.8353, 0.2184,  
0.2927


 96.5031, 0.2415,  
0.3032


 26.6316, 0.2072,  
0.2872


 124.0260, 0.2469,  
0.3055

 17.2968, 0.1929,  
0.2798


 156.3396, 0.2515,  
0.3074

 10.4463, 0.1746,  
0.2695

 193.8284, 0.2556,  
0.3090

 5.6959, 0.1501,  
0.2544

236.8768, 0.2591,  
0.3105

 2.6610, 0.1169,  
0.2307

285.8691, 0.2623,

 0.9574, 0.0447,

0.3117

0.1960

341.1898, 0.2650,  
0.3128

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.2922, 0.2276,  
0.2970

■ 54.2922, 0.2276,  
0.2970

■ 51.6517, 0.2204,  
0.2914

■ 57.3355, 0.2367,  
0.3025

■ 49.3686, 0.2151,  
0.2858

■ 60.8094, 0.2477,  
0.3079

■ 47.3962, 0.2117,  
0.2803


■ 64.7459, 0.2601,  
0.3131

■ 46.6495, 0.2106,  
0.2781

■ 69.1720, 0.2738,  
0.3179

■ 74.1126, 0.2883,  
0.3225

 79.5907, 0.3035,  
0.3267

 85.6280, 0.3191,  
0.3305

 89.6737, 0.3258,  
0.3341

 91.8437, 0.3254,  
0.3376

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.2922, 0.2474, 0.3425



54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970



54.2922, 0.2285, 0.2655

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970



54.2922, 0.3363, 0.2792



54.2922, 0.3756, 0.4108

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970



28.1719, 0.5101, 0.3532

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.2922, 0.4036, 0.3857



54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970



54.2922, 0.3808, 0.3116

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970



54.2922, 0.2880, 0.2582



54.2922, 0.4060, 0.3494



54.2922, 0.3319, 0.4136

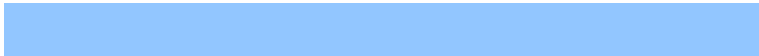


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970



54.2922, 0.2404, 0.2548



54.2922, 0.4060, 0.3494



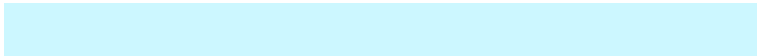
54.2922, 0.3873, 0.4044

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.2942, 0.2276, 0.2970



86.6333, 0.2822, 0.3206



62.1277, 0.2942, 0.5149



18.1861, 0.2781, 0.3194



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

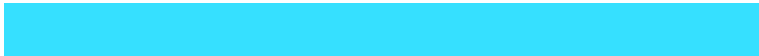


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.2942, 0.2276, 0.2970



61.1697, 0.2184, 0.2895



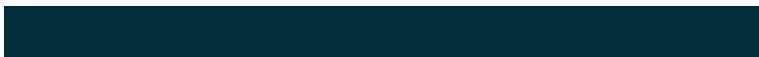
24.8462, 0.2010, 0.1858



16.7007, 0.2981, 0.3253



26.1096, 0.2108, 0.2790



2.1575, 0.2130, 0.2866



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.1194, 0.3456, 0.1987



29.2250, 0.3537, 0.1847



51.2129, 0.4418, 0.4334



15.2713, 0.3162, 0.3093



12.1286, 0.3644, 0.1781

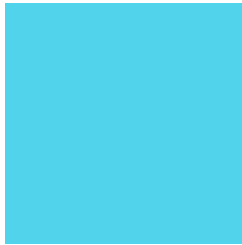


0.9632, 0.3574, 0.1742



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

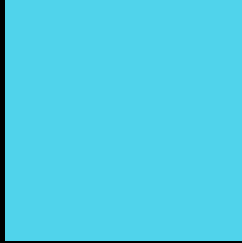
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

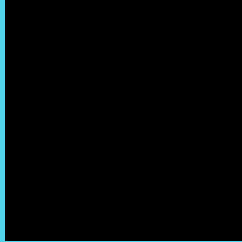
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

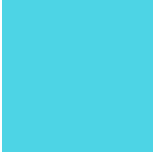
54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970

### Protanopia

53.6646, 0.2882, 0.2931

### Deuteranopia

53.3778, 0.2762, 0.2697



## **Tritanopia**

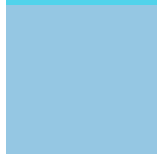
54.3219, 0.2295, 0.3060

# Trichromacy



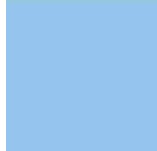
## Original Color

54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970



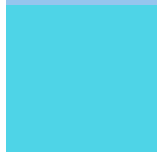
## Protanomaly

52.7825, 0.2595, 0.2935



## Deuteranomaly

52.4951, 0.2532, 0.2781



## Tritanomaly

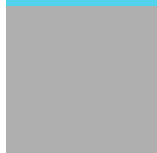
54.4762, 0.2290, 0.3034

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970



## Achromatopsia

42.8690, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

45.5731, 0.2699, 0.3164

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 211, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 211, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 211, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 211, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 211, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 211, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 211, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 211, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 211, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 211,  
235) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 54.2922, 0.2276, 0.2970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 211, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 211,  
235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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