

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(54.4396, 0.2870, 0.3427)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(54.4396, 0.2870, 0.3427)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FCCC1
RGB	159, 204, 193
RGB Percent	62%, 80%, 76%
CMY	0.3765, 0.2000, 0.2431
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.05, 0.20
HSL	165°, 31%, 71%
HSV	165°, 22%, 80%
XYZ	45.5161, 54.4069, 58.5591
YIQ	189.2910, -23.2890, -12.9610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

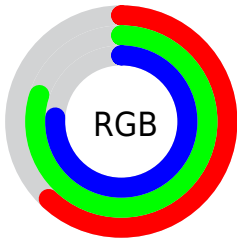
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">159, 185, 204</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10472641</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">78.70, -17.00, 0.63</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 17.012, 177.885</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288662721 (0xFF9FCCC1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">189.2910, 1.8285, -26.5652</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">73.7610, -18.9340, 4.5622</a>

# Details

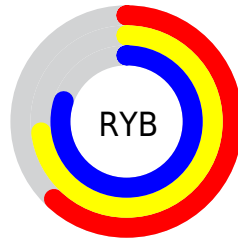
The Yxy color **54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **40.5342, 0.3465, 0.3152**, and the grayscale version is **51.0641, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351**, and **26.8319, 0.2805, 0.3467** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.2741, 0.2768, 0.3508**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.8958, 0.2984, 0.3364**.

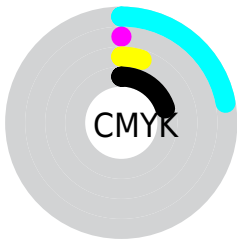
# Distribution



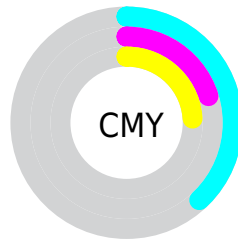
- Red (62%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.4069, 0.2872,  
0.3433


 54.4069, 0.2872,  
0.3433


403.6597, 0.2996,  
0.3363

 38.9271, 0.2842,  
0.3450


 96.6714, 0.2916,  
0.3408

 26.7030, 0.2804,  
0.3471


 124.2249, 0.2933,  
0.3399

 17.3503, 0.2754,  
0.3499


156.5717, 0.2948,  
0.3390

 10.4846, 0.2686,  
0.3538

194.0963, 0.2960,  
0.3384

 5.7214, 0.2589,  
0.3593

237.1830, 0.2971,  
0.3378

 2.6764, 0.2436,  
0.3681

286.2162, 0.2980,

 0.9652, 0.2025,

0.3372

0.3907

341.5803, 0.2989,  
0.3367

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

54.4069, 0.2872,  
0.3433

54.4069, 0.2872,  
0.3433

52.2741, 0.2768,  
0.3508

56.8958, 0.2984,  
0.3364

50.4739, 0.2675,  
0.3587

59.7500, 0.3102,  
0.3302

48.9900, 0.2597,  
0.3672

62.9865, 0.3223,  
0.3246

47.8023, 0.2536,  
0.3760

66.6192, 0.3345,  
0.3196

46.8883, 0.2493,  
0.3850

69.5064, 0.3420,  
0.3149

■ 46.2221, 0.2470,  
0.3941

■ 69.7711, 0.3382,  
0.3099

■ 45.7729, 0.2466,  
0.4032

■ 70.0438, 0.3345,  
0.3050

■ 45.5269, 0.2473,  
0.4103

■ 70.3245, 0.3308,  
0.3001

■ 70.6132, 0.3272,  
0.2953

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.4069, 0.3079, 0.3609



54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433



54.4069, 0.2735, 0.3220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433



54.4069, 0.2940, 0.2919



54.4069, 0.3574, 0.3521

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433



40.5342, 0.3465, 0.3152

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.4069, 0.3535, 0.3337



54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433



54.4069, 0.3163, 0.2999

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433



54.4069, 0.2773, 0.2931



54.4069, 0.3383, 0.3149



54.4069, 0.3488, 0.3653



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433



54.4069, 0.2699, 0.3092



54.4069, 0.3383, 0.3149



54.4069, 0.3575, 0.3463

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.4091, 0.2872, 0.3433



96.4927, 0.3043, 0.3333



54.2647, 0.3185, 0.3885



20.5918, 0.3035, 0.3337



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

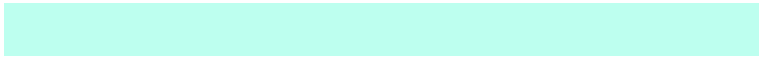


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.4091, 0.2872, 0.3433



88.5209, 0.2826, 0.3464



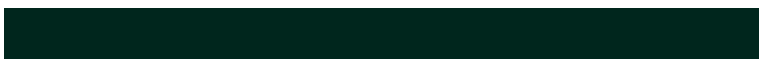
49.7607, 0.2792, 0.3142



12.6784, 0.3015, 0.3347



28.6689, 0.2470, 0.4090



1.4905, 0.2421, 0.3915



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.5342, 0.3465, 0.3152



61.9291, 0.3550, 0.3124



44.1831, 0.3542, 0.3433



11.2579, 0.3252, 0.3234



8.2366, 0.5929, 0.3040



0.4373, 0.5358, 0.2726



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

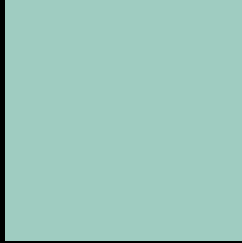
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

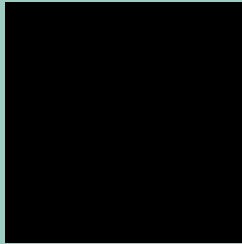
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

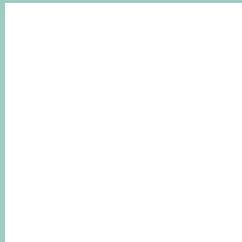
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433

### Protanopia

53.8699, 0.3221, 0.3364

### Deuteranopia

53.9490, 0.3264, 0.3196



## Tritanopia

54.2108, 0.2751, 0.3076

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433

**Protanomaly**

53.7970, 0.3083, 0.3391

**Deuteranomaly**

53.8612, 0.3112, 0.3278

**Tritanomaly**

54.0087, 0.2795, 0.3200

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433

**Achromatopsia**

50.8881, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

51.7663, 0.3030, 0.3341

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 204, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 204, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 204, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 204, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 204, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 204, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 204, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 204, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 204, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 204,  
193) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 54.4069, 0.2872, 0.3433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 204, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
204, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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