

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(54.7218, 0.2696, 0.3161)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(54.7218, 0.2696, 0.3161)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98CCD6
RGB	152, 204, 214
RGB Percent	60%, 80%, 84%
CMY	0.4042, 0.1999, 0.1608
CMYK	0.29, 0.05, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	190°, 43%, 72%
HSV	190°, 29%, 84%
XYZ	46.6672, 54.7162, 71.7144
YIQ	189.5920, -34.2020, -7.9140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

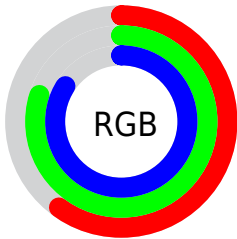
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	152, 180, 214
Decimal	10013910
CIELab	78.88, -14.50, -10.43
CIElCh	79, 17.864, 215.723
Yxy	54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288203990 (0xFF98CCD6)
YUV	189.5920, 12.0331, -32.9682
Hunter-Lab	73.9704, -16.8344, -5.7025

# Details

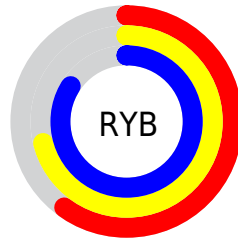
The Yxy color **54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **42.3623, 0.3731, 0.3415**, and the grayscale version is **51.1823, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.1499, 0.2849, 0.3289**, and **26.9685, 0.2591, 0.3132** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.2213, 0.2563, 0.3110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.6239, 0.2839, 0.3209**.

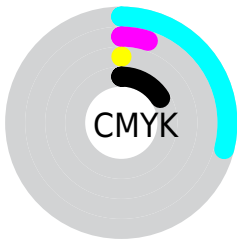
# Distribution



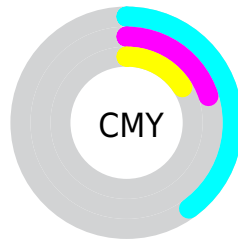
- Red (60%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (16%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.7162, 0.2696,  
0.3161


 54.7162, 0.2696,  
0.3161


404.8352, 0.2903,  
0.3227

 39.1745, 0.2647,  
0.3144


 97.1250, 0.2769,  
0.3185

 26.8955, 0.2585,  
0.3122


 124.7610, 0.2797,  
0.3194

 17.4948, 0.2506,  
0.3093


157.1972, 0.2821,  
0.3202

 10.5879, 0.2400,  
0.3052

194.8180, 0.2842,  
0.3208

 5.7905, 0.2250,  
0.2991

238.0078, 0.2860,  
0.3214

 2.7181, 0.2026,  
0.2890

287.1510, 0.2876,

 0.9864, 0.1598,

0.3219

0.2717

342.6320, 0.2890,  
0.3223

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

54.7162, 0.2696,  
0.3161

54.7162, 0.2696,  
0.3161

51.2213, 0.2563,  
0.3110

58.6239, 0.2839,  
0.3209

48.1125, 0.2443,  
0.3056

62.9568, 0.2989,  
0.3253

45.3698, 0.2338,  
0.3000

67.7344, 0.3143,  
0.3294

42.9685, 0.2252,  
0.2943

72.9733, 0.3297,  
0.3330

40.8807, 0.2184,  
0.2885

77.9385, 0.3422,  
0.3364

■ 39.0734, 0.2136,  
0.2827

■ 79.7748, 0.3416,  
0.3398

■ 37.4938, 0.2104,  
0.2771

■ 81.6484, 0.3411,  
0.3432

■ 37.3424, 0.2102,  
0.2765

■ 83.5597, 0.3406,  
0.3466

■ 85.5089, 0.3400,  
0.3500

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.7162, 0.2813, 0.3382



54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161



54.7162, 0.2689, 0.2987

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161



54.7162, 0.3228, 0.3020



54.7162, 0.3463, 0.3691

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161



42.3623, 0.3731, 0.3415

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.7162, 0.3584, 0.3575



54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161



54.7162, 0.3446, 0.3191

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161



54.7162, 0.2989, 0.2916



54.7162, 0.3578, 0.3391



54.7162, 0.3253, 0.3699



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161



54.7162, 0.2747, 0.2919



54.7162, 0.3578, 0.3391



54.7162, 0.3515, 0.3663

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.7184, 0.2696, 0.3161



93.5744, 0.2988, 0.3253



57.3388, 0.3029, 0.3999



19.8175, 0.2965, 0.3247



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.7184, 0.2696, 0.3161



78.0109, 0.2610, 0.3129



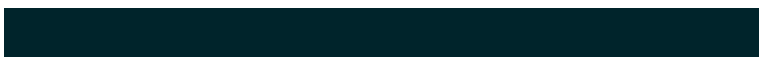
41.6580, 0.2652, 0.2753



13.7523, 0.2983, 0.3252



22.7009, 0.2104, 0.2774



1.4622, 0.2131, 0.2872



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.0866, 0.3250, 0.2679



54.7723, 0.3283, 0.2545



54.3765, 0.3630, 0.3774



12.5968, 0.3162, 0.3097



10.6365, 0.3659, 0.1789

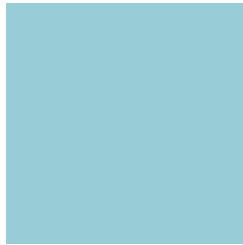


0.6509, 0.3569, 0.1740



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

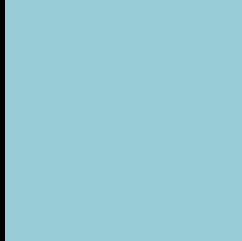
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

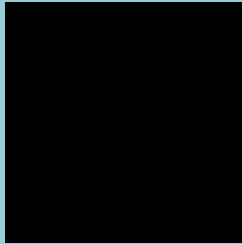
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

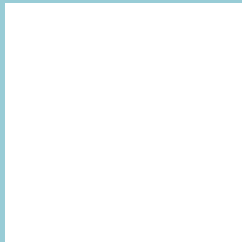
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161.

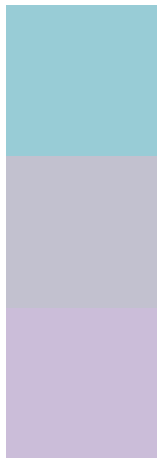


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161

### Protanopia

54.1143, 0.3032, 0.3121

### Deuteranopia

54.1015, 0.3031, 0.2962



## Tritanopia

54.5986, 0.2672, 0.3086

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161

**Protanomaly**

54.1694, 0.2899, 0.3129

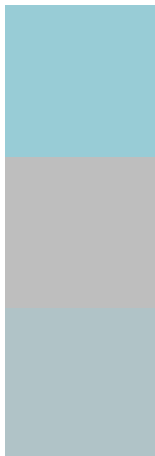
**Deuteranomaly**

53.7318, 0.2894, 0.3022

**Tritanomaly**

54.4939, 0.2684, 0.3110

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161

**Achromatopsia**

51.4918, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

52.3838, 0.2951, 0.3239

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 204, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 204, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 204, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 204, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 204, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 204, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 204, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 204, 214); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 204, 214); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 204, 214) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 54.7162, 0.2696, 0.3161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 204, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
204, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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