

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(54.9477, 0.2433, 0.2640)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(54.9477, 0.2433, 0.2640)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91C9FF
RGB	145, 201, 255
RGB Percent	57%, 79%, 100%
CMY	0.4316, 0.2117, 0.0001
CMYK	0.43, 0.21, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	209°, 100%, 78%
HSV	209°, 43%, 100%
XYZ	50.6003, 55.0130, 102.5327
YIQ	190.4120, -50.7100, 4.9220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

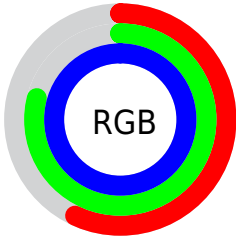
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">145, 182, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9554431</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.05, -4.46, -32.16</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">79, 32.464, 262.109</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287744511</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF91C9FF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">190.4120, 31.8419, -39.8263</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.1707, -8.0237, -30.0423</a>

# Details

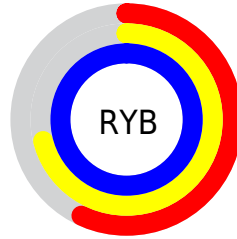
The Yxy color **55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **64.0890, 0.4009, 0.3851**, and the grayscale version is **51.5702, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.4365, 0.2822, 0.3289**, and **27.0194, 0.2261, 0.2479** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.3604, 0.2275, 0.2459**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.6637, 0.2594, 0.2816**.

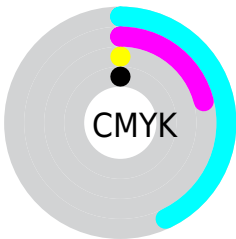
# Distribution



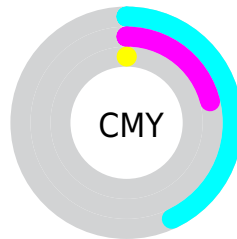
- Red (57%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 55.0130, 0.2431,  
0.2643

 55.0130, 0.2431,  
0.2643


405.9612, 0.2759,  
0.2952

 39.4121, 0.2355,  
0.2571


 97.5600, 0.2546,  
0.2752

 27.0805, 0.2262,  
0.2481


 125.2749, 0.2590,  
0.2794

 17.6337, 0.2144,  
0.2367


157.7967, 0.2628,  
0.2830

 10.6873, 0.1991,  
0.2217

195.5096, 0.2661,  
0.2861

 5.8570, 0.1786,  
0.2014

238.7981, 0.2690,  
0.2888

 2.7583, 0.1502,  
0.1729

288.0466, 0.2716,

 1.0069, 0.1099,

0.2912

0.1313

343.6395, 0.2739,  
0.2933

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

55.0130, 0.2431,  
0.2643

55.0130, 0.2431,  
0.2643

47.3604, 0.2275,  
0.2459

63.6637, 0.2594,  
0.2816

40.6532, 0.2130,  
0.2268

73.3491, 0.2758,  
0.2976

34.8423, 0.2003,  
0.2074

84.1111, 0.2921,  
0.3121

29.8699, 0.1897,  
0.1882

95.9872, 0.3079,  
0.3252

25.6675, 0.1815,  
0.1698

99.9980, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 23.1737, 0.1772,  
0.1578

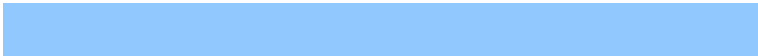
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.0130, 0.2337, 0.2856



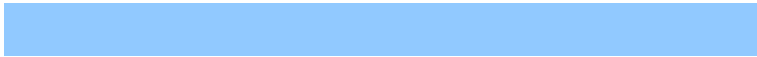
55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643



55.0130, 0.2701, 0.2602

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643



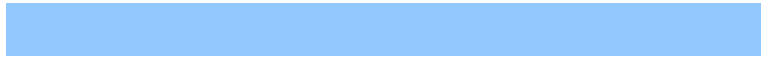
55.0130, 0.3869, 0.3291



55.0130, 0.3106, 0.3967

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643



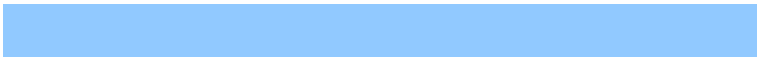
64.0890, 0.4009, 0.3851

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.0130, 0.3527, 0.4064



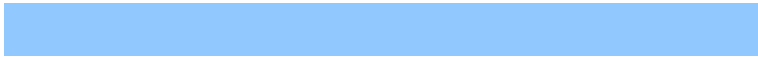
55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643



55.0130, 0.3986, 0.3636

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643



55.0130, 0.3535, 0.2965



55.0130, 0.3854, 0.3926

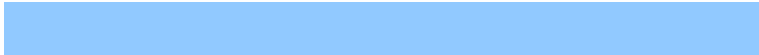


55.0130, 0.2708, 0.3641



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643



55.0130, 0.2958, 0.2664



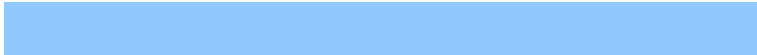
55.0130, 0.3854, 0.3926



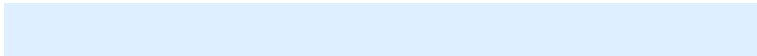
55.0130, 0.3250, 0.4028

# Sweetspot

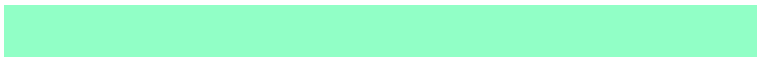
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.0151, 0.2431, 0.2643



84.3111, 0.2923, 0.3123



81.5970, 0.2805, 0.3972



17.5164, 0.2888, 0.3092



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

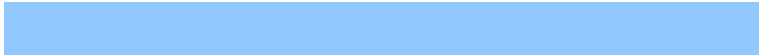


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

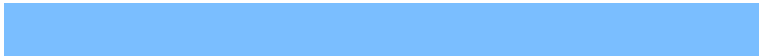


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.0151, 0.2431, 0.2643



48.2091, 0.2292, 0.2481



34.0270, 0.2316, 0.1965



18.9086, 0.2979, 0.3170



12.4118, 0.1780, 0.1606



1.4272, 0.1836, 0.1809



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.7028, 0.3675, 0.2714



38.9947, 0.3843, 0.2604



93.6328, 0.3779, 0.4341



18.1416, 0.3214, 0.3169



11.9809, 0.4923, 0.2486

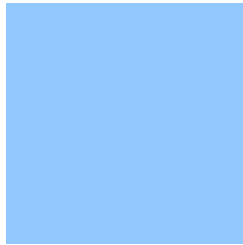


1.1886, 0.4674, 0.2349



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

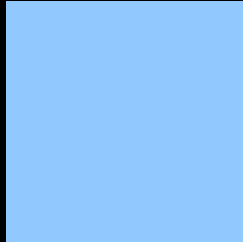
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

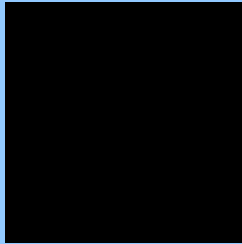
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

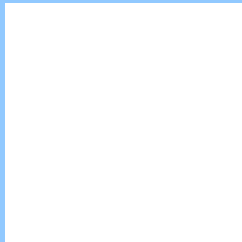
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643

### Protanopia

54.8032, 0.2664, 0.2643

### Deuteranopia

54.7430, 0.2628, 0.2571



## Tritanopia

55.1876, 0.2558, 0.3083

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643

**Protanomaly**

54.7697, 0.2574, 0.2645

**Deuteranomaly**

54.5750, 0.2551, 0.2591

**Tritanomaly**

55.1498, 0.2507, 0.2912

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643

**Achromatopsia**

51.4918, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

52.4373, 0.2834, 0.3040

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 201, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 201, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 201, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 201, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 201, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 201, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 201, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 201, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 201, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 201,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 55.0130, 0.2431, 0.2643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 201, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
201, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor