

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(55.7662, 0.2603, 0.3300)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(55.7662, 0.2603, 0.3300)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82D3D2
RGB	130, 211, 210
RGB Percent	51%, 83%, 82%
CMY	0.4900, 0.1726, 0.1766
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	179°, 48%, 67%
HSV	179°, 38%, 83%
XYZ	44.1355, 55.9875, 69.4333
YIQ	186.6670, -47.9550, -17.4830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

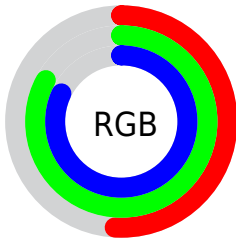
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">130, 171, 211</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8573906</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.61, -24.91, -7.31</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 25.961, 196.349</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286763986</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF82D3D2</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">186.6670, 11.5032, -49.6970</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.8248, -25.6549, -2.6405</a>

# Details

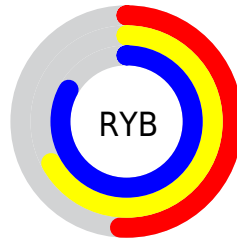
The Yxy color **55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **31.4687, 0.4060, 0.3280**, and the grayscale version is **49.4574, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.1791, 0.2731, 0.3289**, and **27.6331, 0.2465, 0.3288** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.4746, 0.2500, 0.3306**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.8470, 0.2723, 0.3299**.

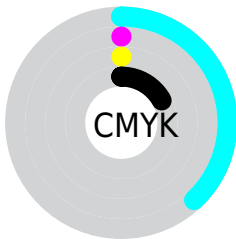
# Distribution



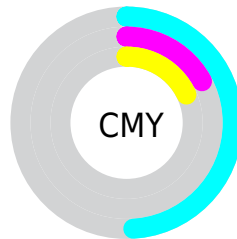
- Red (51%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 55.9875, 0.2603,  
0.3302

 55.9875, 0.2603,  
0.3302


409.6444, 0.2853,  
0.3301


 40.1929, 0.2544,  
0.3301


 98.9863, 0.2691,  
0.3303

 27.6890, 0.2470,  
0.3299


 126.9593, 0.2725,  
0.3302

 18.0913, 0.2375,  
0.3295


 159.7605, 0.2754,  
0.3302

 11.0156, 0.2249,  
0.3288

197.7744, 0.2779,  
0.3302

 6.0773, 0.2072,  
0.3274

241.3854, 0.2801,  
0.3302

 2.8922, 0.1811,  
0.3242

290.9777, 0.2821,

 1.0757, 0.1208,

0.3301

346.9360, 0.2838,  
0.3301

0.3228

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

55.9875, 0.2603,  
0.3302

55.9875, 0.2603,  
0.3302

54.4746, 0.2500,  
0.3306

57.8470, 0.2723,  
0.3299

53.2806, 0.2414,  
0.3310

60.0657, 0.2856,  
0.3295

52.3844, 0.2348,  
0.3314


62.6637, 0.3000,  
0.3292


51.7593, 0.2301,  
0.3318


65.6576, 0.3152,  
0.3290

51.3743, 0.2272,  
0.3322

69.0630, 0.3310,  
0.3287


 51.1823, 0.2259,  
0.3326

 72.5803, 0.3456,  
0.3285

 51.1579, 0.2257,  
0.3326

 72.5938, 0.3454,  
0.3282

 72.6074, 0.3452,  
0.3280

 72.6209, 0.3450,  
0.3277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.9875, 0.2851, 0.3625



55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302



55.9875, 0.2493, 0.2997

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302



55.9875, 0.3043, 0.2801



55.9875, 0.3742, 0.3766

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302



31.4687, 0.4060, 0.3280

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.9875, 0.3806, 0.3524



55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302



55.9875, 0.3390, 0.2984

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302



55.9875, 0.2735, 0.2730



55.9875, 0.3676, 0.3243



55.9875, 0.3509, 0.3896



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302



55.9875, 0.2507, 0.2848



55.9875, 0.3676, 0.3243



55.9875, 0.3785, 0.3695

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.9897, 0.2603, 0.3302



94.6263, 0.2945, 0.3293



53.0586, 0.3082, 0.4449



20.1403, 0.2926, 0.3294



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.9897, 0.2603, 0.3302



84.0221, 0.2518, 0.3305



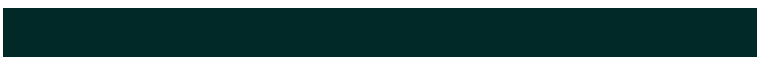
38.9104, 0.2516, 0.2743



13.4044, 0.2985, 0.3293



30.8753, 0.2257, 0.3326



1.7272, 0.2255, 0.3318



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.4687, 0.4060, 0.3280



41.2206, 0.4371, 0.3278



43.9035, 0.3881, 0.3776



11.8106, 0.3289, 0.3288



8.3625, 0.6386, 0.3291

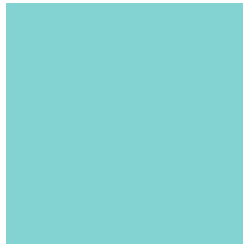


0.4685, 0.6336, 0.3264



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

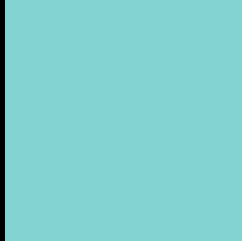
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

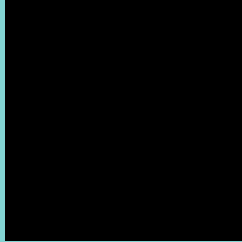
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

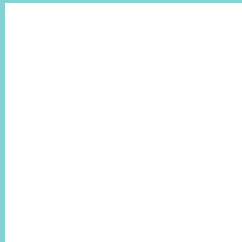
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302.

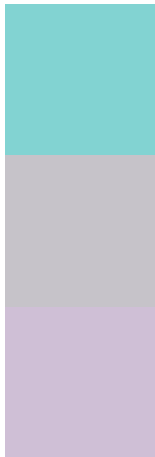


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302

### Protanopia

55.2530, 0.3107, 0.3218

### Deuteranopia

55.3820, 0.3084, 0.3023



## Tritanopia

56.1055, 0.2540, 0.3083

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302

**Protanomaly**

55.0172, 0.2897, 0.3252

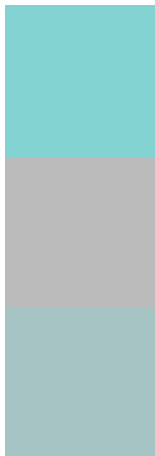
**Deuteranomaly**

54.7760, 0.2879, 0.3105

**Tritanomaly**

56.2470, 0.2563, 0.3159

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302

**Achromatopsia**

49.6933, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

51.5270, 0.2904, 0.3302

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 211, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 211, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 211, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 211, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 211, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 211, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 211, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 211, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 211, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 211,  
210) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 55.9875, 0.2603, 0.3302 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 211, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
211, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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