

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(55.8380, 0.4103, 0.4361)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(55.8380, 0.4103, 0.4361)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0C362
RGB	224, 195, 98
RGB Percent	88%, 76%, 38%
CMY	0.1215, 0.2353, 0.6157
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.56, 0.12
HSL	46°, 67%, 63%
HSV	46°, 56%, 88%
XYZ	52.4628, 55.7593, 19.5490
YIQ	192.6130, 48.4210, -24.0190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

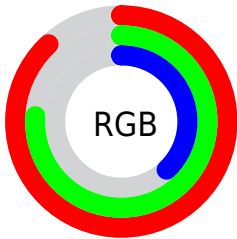
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">136, 224, 98</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14730082</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.48, -1.39, 51.79</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 51.805, 91.536</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292920162</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFE0C362</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">192.6130, -46.6442, 27.5264</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.6722, -5.2666, 36.7485</a>

# Details

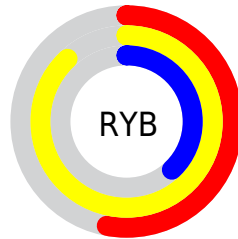
The Yxy color **55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **23.1571, 0.2123, 0.1885**, and the grayscale version is **53.3484, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.4887, 0.3754, 0.4269**, and **27.6502, 0.4308, 0.4601** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.1251, 0.4276, 0.4506**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.5970, 0.3925, 0.4193**.

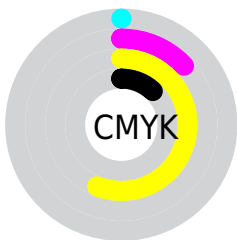
# Distribution



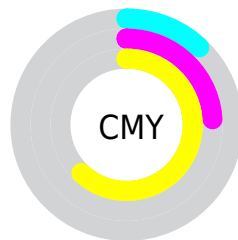
- Red (88%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (62%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 55.7593, 0.4106,  
0.4364

 55.7593, 0.4106,  
0.4364


408.7838, 0.3656,  
0.3866


 40.0100, 0.4201,  
0.4471


 98.6526, 0.3954,  
0.4195

 27.5463, 0.4312,  
0.4596


 126.5653, 0.3894,  
0.4128

 17.9839, 0.4440,  
0.4741


 159.3013, 0.3841,  
0.4070

 10.9385, 0.4581,  
0.4904

 197.2449, 0.3795,  
0.4019

 6.0255, 0.4820,  
0.5180

240.7806, 0.3754,  
0.3974

 2.8606, 0.4805,  
0.5195

290.2927, 0.3717,

 1.0594, 0.4778,

0.3934

0.5222

346.1656, 0.3685,  
0.3898

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

55.7593, 0.4106,  
0.4364

55.7593, 0.4106,  
0.4364

53.1251, 0.4276,  
0.4506

58.5970, 0.3925,  
0.4193

50.6756, 0.4427,  
0.4609

61.6400, 0.3740,  
0.4003

48.4006, 0.4551,  
0.4665

64.8998, 0.3558,  
0.3803

46.2845, 0.4645,  
0.4674

68.3847, 0.3385,  
0.3603

45.5239, 0.4676,  
0.4670

72.1024, 0.3222,  
0.3408

■ 76.0600, 0.3073,  
0.3221

■ 80.2643, 0.2936,  
0.3046

■ 83.2085, 0.2936,  
0.3098

■ 86.2255, 0.2937,  
0.3151

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.7593, 0.4450, 0.3931



55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364



55.7593, 0.3520, 0.4542

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364



55.7593, 0.1991, 0.2945



55.7593, 0.3290, 0.2526

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364



23.1571, 0.2123, 0.1885

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.7593, 0.2632, 0.2287



55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364



55.7593, 0.1947, 0.2466

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364



55.7593, 0.2307, 0.3634



55.7593, 0.2165, 0.2255



55.7593, 0.3968, 0.2926



# Rectangle

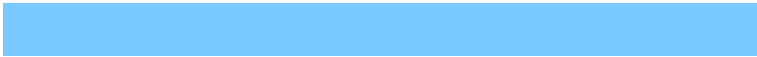
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364



55.7593, 0.3077, 0.4420



55.7593, 0.2165, 0.2255



55.7593, 0.3057, 0.2426

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.7619, 0.4106, 0.4364



91.3131, 0.3399, 0.3620



26.1250, 0.4413, 0.2959



19.3381, 0.3434, 0.3661



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.7619, 0.4106, 0.4364



70.5058, 0.4312, 0.4533



65.1998, 0.3667, 0.4763



15.4665, 0.3273, 0.3469



26.6767, 0.4667, 0.4677



1.9810, 0.4579, 0.4746



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.1571, 0.2123, 0.1885



22.7969, 0.1910, 0.1533



18.9884, 0.2292, 0.1595



13.7527, 0.2981, 0.3104



4.6845, 0.1571, 0.0855

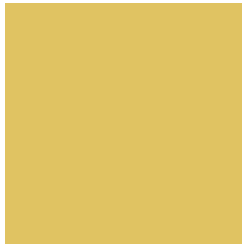


0.4600, 0.1651, 0.1143



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

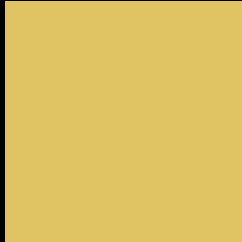
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364.

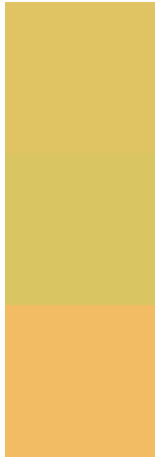


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364

### Protanopia

55.7388, 0.4034, 0.4398

### Deuteranopia

55.7638, 0.4295, 0.4209



## Tritanopia

55.6818, 0.3432, 0.3136

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364

## Protanomaly

55.5964, 0.4058, 0.4380

## Deuteranomaly

55.8246, 0.4221, 0.4273

## Tritanomaly

55.3981, 0.3701, 0.3588

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364

## Achromatopsia

53.3276, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

53.8896, 0.3489, 0.3733

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 195, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 195, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 195, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 195, 98) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 195, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 195, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 195, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 195, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 195, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 195,  
98) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 55.7593, 0.4106, 0.4364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 195, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
195, 98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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