

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(56.0010, 0.3115, 0.3308)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(56.0010, 0.3115, 0.3308)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C3C6C5
RGB	195, 198, 197
RGB Percent	76%, 78%, 77%
CMY	0.2352, 0.2235, 0.2274
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.22
HSL	160°, 3%, 77%
HSV	160°, 2%, 78%
XYZ	52.7810, 56.0215, 60.8568
YIQ	196.9890, -1.4670, -0.9470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

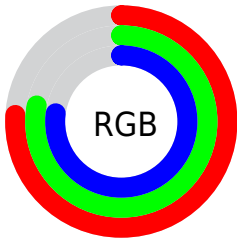
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">195, 197, 198</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12830405</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.63, -1.21, 0.13</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">80, 1.212, 173.974</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291020485 (0xFFC3C6C5)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">196.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.8475, -5.1084, 4.1859</a>

# Details

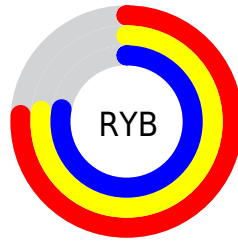
The Yxy color **56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **55.0294, 0.3144, 0.3278**, and the grayscale version is **55.8312, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.3712, 0.3114, 0.3300**, and **27.5924, 0.3105, 0.3306** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.2625, 0.3005, 0.3387**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.1483, 0.3219, 0.3226**.

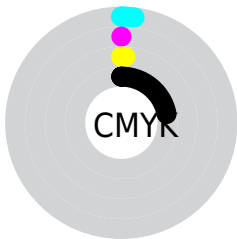
# Distribution



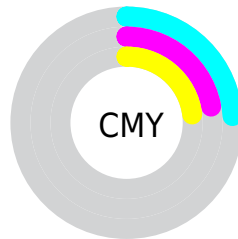
- Red (76%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.0215, 0.3111,  
0.3302

■ 56.0215, 0.3111,  
0.3302

409.7725, 0.3119,  
0.3296

■ 40.2202, 0.3109,  
0.3303

■ 99.0360, 0.3114,  
0.3300

■ 27.7102, 0.3107,  
0.3305

127.0180, 0.3115,  
0.3299

■ 18.1074, 0.3104,  
0.3307

159.8289, 0.3116,  
0.3299

■ 11.0271, 0.3099,  
0.3310

197.8533, 0.3117,  
0.3298

■ 6.0851, 0.3093,  
0.3315

241.4754, 0.3117,  
0.3297

■ 2.8969, 0.3084,  
0.3322

291.0798, 0.3118,

■ 1.0781, 0.3067,

0.3297

0.3334

347.0506, 0.3118,  
0.3297

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

56.0215, 0.3111,  
0.3302

56.0215, 0.3111,  
0.3302

53.2625, 0.3005,  
0.3387

59.1483, 0.3219,  
0.3226

50.8502, 0.2904,  
0.3481

62.6489, 0.3327,  
0.3158

48.7724, 0.2810,  
0.3583

66.5379, 0.3433,  
0.3099

47.0133, 0.2725,  
0.3694

66.9986, 0.3386,  
0.3033

45.5557, 0.2654,  
0.3812

67.3627, 0.3336,  
0.2968

■ 44.3809, 0.2599,  
0.3935

■ 67.7409, 0.3286,  
0.2904

■ 43.4681, 0.2562,  
0.4062

■ 68.1333, 0.3238,  
0.2841

■ 42.7934, 0.2545,  
0.4190

■ 68.5400, 0.3190,  
0.2779

■ 42.3282, 0.2548,  
0.4317

■ 68.8682, 0.3153,  
0.2732

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.0215, 0.3126, 0.3313



56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302



56.0215, 0.3100, 0.3288

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302



56.0215, 0.3112, 0.3263



56.0215, 0.3158, 0.3306

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302



55.0294, 0.3144, 0.3278

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.0215, 0.3155, 0.3292



56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302



56.0215, 0.3128, 0.3268

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302



56.0215, 0.3101, 0.3265



56.0215, 0.3144, 0.3278



56.0215, 0.3154, 0.3315



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302



56.0215, 0.3097, 0.3279



56.0215, 0.3144, 0.3278



56.0215, 0.3158, 0.3302

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.0239, 0.3111, 0.3302

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



56.0729, 0.3134, 0.3326



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.0239, 0.3111, 0.3302



98.9364, 0.3105, 0.3306



55.8654, 0.3104, 0.3285



12.4728, 0.3107, 0.3305



27.3646, 0.2558, 0.4407



1.3088, 0.2485, 0.4145



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.0294, 0.3144, 0.3278



96.5721, 0.3149, 0.3274



55.1851, 0.3151, 0.3296



12.1971, 0.3148, 0.3275



8.0781, 0.5617, 0.2868

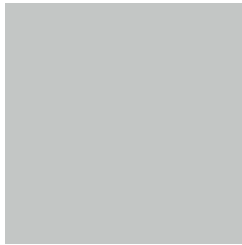


0.3960, 0.5022, 0.2540



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

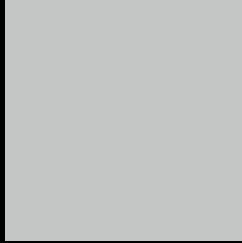
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

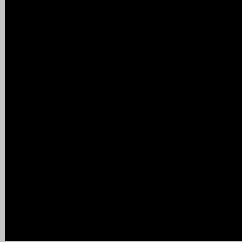
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

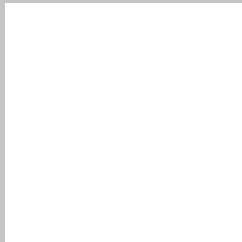


**Yxy 56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302

### Protanopia

55.8829, 0.3167, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

55.9378, 0.3279, 0.3209



## Tritanopia

56.0533, 0.3027, 0.3111

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302

## Protanomaly

56.0601, 0.3150, 0.3302

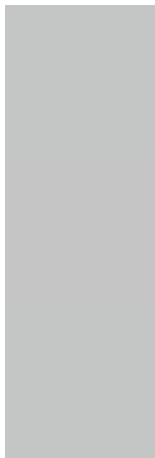
## Deuteranomaly

56.0707, 0.3210, 0.3243

## Tritanomaly

56.1245, 0.3054, 0.3182

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302

## Achromatopsia

55.8340, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

55.6995, 0.3119, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 198, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(195, 198, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 198, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 198, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 198, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 198, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 198, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 198, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 198, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 198,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 56.0215, 0.3111, 0.3302 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 198, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
198, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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