

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75D0FF
RGB	117, 208, 255
RGB Percent	46%, 82%, 100%
CMY	0.5414, 0.1843, 0.0000
CMYK	0.54, 0.18, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	200°, 100%, 73%
HSV	200°, 54%, 100%
XYZ	47.9378, 56.1137, 102.9338
YIQ	186.1490, -69.3230, -4.6750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

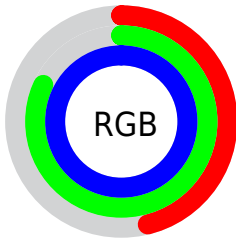
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	117, 172, 255
Decimal	7721215
CIE Lab	79.68, -14.41, -31.33
CIE LCh	80, 34.480, 245.302
Yxy	56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285911295 (0xFF75D0FF)
YUV	186.1490, 33.9435, -60.6437
Hunter-Lab	74.9091, -16.8605, -29.0350

# Details

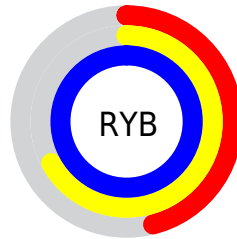
The Yxy color **56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **49.0653, 0.4439, 0.3774**, and the grayscale version is **49.0170, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.0871, 0.2686, 0.3289**, and **27.8922, 0.2128, 0.2568** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.4659, 0.2195, 0.2582**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.4746, 0.2452, 0.2836**.

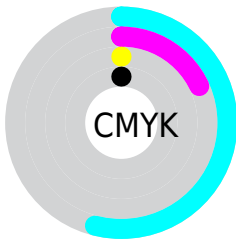
# Distribution



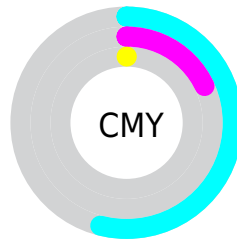
- Red (46%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.1137, 0.2316,  
0.2711


 56.1137, 0.2316,  
0.2711


410.1198, 0.2694,  
0.2993

 40.2941, 0.2230,  
0.2644


 99.1708, 0.2447,  
0.2811

 27.7679, 0.2125,  
0.2560


 127.1771, 0.2498,  
0.2850

 18.1508, 0.1993,  
0.2452


 160.0144, 0.2542,  
0.2882

 11.0583, 0.1823,  
0.2310

198.0671, 0.2580,  
0.2911

 6.1061, 0.1600,  
0.2114

241.7196, 0.2614,  
0.2935

 2.9097, 0.1298,  
0.1835

291.3563, 0.2644,

 1.0848, 0.0874,

0.2957

0.1421

347.3616, 0.2670,  
0.2976

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

56.1137, 0.2316,  
0.2711

56.1137, 0.2316,  
0.2711

50.4659, 0.2195,  
0.2582

62.4746, 0.2452,  
0.2836

45.4865, 0.2092,  
0.2450

69.5867, 0.2598,  
0.2953

41.1255, 0.2010,  
0.2317

77.4861, 0.2751,  
0.3063

37.3220, 0.1948,  
0.2187

86.2058, 0.2907,  
0.3164

35.3047, 0.1920,  
0.2112

95.7768, 0.3063,  
0.3255

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

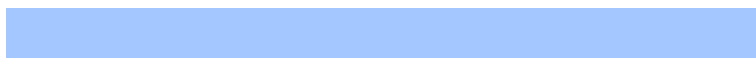
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.1137, 0.2329, 0.3029



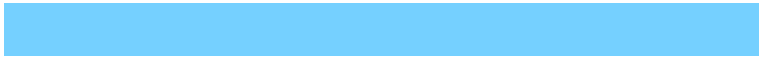
56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711



56.1137, 0.2499, 0.2569

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711



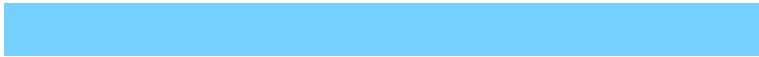
56.1137, 0.3735, 0.3091



56.1137, 0.3357, 0.4097

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711



49.0653, 0.4439, 0.3774

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.1137, 0.3761, 0.4050



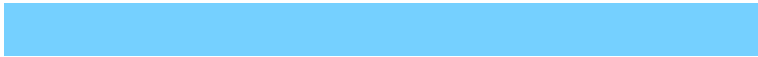
56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711



56.1137, 0.3997, 0.3450

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711



56.1137, 0.3304, 0.2790



56.1137, 0.4002, 0.3799

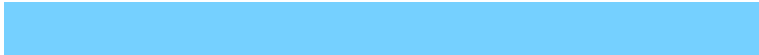


56.1137, 0.2909, 0.3879



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711



56.1137, 0.2717, 0.2573



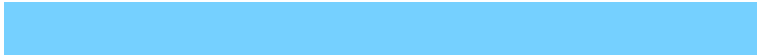
56.1137, 0.4002, 0.3799



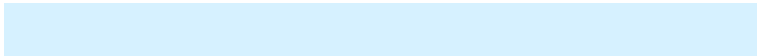
56.1137, 0.3503, 0.4110

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.1140, 0.2316, 0.2711



84.5246, 0.2878, 0.3146



77.9398, 0.2845, 0.4462



17.6998, 0.2846, 0.3125



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

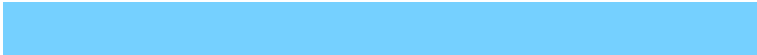


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.1140, 0.2316, 0.2711



50.0145, 0.2186, 0.2571



29.7366, 0.2132, 0.1824



19.3791, 0.2980, 0.3207



18.7356, 0.1926, 0.2134



2.0271, 0.1967, 0.2281



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5211, 0.3652, 0.2385



32.5509, 0.3805, 0.2248



80.2495, 0.4028, 0.4410



18.1891, 0.3190, 0.3134



12.6193, 0.4304, 0.2145

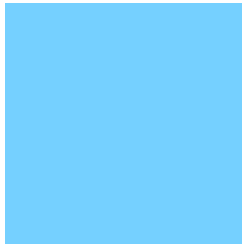


1.2492, 0.4147, 0.2058



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

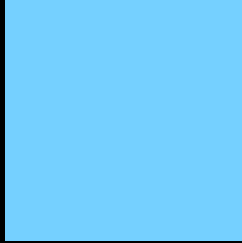
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

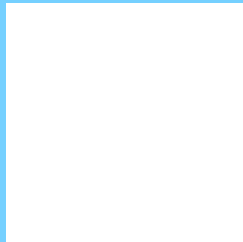
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711.

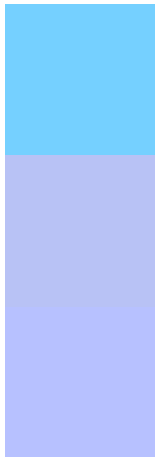


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711

### Protanopia

55.3665, 0.2709, 0.2700

### Deuteranopia

55.4272, 0.2642, 0.2585



## Tritanopia

55.9883, 0.2400, 0.3054

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711

**Protanomaly**

55.1600, 0.2541, 0.2695

**Deuteranomaly**

54.9791, 0.2502, 0.2618

**Tritanomaly**

56.2000, 0.2369, 0.2931

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711

**Achromatopsia**

49.1021, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

50.8638, 0.2762, 0.3071

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 208, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 208, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 208, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 208, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 208, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 208, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 208, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 208, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 208, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 208,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 56.1137, 0.2316, 0.2711 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 208, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
208, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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