

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(56.2116, 0.2647, 0.3115)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(56.2116, 0.2647, 0.3115)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95CFDD
RGB	149, 207, 221
RGB Percent	58%, 81%, 87%
CMY	0.4158, 0.1882, 0.1332
CMYK	0.33, 0.06, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	192°, 51%, 73%
HSV	192°, 33%, 87%
XYZ	47.7579, 56.2357, 76.7705
YIQ	191.2540, -39.0620, -7.9420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

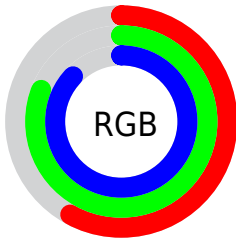
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">149, 181, 221</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9818077</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.75, -15.20, -12.93</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 19.957, 220.370</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288008157</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF95CFDD</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">191.2540, 14.6648, -37.0568</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.9905, -17.5551, -8.2040</a>

# Details

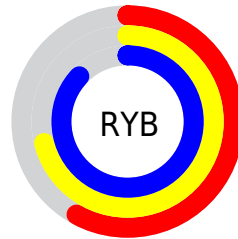
The Yxy color **56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **43.7425, 0.3825, 0.3460**, and the grayscale version is **52.1843, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.7191, 0.2833, 0.3289**, and **27.9685, 0.2521, 0.3066** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.2957, 0.2510, 0.3047**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.6315, 0.2784, 0.3171**.

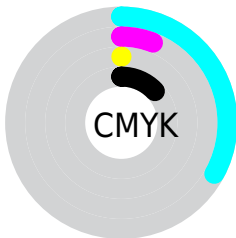
# Distribution



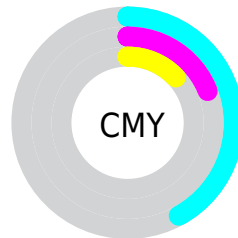
- Red (58%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.2357, 0.2642,  
0.3111

 56.2357, 0.2642,  
0.3111


410.5792, 0.2873,  
0.3202

 40.3919, 0.2588,  
0.3088

 99.3491, 0.2723,  
0.3144

 27.8443, 0.2520,  
0.3059


 127.3875, 0.2755,  
0.3156

 18.2083, 0.2433,  
0.3020


160.2597, 0.2781,  
0.3167

 11.0996, 0.2317,  
0.2966

198.3498, 0.2805,  
0.3176

 6.1339, 0.2157,  
0.2887

242.0425, 0.2825,  
0.3184

 2.9267, 0.1921,  
0.2760

291.7220, 0.2843,

 1.0936, 0.1518,

0.3190

0.2537

347.7727, 0.2859,  
0.3196

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

56.2357, 0.2642,  
0.3111

56.2357, 0.2642,  
0.3111

52.2957, 0.2510,  
0.3047

60.6315, 0.2784,  
0.3171

48.7820, 0.2391,  
0.2980

65.4975, 0.2934,  
0.3227

45.6717, 0.2288,  
0.2910

70.8556, 0.3087,  
0.3278

42.9368, 0.2203,  
0.2839

76.7241, 0.3241,  
0.3324

40.5452, 0.2138,  
0.2768

82.2591, 0.3362,  
0.3365

■ 38.4579, 0.2093,  
0.2697

■ 84.6640, 0.3357,  
0.3408

■ 37.0634, 0.2068,  
0.2645

■ 87.1284, 0.3351,  
0.3450

■ 89.6525, 0.3345,  
0.3492

■ 92.2369, 0.3339,  
0.3533

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.2357, 0.2753, 0.3353



56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111



56.2357, 0.2654, 0.2933

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111



56.2357, 0.3279, 0.3018



56.2357, 0.3467, 0.3744

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111



43.7425, 0.3825, 0.3460

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.2357, 0.3621, 0.3630



56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111



56.2357, 0.3511, 0.3213

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111



56.2357, 0.3013, 0.2889



56.2357, 0.3638, 0.3434



56.2357, 0.3225, 0.3733



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111



56.2357, 0.2730, 0.2870



56.2357, 0.3638, 0.3434



56.2357, 0.3531, 0.3718

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.2379, 0.2642, 0.3111



92.3532, 0.2972, 0.3240



60.7354, 0.3003, 0.4072



19.5495, 0.2951, 0.3233



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

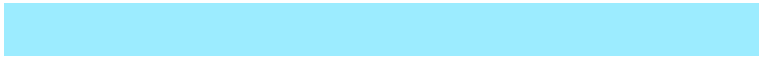


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.2379, 0.2642, 0.3111



74.0245, 0.2552, 0.3069



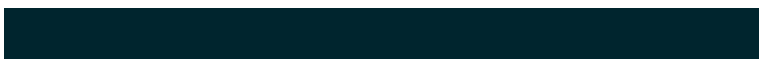
41.0350, 0.2584, 0.2640



14.3762, 0.2982, 0.3243



21.6829, 0.2071, 0.2656



1.5173, 0.2103, 0.2771



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.3688, 0.3291, 0.2627



50.9212, 0.3334, 0.2492



58.0347, 0.3694, 0.3863



13.2291, 0.3167, 0.3104



10.8127, 0.3770, 0.1850

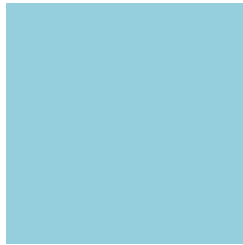


0.7119, 0.3662, 0.1791



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

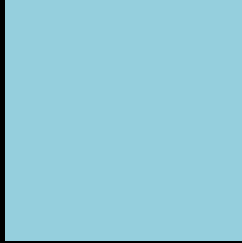
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

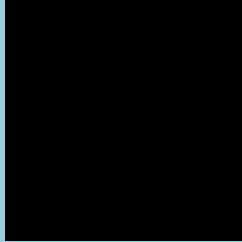
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111

### Protanopia

56.0707, 0.2998, 0.3076

### Deuteranopia

55.7776, 0.2981, 0.2920



## Tritanopia

56.3429, 0.2631, 0.3087

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111

**Protanomaly**

55.9020, 0.2854, 0.3082

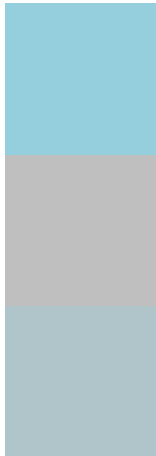
**Deuteranomaly**

55.3275, 0.2842, 0.2977

**Tritanomaly**

56.2891, 0.2637, 0.3099

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111

**Achromatopsia**

52.0996, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

53.4269, 0.2931, 0.3226

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 207, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 207, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 207, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 207, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 207, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 207, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 207, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 207, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 207, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 207,  
221) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 56.2357, 0.2642, 0.3111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 207, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
207, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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