

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(56.6786, 0.2874, 0.3762)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(56.6786, 0.2874, 0.3762)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90D5B2
RGB	144, 213, 178
RGB Percent	56%, 84%, 70%
CMY	0.4351, 0.1647, 0.3020
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.16, 0.16
HSL	150°, 45%, 70%
HSV	150°, 32%, 84%
XYZ	43.3372, 56.7321, 50.7738
YIQ	188.3790, -29.8890, -25.5130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

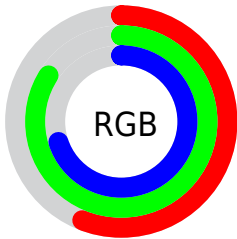
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">144, 190, 213</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9491890</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">80.03, -29.08, 10.47</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">80, 30.908, 160.191</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287681970 (0xFF90D5B2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">188.3790, -5.1168, -38.9204</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">75.3207, -29.1078, 12.7570</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **37.3675, 0.3493, 0.2865**, and the grayscale version is **50.5655, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.6026, 0.2908, 0.3514**, and **28.1585, 0.2805, 0.3902** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.5755, 0.2808, 0.3937**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.2895, 0.2947, 0.3599**.

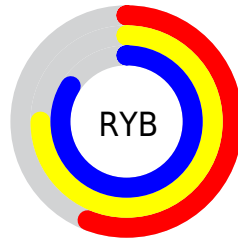
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (84%)

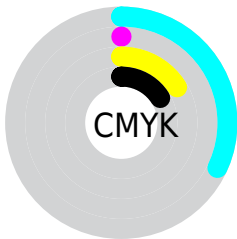
Blue (70%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (84%)

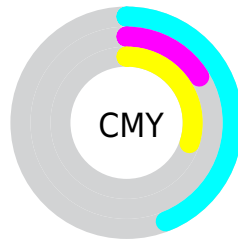


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (16%)


Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 56.7321, 0.2873,  
0.3761

 56.7321, 0.2873,  
0.3761

412.4447, 0.2999,  
0.3526

 40.7902, 0.2842,  
0.3820


 100.0742, 0.2919,  
0.3675

 28.1552, 0.2801,  
0.3895


 128.2431, 0.2936,  
0.3643

 18.4427, 0.2748,  
0.3995


161.2566, 0.2951,  
0.3616

 11.2683, 0.2674,  
0.4135

199.4989, 0.2963,  
0.3593

 6.2476, 0.2565,  
0.4342

243.3545, 0.2974,  
0.3573

 2.9962, 0.2389,  
0.4682

293.2077, 0.2984,

 1.1297, 0.1770,

0.3555

0.5789

349.4430, 0.2992,  
0.3539

■ 0.0032, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.7321, 0.2873,  
0.3761

■ 56.7321, 0.2873,  
0.3761

■ 54.5755, 0.2808,  
0.3937

■ 59.2895, 0.2947,  
0.3599

■ 52.7915, 0.2754,  
0.4125


■ 62.2603, 0.3026,  
0.3451

■ 51.3593, 0.2715,  
0.4322

■ 65.6650, 0.3108,  
0.3319


■ 50.2528, 0.2694,  
0.4522

■ 69.5208, 0.3190,  
0.3202

 49.4424, 0.2693,  
0.4721

 73.8437, 0.3272,  
0.3098

 48.8925, 0.2712,  
0.4912

 75.3110, 0.3229,  
0.2995

 48.6023, 0.2736,  
0.5050

 75.9837, 0.3155,  
0.2893

 76.0664, 0.3146,  
0.2881

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.7321, 0.3271, 0.3991



56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761



56.7321, 0.2557, 0.3383

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761



56.7321, 0.2605, 0.2635



56.7321, 0.3920, 0.3492

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761



37.3675, 0.3493, 0.2865

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.7321, 0.3721, 0.3164



56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761



56.7321, 0.2943, 0.2689

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761



56.7321, 0.2412, 0.2740



56.7321, 0.3354, 0.2879



56.7321, 0.3889, 0.3796



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761



56.7321, 0.2429, 0.3122



56.7321, 0.3354, 0.2879



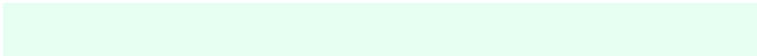
56.7321, 0.3878, 0.3382

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.7344, 0.2873, 0.3761



94.6740, 0.3044, 0.3420



59.2662, 0.3346, 0.4168



20.1156, 0.3033, 0.3440



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

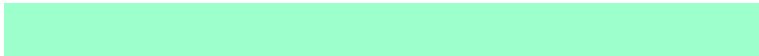


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.7344, 0.2873, 0.3761



82.9260, 0.2826, 0.3884



58.2667, 0.2674, 0.3303



13.9968, 0.3050, 0.3411



29.7103, 0.2729, 0.5024



1.8087, 0.2640, 0.4704



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3675, 0.3493, 0.2865



49.3456, 0.3604, 0.2770



36.1605, 0.3857, 0.3278



12.5250, 0.3212, 0.3172



9.3257, 0.4914, 0.2480

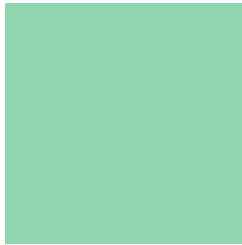


0.5792, 0.4540, 0.2275



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

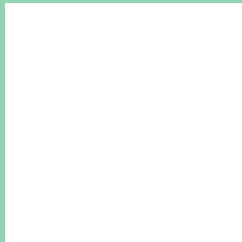
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761

### Protanopia

56.1002, 0.3414, 0.3617

### Deuteranopia

56.2101, 0.3449, 0.3383



## Tritanopia

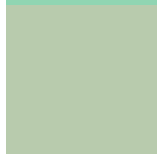
56.8234, 0.2661, 0.3089

# Trichromacy



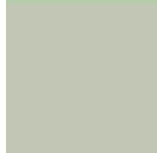
## Original Color

56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761



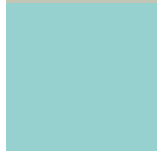
## Protanomaly

55.9193, 0.3194, 0.3670



## Deuteranomaly

55.6524, 0.3220, 0.3513



## Tritanomaly

56.5900, 0.2732, 0.3315

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761



## Achromatopsia

50.2886, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

52.1639, 0.3026, 0.3459

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 213, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 213, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 213, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 213, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 213, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 213, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 213, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 213, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 213, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 213,  
178) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 56.7321, 0.2873, 0.3761 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 213, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
213, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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