

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFC4F8
RGB	191, 196, 248
RGB Percent	75%, 77%, 97%
CMY	0.2508, 0.2314, 0.0273
CMYK	0.23, 0.21, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	235°, 80%, 86%
HSV	235°, 23%, 97%
XYZ	58.1829, 57.3335, 96.8299
YIQ	200.4330, -19.6720, 15.1120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

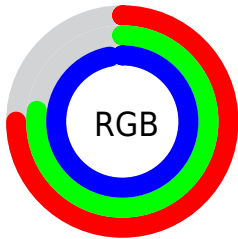
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">191, 196, 248</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12567800</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">80.37, 9.17, -26.18</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 27.739, 289.302</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290757880 (0xFFBFC4F8)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">200.4330, 23.4505, -8.2727</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">75.7189, 4.6525, -22.8173</a>

# Details

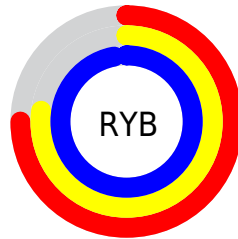
The Yxy color **57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **87.8891, 0.3485, 0.3819**, and the grayscale version is **57.9080, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.4270, 0.3085, 0.3271**, and **28.4260, 0.2647, 0.2560** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.9261, 0.2544, 0.2394**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.8337, 0.2920, 0.2977**.

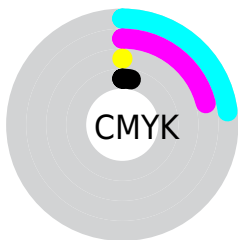
# Distribution



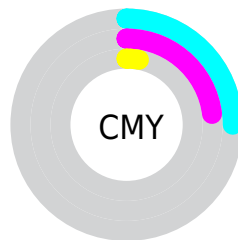
- Red (75%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (3%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57.3335, 0.2740,  
0.2700


 57.3335, 0.2740,  
0.2700


 414.6978, 0.2926,  
0.2976

 41.2731, 0.2696,  
0.2637


 100.9516, 0.2806,  
0.2796

 28.5325, 0.2641,  
0.2559


 129.2781, 0.2831,  
0.2833


 18.7275, 0.2570,  
0.2460


 162.4621, 0.2853,  
0.2865

 11.4735, 0.2476,  
0.2331

 200.8879, 0.2871,  
0.2893

 6.3863, 0.2346,  
0.2158

 244.9400, 0.2888,  
0.2917

 3.0814, 0.2156,  
0.1913

 295.0028, 0.2902,

 1.1744, 0.1857,

0.2939

0.1548

351.4606, 0.2915,  
0.2958

0.0406, 0.1052,  
0.0163

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

57.3335, 0.2740,  
0.2700

57.3335, 0.2740,  
0.2700

44.9261, 0.2544,  
0.2394

71.8337, 0.2920,  
0.2977

34.5080, 0.2337,  
0.2067

88.5097, 0.3083,  
0.3223

25.9776, 0.2129,  
0.1731

99.5591, 0.3167,  
0.3357

19.2214, 0.1932,  
0.1405

■ 14.1136, 0.1761,  
0.1113

■ 10.5118, 0.1629,  
0.0877

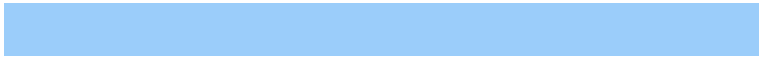
■ 8.2491, 0.1545,  
0.0714

■ 7.3320, 0.1512,  
0.0644

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.3335, 0.2520, 0.2753



57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700



57.3335, 0.3073, 0.2788

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700



57.3335, 0.3850, 0.3564



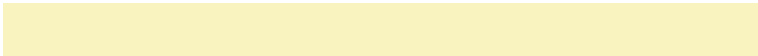
57.3335, 0.2803, 0.3615

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700



87.8891, 0.3485, 0.3819

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.3335, 0.3148, 0.3870



57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700



57.3335, 0.3761, 0.3813

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700



57.3335, 0.3731, 0.3268



57.3335, 0.3500, 0.3937



57.3335, 0.2554, 0.3267



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700



57.3335, 0.3320, 0.2913



57.3335, 0.3500, 0.3937



57.3335, 0.2911, 0.3717

# Sweetspot

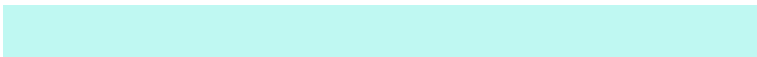
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.3358, 0.2740, 0.2700



86.8040, 0.3019, 0.3127



84.6677, 0.2816, 0.3351



18.3479, 0.3010, 0.3113



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.3358, 0.2740, 0.2700



54.0900, 0.2642, 0.2548



58.3392, 0.2898, 0.2672



16.8841, 0.2979, 0.3066



4.0411, 0.1516, 0.0656



0.4540, 0.1549, 0.0777



# Inverse Universe

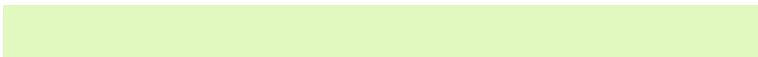
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.2336, 0.3561, 0.3239



59.0828, 0.3691, 0.3227



86.9634, 0.3319, 0.3895



17.2496, 0.3280, 0.3270



10.8189, 0.6307, 0.3248



1.0101, 0.6107, 0.3138



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

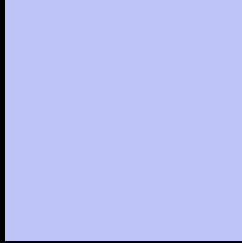
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

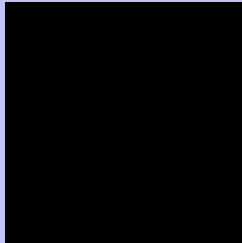
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700

### Protanopia

57.3369, 0.2708, 0.2698

### Deuteranopia

57.1450, 0.2753, 0.2691



## Tritanopia

57.0973, 0.2897, 0.3097

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700

## Protanomaly

57.4634, 0.2715, 0.2699

## Deuteranomaly

57.0140, 0.2746, 0.2690

## Tritanomaly

57.0131, 0.2839, 0.2947

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700

## Achromatopsia

57.7580, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

57.7269, 0.2985, 0.3078

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 196, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 196, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 196, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 196, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 196, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 196, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 196, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 196, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 196, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 196,  
248) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 57.3335, 0.2740, 0.2700 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 196, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
196, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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