

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(57.6211, 0.2988, 0.3314)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(57.6211, 0.2988, 0.3314)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8CCCA
RGB	184, 204, 202
RGB Percent	72%, 80%, 79%
CMY	0.2784, 0.2000, 0.2078
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.01, 0.20
HSL	174°, 16%, 76%
HSV	174°, 10%, 80%
XYZ	52.0224, 57.6403, 64.2670
YIQ	197.7920, -11.2780, -4.8620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

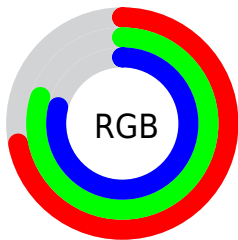
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	184, 195, 204
Decimal	12111050
CIELab	80.54, -7.12, -1.32
CIELCh	81, 7.238, 190.518
Yxy	57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290301130 (0xFFB8CCCA)
YUV	197.7920, 2.0745, -12.0956
Hunter-Lab	75.9212, -10.5512, 2.9561

# Details

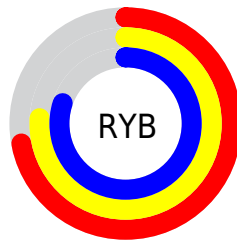
The Yxy color **57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **50.6662, 0.3282, 0.3266**, and the grayscale version is **56.3334, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.2653, 0.3035, 0.3290**, and **28.7761, 0.2957, 0.3323** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.2067, 0.2859, 0.3341**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.4434, 0.3130, 0.3290**.

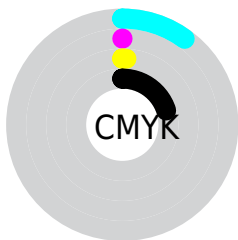
# Distribution



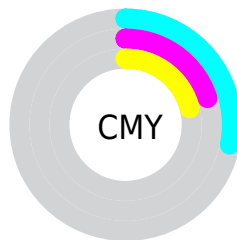
- Red (72%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 57.6403, 0.2991,  
0.3314

 57.6403, 0.2991,  
0.3314


415.8443, 0.3057,  
0.3303

 41.5195, 0.2975,  
0.3317


 101.3989, 0.3014,  
0.3310

 28.7253, 0.2956,  
0.3320


129.8055, 0.3023,  
0.3309

 18.8731, 0.2930,  
0.3324


163.0761, 0.3031,  
0.3307

 11.5786, 0.2896,  
0.3330

201.5953, 0.3037,  
0.3306

 6.4574, 0.2846,  
0.3337

245.7472, 0.3043,  
0.3305

 3.1252, 0.2771,  
0.3349

295.9165, 0.3048,

 1.1974, 0.2640,

0.3304

0.3367

352.4874, 0.3053,  
0.3303

0.0596, 0.0000,  
0.2748

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

57.6403, 0.2991,  
0.3314

57.6403, 0.2991,  
0.3314

55.2067, 0.2859,  
0.3341

60.4434, 0.3130,  
0.3290

53.1197, 0.2737,  
0.3370

63.6231, 0.3273,  
0.3267

51.3652, 0.2627,  
0.3401


67.1958, 0.3418,  
0.3248


49.9253, 0.2533,  
0.3433


69.1068, 0.3479,  
0.3228


 48.7802, 0.2457,  
0.3466


 69.2088, 0.3464,  
0.3208


 47.9082, 0.2399,  
0.3500


 69.3121, 0.3448,  
0.3187

 47.2844, 0.2360,  
0.3535

 69.4166, 0.3433,  
0.3166

 46.8791, 0.2340,  
0.3569

 69.5225, 0.3417,  
0.3146

 46.6388, 0.2334,  
0.3602

 69.6297, 0.3402,  
0.3126

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.6403, 0.3070, 0.3394



57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314



57.6403, 0.2949, 0.3229

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314



57.6403, 0.3088, 0.3141



57.6403, 0.3304, 0.3416

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314



50.6662, 0.3282, 0.3266

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.6403, 0.3309, 0.3347



57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314



57.6403, 0.3184, 0.3190

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314



57.6403, 0.3004, 0.3131



57.6403, 0.3265, 0.3265



57.6403, 0.3250, 0.3452



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314



57.6403, 0.2947, 0.3181



57.6403, 0.3265, 0.3265



57.6403, 0.3311, 0.3396

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.6427, 0.2991, 0.3314



98.5289, 0.3084, 0.3297



57.0876, 0.3131, 0.3539



21.0072, 0.3073, 0.3299



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

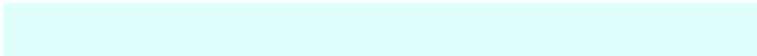


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.6427, 0.2991, 0.3314



94.4566, 0.2959, 0.3320



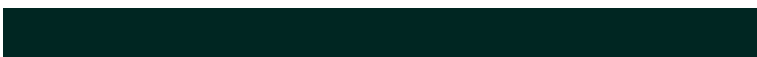
54.0324, 0.2977, 0.3191



12.7070, 0.2997, 0.3313



29.3594, 0.2333, 0.3598



1.5203, 0.2314, 0.3532



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.6662, 0.3282, 0.3266



80.3573, 0.3324, 0.3260



53.9999, 0.3287, 0.3387



11.2315, 0.3275, 0.3267



8.1189, 0.6274, 0.3230

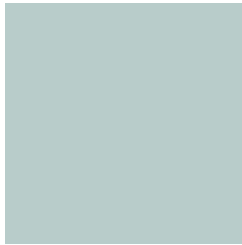


0.4252, 0.5915, 0.3032



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

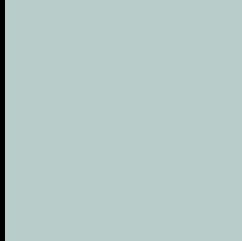
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

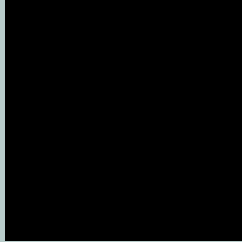
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

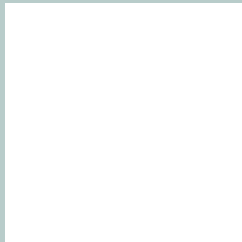
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314.

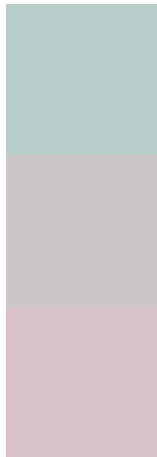


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314

### Protanopia

57.6669, 0.3159, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

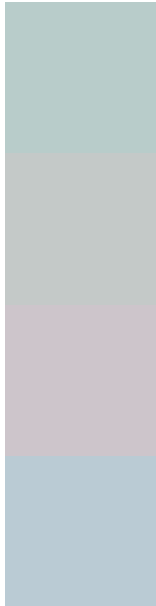
57.2513, 0.3238, 0.3164



## Tritanopia

57.8678, 0.2906, 0.3098

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314

## Protanomaly

57.6792, 0.3096, 0.3302

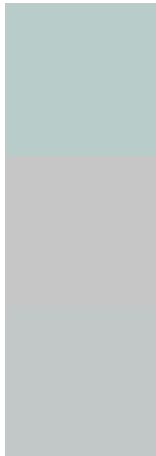
## Deuteranomaly

57.2234, 0.3146, 0.3219

## Tritanomaly

57.9044, 0.2938, 0.3181

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314

## Achromatopsia

56.4712, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

56.7695, 0.3080, 0.3302

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 204, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 204, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 204, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 204, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 204, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 204, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 204, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 204, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 204, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 204,  
202) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 57.6403, 0.2991, 0.3314 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 204, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
204, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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