

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(57.7276, 0.3166, 0.2472)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(57.7276, 0.3166, 0.2472)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFABFF
RGB	255, 171, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 67%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3295, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 84%
HSV	300°, 33%, 100%
XYZ	73.8679, 57.6058, 101.8426
YIQ	205.6920, 23.1000, 43.9320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

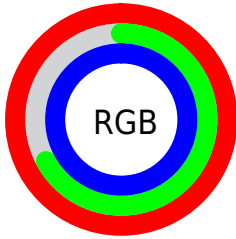
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 171, 255
Decimal	16755711
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	80.52, 43.67, -29.18
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	81, 52.523, 326.249
Yxy	57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294945791 (0xFFFFABFF)
YUV	205.6920, 24.3088, 43.2431
Hunter-Lab	75.8985, 40.9022, -26.4279

# Details

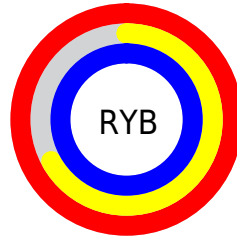
The Yxy color **57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **83.1150, 0.3081, 0.4275**, and the grayscale version is **61.3359, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.4182, 0.3140, 0.3019**, and **28.6701, 0.3163, 0.2291** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.8774, 0.3177, 0.2234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.1762, 0.3154, 0.2717**.

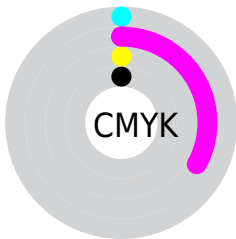
# Distribution



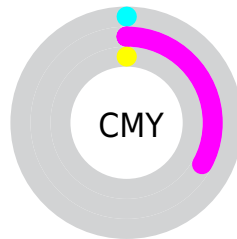
- Red (100%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57.6058, 0.3166,  
0.2469

 57.6058, 0.3166,  
0.2469

415.7155, 0.3158,  
0.2835

 41.4918, 0.3165,  
0.2389


 101.3486, 0.3165,  
0.2593

 28.7036, 0.3163,  
0.2292


129.7462, 0.3164,  
0.2642

 18.8567, 0.3159,  
0.2172


163.0071, 0.3164,  
0.2685

 11.5668, 0.3150,  
0.2021

201.5158, 0.3163,  
0.2723

 6.4494, 0.3133,  
0.1825

245.6565, 0.3161,  
0.2756

 3.1202, 0.3099,  
0.1564


295.8138, 0.3160,


 1.1948, 0.3024,


0.2785


0.1205

352.3720, 0.3159,  
0.2812


 0.0575, 0.3018,  
0.0150


 0.0000, 0.0709,  
0.0000


 57.6058, 0.3166,  
0.2469


 57.6058, 0.3166,  
0.2469


 48.8774, 0.3177,  
0.2234

 68.1762, 0.3154,  
0.2717

 41.9078, 0.3187,  
0.2023

 80.7112, 0.3142,  
0.2969

 36.5708, 0.3195,  
0.1845

 95.2947, 0.3131,  
0.3218

 32.7336, 0.3201,  
0.1706

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 30.2428, 0.3206,  
0.1611

■ 28.9119, 0.3208,  
0.1559

■ 28.4800, 0.3209,  
0.1542

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.6058, 0.2532, 0.2263



57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469



57.6058, 0.3861, 0.2845

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469



57.6058, 0.4191, 0.4302



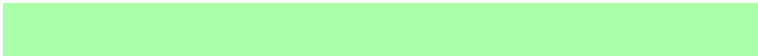
57.6058, 0.2024, 0.3054

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469



83.1150, 0.3081, 0.4275

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.6058, 0.2388, 0.3763



57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469



57.6058, 0.3634, 0.4543

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469



57.6058, 0.4477, 0.3844



57.6058, 0.2973, 0.4363



57.6058, 0.1932, 0.2529



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469



57.6058, 0.4233, 0.3160



57.6058, 0.2973, 0.4363



57.6058, 0.2116, 0.3280

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.5978, 0.3166, 0.2469



84.7957, 0.3139, 0.3044



44.9933, 0.2532, 0.2306



17.7284, 0.3140, 0.3008



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.5978, 0.3166, 0.2469



51.2625, 0.3174, 0.2302



55.1813, 0.3513, 0.2859



18.3004, 0.3138, 0.3056



14.8814, 0.3209, 0.1542



1.4490, 0.3209, 0.1542



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.5978, 0.3166, 0.2469



51.2625, 0.3174, 0.2302



84.9791, 0.2863, 0.3769



18.3004, 0.3138, 0.3056



14.8814, 0.3209, 0.1542



1.4490, 0.3209, 0.1542



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

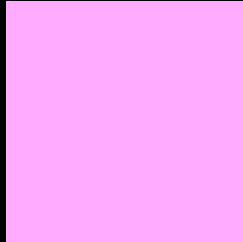
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

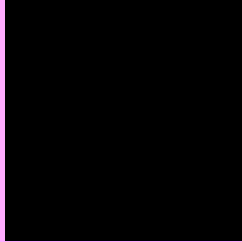
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469.

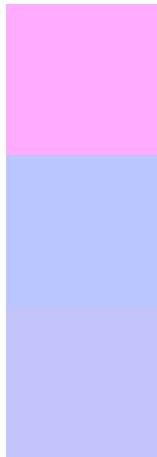


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469

### Protanopia

57.9225, 0.2661, 0.2646

### Deuteranopia

57.8513, 0.2748, 0.2684



## Tritanopia

57.6723, 0.3561, 0.3142

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469



## Protanomaly

56.8881, 0.2823, 0.2565



## Deuteranomaly

57.1679, 0.2886, 0.2591



## Tritanomaly

57.6261, 0.3415, 0.2886

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469



## Achromatopsia

61.7207, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

59.3690, 0.3143, 0.2950

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 171, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 171, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 171, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 171, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 171, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 171, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 171, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 171, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 171, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 171,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 171, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
171, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor