

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(57.8059, 0.2662, 0.3491)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(57.8059, 0.2662, 0.3491)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82D8C8
RGB	130, 216, 200
RGB Percent	51%, 85%, 78%
CMY	0.4902, 0.1529, 0.2156
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.07, 0.15
HSL	169°, 52%, 68%
HSV	169°, 40%, 85%
XYZ	44.1879, 58.0277, 63.5305
YIQ	188.4620, -46.1200, -23.2080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

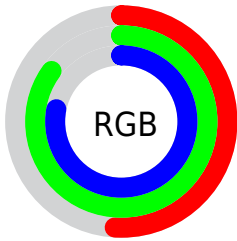
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	130, 177, 216
Decimal	8575176
CIELab	80.75, -29.70, -0.31
CIELCh	81, 29.706, 180.590
Yxy	58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286765256 (0xFF82D8C8)
YUV	188.4620, 5.6882, -51.2712
Hunter-Lab	76.1759, -29.7641, 3.8755

# Details

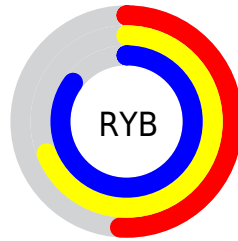
The Yxy color **58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **32.6362, 0.3936, 0.3096**, and the grayscale version is **50.5531, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.1791, 0.2731, 0.3289**, and **29.0209, 0.2548, 0.3562** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.3124, 0.2579, 0.3564**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.1110, 0.2767, 0.3442**.

# Distribution



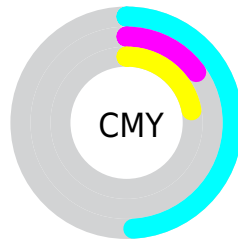
- Red (51%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.0277, 0.2666,  
0.3501

 58.0277, 0.2666,  
0.3501


417.2891, 0.2887,  
0.3400

 41.8309, 0.2614,  
0.3525


 101.9632, 0.2744,  
0.3465

 28.9689, 0.2548,  
0.3555


 130.4707, 0.2774,  
0.3452

 19.0573, 0.2463,  
0.3593


 163.8506, 0.2800,  
0.3440

 11.7117, 0.2349,  
0.3645

202.4872, 0.2822,  
0.3430

 6.5477, 0.2190,  
0.3717

246.7650, 0.2841,  
0.3421

 3.1809, 0.1950,  
0.3825

297.0683, 0.2858,

 1.2269, 0.1357,

0.3413

353.7815, 0.2874,  
0.3406

0.4095

0.0835, 0.0000,  
0.4265

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

58.0277, 0.2666,  
0.3501

58.0277, 0.2666,  
0.3501

56.3124, 0.2579,  
0.3564

60.1110, 0.2767,  
0.3442

54.9356, 0.2509,  
0.3629

62.5762, 0.2880,  
0.3387

53.8743, 0.2457,  
0.3696

65.4445, 0.3002,  
0.3336

53.0998, 0.2426,  
0.3763

68.7340, 0.3129,  
0.3289

■ 52.5780, 0.2413,  
0.3830

■ 72.4612, 0.3260,  
0.3248

■ 52.2489, 0.2416,  
0.3897

■ 75.7609, 0.3358,  
0.3209

■ 52.2435, 0.2416,  
0.3898

■ 75.9813, 0.3329,  
0.3169

■ 76.2069, 0.3301,  
0.3130

■ 76.4377, 0.3273,  
0.3090

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.0277, 0.3003, 0.3829



58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501



58.0277, 0.2458, 0.3126

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501



58.0277, 0.2837, 0.2683



58.0277, 0.3888, 0.3690

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501



32.6362, 0.3936, 0.3096

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.0277, 0.3845, 0.3384



58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501



58.0277, 0.3218, 0.2826

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501



58.0277, 0.2552, 0.2679



58.0277, 0.3594, 0.3076



58.0277, 0.3715, 0.3917



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501



58.0277, 0.2412, 0.2915



58.0277, 0.3594, 0.3076



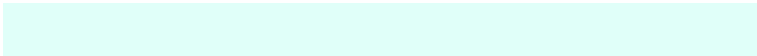
58.0277, 0.3899, 0.3592

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.0300, 0.2666, 0.3501



94.2906, 0.2974, 0.3347



56.9459, 0.3187, 0.4464



20.0607, 0.2957, 0.3353



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.0300, 0.2666, 0.3501



82.3153, 0.2590, 0.3555



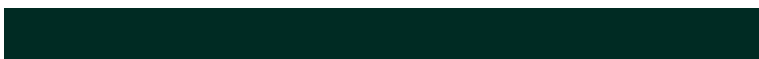
46.6164, 0.2527, 0.2941



14.0665, 0.3007, 0.3334



30.9366, 0.2413, 0.3888



1.8764, 0.2381, 0.3772



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.6362, 0.3936, 0.3096



40.3036, 0.4211, 0.3057



39.9187, 0.3996, 0.3609



12.4581, 0.3262, 0.3247



8.7439, 0.6100, 0.3134

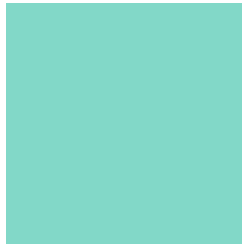


0.5388, 0.5632, 0.2876



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

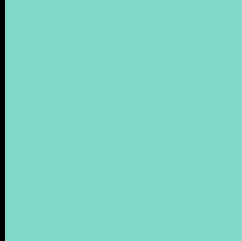
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

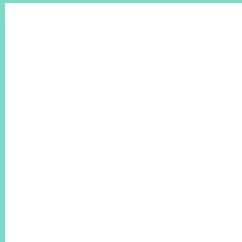
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501.

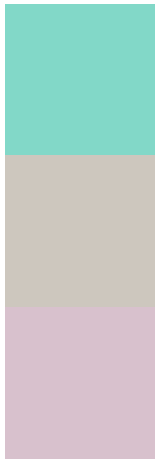


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501

### Protanopia

57.5437, 0.3241, 0.3398

### Deuteranopia

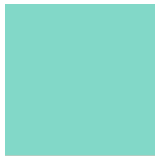
57.1466, 0.3222, 0.3153



## Tritanopia

58.0625, 0.2542, 0.3074

# Trichromacy



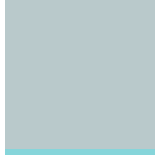
## Original Color

58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501



## Protanomaly

57.0227, 0.3001, 0.3428



## Deuteranomaly

56.3994, 0.2991, 0.3265



## Tritanomaly

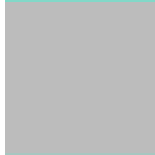
57.7188, 0.2585, 0.3224

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501



## Achromatopsia

50.2886, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

52.4094, 0.2933, 0.3367

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 216, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 216, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 216, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 216, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 216, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 216, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 216, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 216, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 216, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 216,  
200) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 58.0277, 0.2666, 0.3501 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 216, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
216, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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