

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(58.4711, 0.2522, 0.2726)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(58.4711, 0.2522, 0.2726)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FCEFE
RGB	159, 206, 254
RGB Percent	62%, 81%, 100%
CMY	0.3764, 0.1921, 0.0040
CMYK	0.37, 0.19, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	210°, 98%, 81%
HSV	210°, 37%, 100%
XYZ	54.2589, 58.6693, 102.2141
YIQ	197.4190, -43.4200, 4.9640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

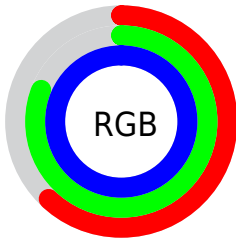
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	159, 190, 254
Decimal	10473214
CIE Lab	81.11, -3.80, -28.40
CIE LCh	81, 28.653, 262.381
Yxy	58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288663294 (0xFF9FCEFE)
YUV	197.4190, 27.8944, -33.6935
Hunter-Lab	76.5959, -7.5972, -25.5030

# Details

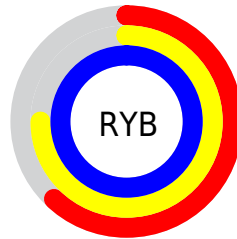
The Yxy color **58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **68.1975, 0.3859, 0.3790**, and the grayscale version is **55.9522, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.3389, 0.2894, 0.3289**, and **29.4307, 0.2380, 0.2592** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.4071, 0.2360, 0.2543**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.9739, 0.2688, 0.2898**.

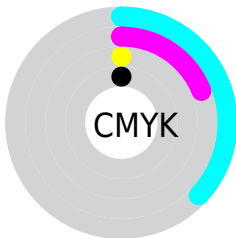
# Distribution



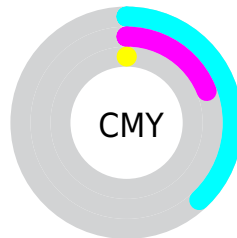
- Red (62%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.6693, 0.2522,  
0.2727

 58.6693, 0.2522,  
0.2727


419.6753, 0.2806,  
0.2994

 42.3470, 0.2457,  
0.2665


 102.8969, 0.2621,  
0.2821

 29.3731, 0.2376,  
0.2588


 131.5709, 0.2659,  
0.2857

 19.3632, 0.2274,  
0.2489


165.1309, 0.2692,  
0.2888

 11.9330, 0.2142,  
0.2361

203.9614, 0.2721,  
0.2915

 6.6981, 0.1963,  
0.2186

248.4467, 0.2746,  
0.2939

 3.2740, 0.1713,  
0.1937

298.9712, 0.2769,

 1.2764, 0.1348,

0.2959

0.1566

355.9192, 0.2788,  
0.2978

0.1228, 0.0086,  
0.0440

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

58.6693, 0.2522,  
0.2727

58.6693, 0.2522,  
0.2727

50.4071, 0.2360,  
0.2543

67.9739, 0.2688,  
0.2898

43.1357, 0.2206,  
0.2350

78.3559, 0.2852,  
0.3054

36.8084, 0.2065,  
0.2151

89.8565, 0.3013,  
0.3195

31.3707, 0.1944,  
0.1951

99.9346, 0.3133,  
0.3300

■ 26.7604, 0.1847,  
0.1757

■ 22.8997, 0.1774,  
0.1574

■ 21.9883, 0.1758,  
0.1527

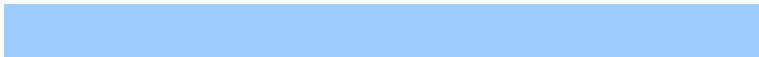
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.6693, 0.2438, 0.2915



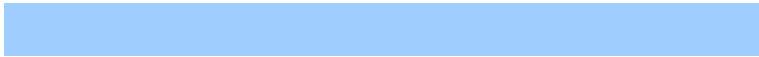
58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727



58.6693, 0.2761, 0.2689

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727



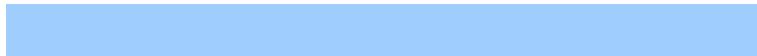
58.6693, 0.3768, 0.3298



58.6693, 0.3109, 0.3867

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727



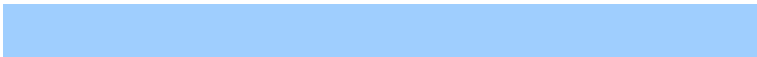
68.1975, 0.3859, 0.3790

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.6693, 0.3474, 0.3957



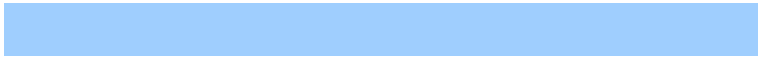
58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727



58.6693, 0.3868, 0.3600

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727



58.6693, 0.3484, 0.3010



58.6693, 0.3756, 0.3846

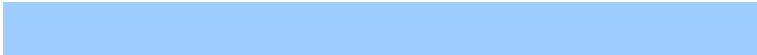


58.6693, 0.2763, 0.3589



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727



58.6693, 0.2986, 0.2744



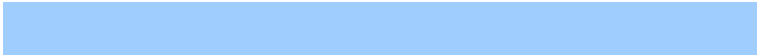
58.6693, 0.3756, 0.3846



58.6693, 0.3234, 0.3920

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.6716, 0.2522, 0.2727



86.3513, 0.2955, 0.3146



82.7258, 0.2833, 0.3845



18.1435, 0.2934, 0.3127



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

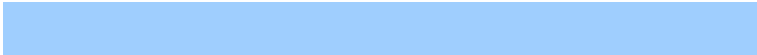


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

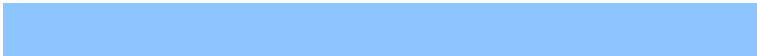


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.6716, 0.2522, 0.2727



52.7595, 0.2398, 0.2588



39.3316, 0.2438, 0.2150



18.8621, 0.2979, 0.3167



11.8886, 0.1766, 0.1556



1.3757, 0.1823, 0.1763



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.3275, 0.3589, 0.2805



44.1215, 0.3726, 0.2707



94.4434, 0.3691, 0.4222



18.1369, 0.3216, 0.3173



11.9281, 0.4987, 0.2521

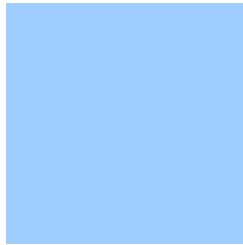


1.1834, 0.4729, 0.2379



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

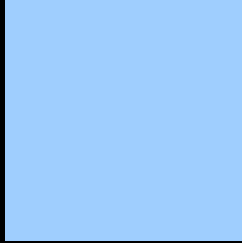
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

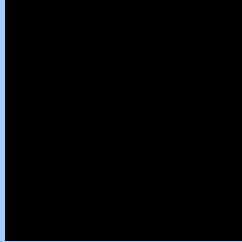
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

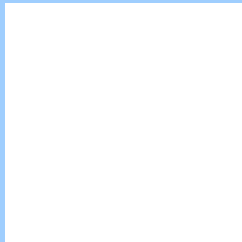
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727

### Protanopia

58.5052, 0.2723, 0.2723

### Deuteranopia

58.3590, 0.2706, 0.2643



## Tritanopia

58.8654, 0.2628, 0.3078

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727

**Protanomaly**

58.6711, 0.2644, 0.2727

**Deuteranomaly**

58.2319, 0.2632, 0.2664

**Tritanomaly**

58.6839, 0.2593, 0.2949

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727

**Achromatopsia**

55.8340, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

56.4378, 0.2876, 0.3072

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 206, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 206, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 206, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 206, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 206, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 206, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 206, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 206, 254); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 206, 254); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 206, 254) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 58.6693, 0.2522, 0.2727 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 206, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
206, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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