

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(58.6594, 0.2279, 0.2795)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(58.6594, 0.2279, 0.2795)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66D7FF
RGB	102, 215, 255
RGB Percent	40%, 84%, 100%
CMY	0.5998, 0.1569, 0.0000
CMYK	0.60, 0.16, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	196°, 100%, 70%
HSV	196°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	47.8359, 58.6457, 103.4171
YIQ	185.7730, -80.1880, -11.5160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

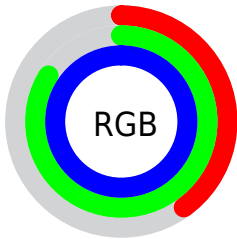
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">102, 167, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6739967</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">81.10, -20.80, -29.19</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">81, 35.842, 234.524</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284930047 (0xFF66D7FF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">185.7730, 34.1289, -73.4689</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">76.5805, -22.5160, -26.4611</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **41.5854, 0.4731, 0.3690**, and the grayscale version is **48.8170, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.6325, 0.2624, 0.3289**, and **29.3122, 0.2083, 0.2662** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.0503, 0.2180, 0.2696**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.8402, 0.2396, 0.2890**.

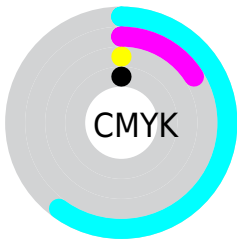
# Distribution



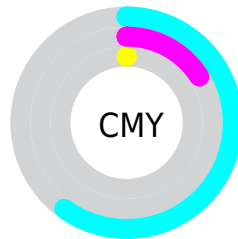
- Red (40%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.6457, 0.2279,  
0.2794

 58.6457, 0.2279,  
0.2794


419.5877, 0.2671,  
0.3039


 42.3280, 0.2191,  
0.2735


 102.8626, 0.2414,  
0.2882

 29.3582, 0.2083,  
0.2661


 131.5305, 0.2467,  
0.2915

 19.3520, 0.1949,  
0.2565


 165.0839, 0.2512,  
0.2943

 11.9249, 0.1778,  
0.2438

203.9072, 0.2552,  
0.2968

 6.6925, 0.1554,  
0.2261

248.3849, 0.2587,  
0.2989

 3.2706, 0.1254,  
0.2004

298.9013, 0.2618,

 1.2746, 0.0837,

0.3008

0.1616

355.8407, 0.2646,  
0.3024

■ 0.1214, 0.0000,  
0.0423

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.6457, 0.2279,  
0.2794

■ 58.6457, 0.2279,  
0.2794

■ 54.0503, 0.2180,  
0.2696

■ 63.8402, 0.2396,  
0.2890

■ 50.0050, 0.2101,  
0.2596

■ 69.6697, 0.2527,  
0.2982

■ 46.4577, 0.2042,  
0.2498

■ 76.1712, 0.2669,  
0.3068

■ 43.3219, 0.2000,  
0.2400

■ 83.3771, 0.2818,  
0.3149

■ 43.3149, 0.2000,  
0.2400

■ 91.3177, 0.2972,  
0.3223

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

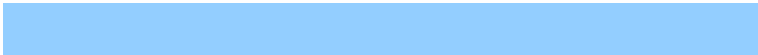
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.6457, 0.2365, 0.3174



58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794



58.6457, 0.2395, 0.2583

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794



58.6457, 0.3603, 0.2966



58.6457, 0.3522, 0.4130

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794



41.5854, 0.4731, 0.3690

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.6457, 0.3889, 0.3993



58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794



58.6457, 0.3950, 0.3318

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794



58.6457, 0.3136, 0.2695



58.6457, 0.4053, 0.3687



58.6457, 0.3065, 0.4006



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794



58.6457, 0.2578, 0.2545



58.6457, 0.4053, 0.3687



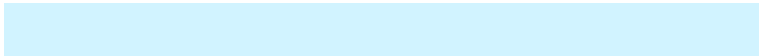
58.6457, 0.3660, 0.4110

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.6469, 0.2279, 0.2794



84.8875, 0.2849, 0.3164



76.2504, 0.2885, 0.4781



17.6956, 0.2804, 0.3142



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.6469, 0.2279, 0.2794



53.1889, 0.2162, 0.2676



28.8906, 0.2056, 0.1802



19.6300, 0.2980, 0.3226



22.8889, 0.2005, 0.2416



2.4064, 0.2036, 0.2528



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.6805, 0.3595, 0.2202



30.3214, 0.3724, 0.2062



71.7250, 0.4197, 0.4402



18.2145, 0.3178, 0.3116



13.0386, 0.4007, 0.1981

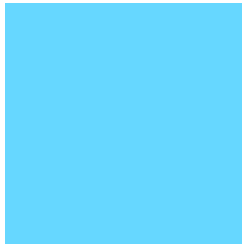


1.2875, 0.3895, 0.1919



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

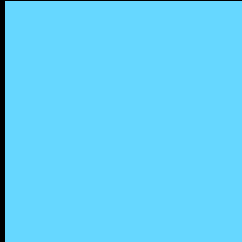
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

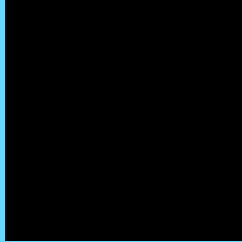
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

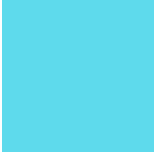
58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794

### Protanopia

57.8064, 0.2765, 0.2775

### Deuteranopia

57.9713, 0.2686, 0.2639



## **Tritanopia**

58.5786, 0.2338, 0.3056

# Trichromacy



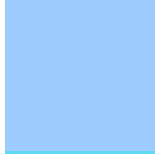
## Original Color

58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794



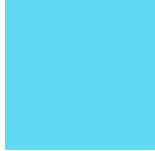
## Protanomaly

57.1702, 0.2549, 0.2776



## Deuteranomaly

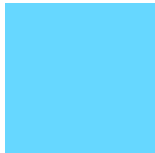
57.5738, 0.2502, 0.2690



## Tritanomaly

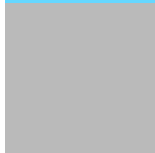
58.6382, 0.2316, 0.2958

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794



## Achromatopsia

49.1021, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

51.6042, 0.2725, 0.3108

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 215, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 215, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 215, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 215, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 215, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 215, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 215, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 215, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 215, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 215,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 58.6457, 0.2279, 0.2794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 215, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
215, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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