

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(58.9099, 0.2501, 0.2803)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(58.9099, 0.2501, 0.2803)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96D1FA
RGB	150, 209, 250
RGB Percent	59%, 82%, 98%
CMY	0.4120, 0.1803, 0.0196
CMYK	0.40, 0.16, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	205°, 91%, 78%
HSV	205°, 40%, 98%
XYZ	52.6249, 58.9871, 99.0562
YIQ	196.0330, -48.3250, 0.2430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

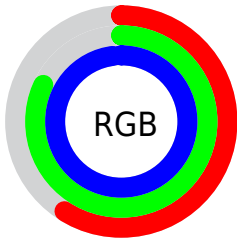
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">150, 187, 250</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9884154</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">81.28, -8.76, -26.06</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">81, 27.493, 251.422</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288074234 (0xFF96D1FA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">196.0330, 26.6057, -40.3709</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">76.8031, -12.0984, -22.7067</a>

# Details

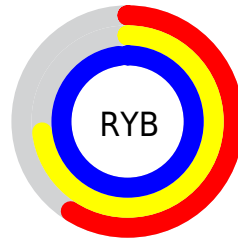
The Yxy color **58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **59.7546, 0.3964, 0.3727**, and the grayscale version is **55.0761, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.0054, 0.2844, 0.3289**, and **29.6726, 0.2351, 0.2687** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.0013, 0.2349, 0.2651**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.8063, 0.2654, 0.2939**.

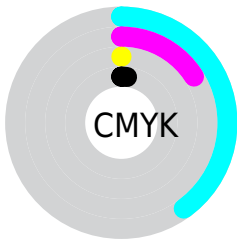
# Distribution



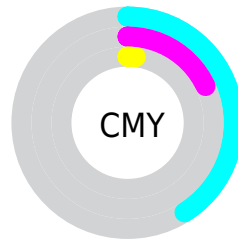
- Red (59%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.9871, 0.2498,  
0.2800


 58.9871, 0.2498,  
0.2800


420.8541, 0.2792,  
0.3036

 42.6027, 0.2431,  
0.2744


 103.3589, 0.2600,  
0.2883

 29.5735, 0.2347,  
0.2675


 132.1152, 0.2640,  
0.2915

 19.5151, 0.2242,  
0.2586


165.7641, 0.2674,  
0.2943

 12.0431, 0.2105,  
0.2469

204.6903, 0.2704,  
0.2966

 6.7730, 0.1922,  
0.2307

249.2779, 0.2730,  
0.2987

 3.3206, 0.1665,  
0.2072

299.9115, 0.2753,

 1.3013, 0.1290,

0.3005

0.1712

356.9755, 0.2774,  
0.3021

0.1422, 0.0000,  
0.0565

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

58.9871, 0.2498,  
0.2800

58.9871, 0.2498,  
0.2800

52.0013, 0.2349,  
0.2651

66.8063, 0.2654,  
0.2939

45.8036, 0.2212,  
0.2495

75.4875, 0.2813,  
0.3068

40.3538, 0.2091,  
0.2335

85.0661, 0.2971,  
0.3185

35.6040, 0.1989,  
0.2174

95.5730, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 31.4983, 0.1910,  
0.2015

■ 99.6823, 0.3156,  
0.3338

■ 27.9563, 0.1851,  
0.1862

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.9871, 0.2476, 0.3030



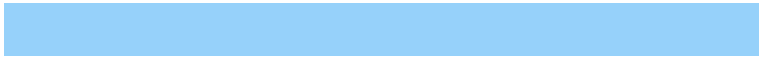
58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800



58.9871, 0.2677, 0.2710

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800



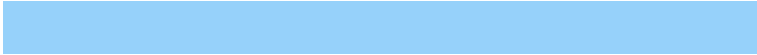
58.9871, 0.3658, 0.3193



58.9871, 0.3242, 0.3896

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800



59.7546, 0.3964, 0.3727

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.9871, 0.3573, 0.3910



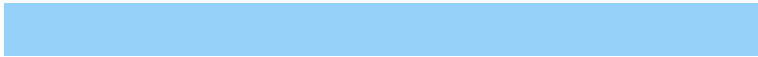
58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800



58.9871, 0.3826, 0.3485

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800



58.9871, 0.3342, 0.2935



58.9871, 0.3791, 0.3749

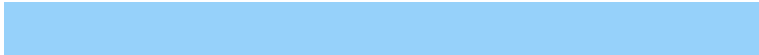


58.9871, 0.2892, 0.3689



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800



58.9871, 0.2869, 0.2729



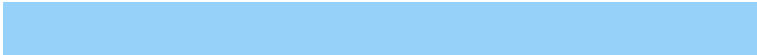
58.9871, 0.3791, 0.3749



58.9871, 0.3359, 0.3923

# Sweetspot

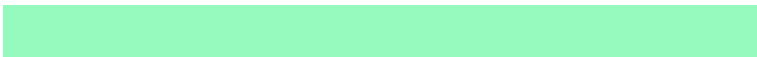
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.9894, 0.2498, 0.2800



86.9132, 0.2940, 0.3162



78.5678, 0.2866, 0.4018



18.3163, 0.2919, 0.3147



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

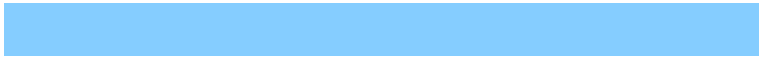


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.9894, 0.2498, 0.2800



55.7712, 0.2378, 0.2681



38.5037, 0.2401, 0.2181



18.3466, 0.2980, 0.3190



15.1187, 0.1858, 0.1887



1.6088, 0.1909, 0.2071



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.7224, 0.3540, 0.2675



42.3269, 0.3659, 0.2557



84.8431, 0.3764, 0.4198



17.3972, 0.3201, 0.3151



11.9371, 0.4582, 0.2298

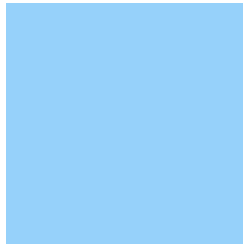


1.1266, 0.4373, 0.2183



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

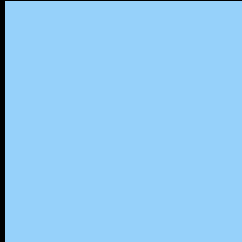
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

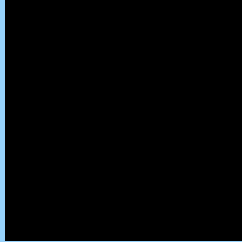
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800.

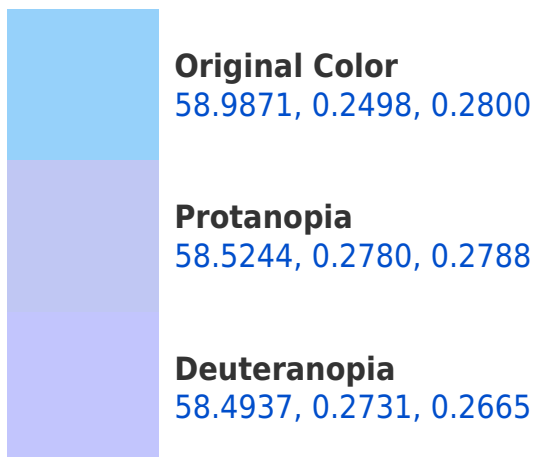


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

59.3214, 0.2581, 0.3077

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800

**Protanomaly**

58.7128, 0.2667, 0.2791

**Deuteranomaly**

58.2665, 0.2637, 0.2705

**Tritanomaly**

59.4044, 0.2554, 0.2983

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800

**Achromatopsia**

55.2011, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

56.3149, 0.2861, 0.3106

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 209, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 209, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 209, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 209, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 209, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 209, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 209, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 209, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 209, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 209,  
250) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 58.9871, 0.2498, 0.2800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 209, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
209, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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