

# Converting Colors

Yxy(59.0244, 0.3146, 0.4394)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(59.0244, 0.3146, 0.4394)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94DB8A
RGB	148, 219, 138
RGB Percent	58%, 86%, 54%
CMY	0.4195, 0.1412, 0.4587
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.37, 0.14
HSL	113°, 53%, 70%
HSV	113°, 37%, 86%
XYZ	42.1374, 58.7939, 33.1789
YIQ	188.5370, -16.3150, -40.2430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

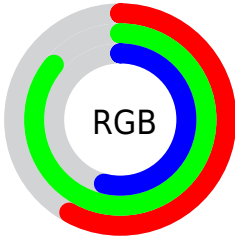
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">138, 219, 209</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9755530</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">81.18, -37.62, 32.96</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">81, 50.017, 138.773</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287945610 (0xFF94DB8A)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">188.5370, -24.9147, -35.5509</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">76.6772, -36.0916, 28.0187</a>

# Details

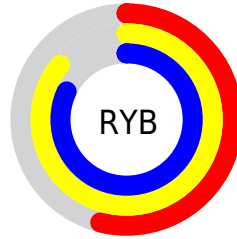
The Yxy color **58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **36.8495, 0.3076, 0.2353**, and the grayscale version is **50.7687, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.1631, 0.3168, 0.3980**, and **29.6187, 0.3116, 0.4707** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.5803, 0.3137, 0.4731**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.4371, 0.3142, 0.4051**.

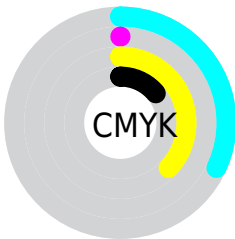
# Distribution



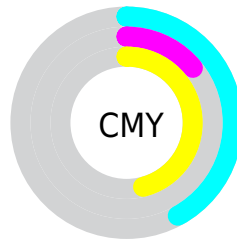
- Red (58%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (46%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.7939, 0.3142,  
0.4384


 58.7939, 0.3142,  
0.4384

420.1377, 0.3154,  
0.3829

 42.4472, 0.3133,  
0.4523


 103.0781, 0.3151,  
0.4181

 29.4516, 0.3118,  
0.4702


 131.7843, 0.3153,  
0.4105

 19.4227, 0.3092,  
0.4939


 165.3793, 0.3154,  
0.4041

 11.9761, 0.3045,  
0.5265

204.2473, 0.3154,  
0.3987

 6.7274, 0.2951,  
0.5735

248.7727, 0.3154,  
0.3939

 3.2922, 0.2837,  
0.6661

299.3400, 0.3154,

 1.2861, 0.1670,

0.3898

0.8330

356.3336, 0.3154,  
0.3861

■ 0.1304, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.7939, 0.3142,  
0.4384

■ 58.7939, 0.3142,  
0.4384

■ 56.5803, 0.3137,  
0.4731

■ 61.4371, 0.3142,  
0.4051

■ 54.7666, 0.3126,  
0.5073

■ 64.5230, 0.3139,  
0.3743

■ 53.3306, 0.3110,  
0.5389

■ 68.0736, 0.3132,  
0.3465

■ 52.2454, 0.3087,  
0.5653

■ 72.1071, 0.3125,  
0.3219

■ 51.4802, 0.3061,  
0.5844

■ 76.6405, 0.3116,  
0.3004

■ 50.9976, 0.3034,  
0.5954

■ 79.1416, 0.3144,  
0.2940

■ 50.8958, 0.3028,  
0.5977

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.7939, 0.3761, 0.4450



58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384



58.7939, 0.2551, 0.3900

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384



58.7939, 0.2090, 0.2359



58.7939, 0.4208, 0.3210

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384



36.8495, 0.3076, 0.2353

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.7939, 0.3666, 0.2766



58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384



58.7939, 0.2440, 0.2293

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384



58.7939, 0.1986, 0.2672



58.7939, 0.3003, 0.2441



58.7939, 0.4417, 0.3703

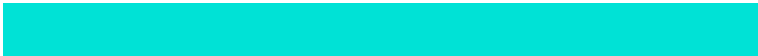


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384



58.7939, 0.2251, 0.3452



58.7939, 0.3003, 0.2441



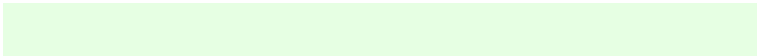
58.7939, 0.4056, 0.3053

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.7964, 0.3142, 0.4384



93.9558, 0.3135, 0.3576



62.1047, 0.3721, 0.4097



19.9633, 0.3136, 0.3613



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

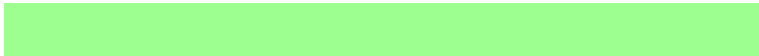


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.7964, 0.3142, 0.4384



80.6329, 0.3139, 0.4640



58.8830, 0.2901, 0.3985



14.6830, 0.3134, 0.3530



30.2051, 0.3034, 0.5973



1.9828, 0.3113, 0.5911



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.8495, 0.3076, 0.2353



45.5272, 0.3060, 0.2171



36.9297, 0.3459, 0.2688



13.1889, 0.3118, 0.3058



9.7034, 0.2900, 0.1371



0.6521, 0.2954, 0.1401



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

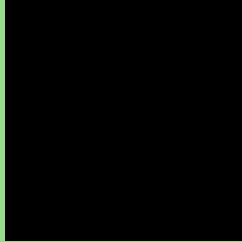
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384

### Protanopia

58.3174, 0.3793, 0.4104

### Deuteranopia

57.8900, 0.3904, 0.3822



## Tritanopia

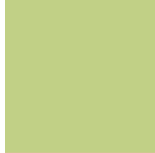
58.4405, 0.2713, 0.3081

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384



## Protanomaly

58.1704, 0.3534, 0.4208



## Deuteranomaly

57.1732, 0.3597, 0.4018



## Tritanomaly

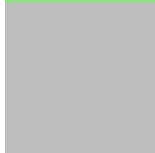
58.2063, 0.2871, 0.3535

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384



## Achromatopsia

50.8881, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

53.2095, 0.3140, 0.3683

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 219, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 219, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 219, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 219, 138) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 219, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 219, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 219, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 219, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 219, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 219,  
138) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 58.7939, 0.3142, 0.4384 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 219, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
219, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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