

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(59.2155, 0.2764, 0.3440)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(59.2155, 0.2764, 0.3440)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96D7CB
RGB	150, 215, 203
RGB Percent	59%, 84%, 80%
CMY	0.4115, 0.1569, 0.2039
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.06, 0.16
HSL	169°, 45%, 72%
HSV	169°, 30%, 84%
XYZ	47.6657, 59.3967, 65.4520
YIQ	194.1970, -34.8880, -17.5120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

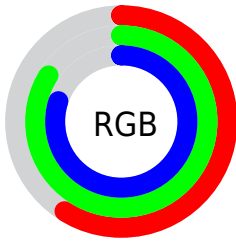
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">150, 186, 215</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9885643</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">81.51, -23.05, -0.67</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">82, 23.062, 181.671</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288075723 (0xFF96D7CB)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">194.1970, 4.3399, -38.7608</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">77.0693, -24.4727, 3.5958</a>

# Details

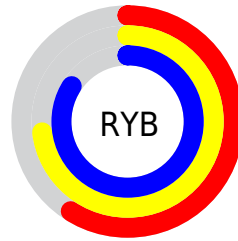
The Yxy color **59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **38.8892, 0.3676, 0.3145**, and the grayscale version is **54.0692, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.8618, 0.2838, 0.3289**, and **29.8529, 0.2673, 0.3481** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.3552, 0.2662, 0.3502**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.8221, 0.2876, 0.3388**.

# Distribution



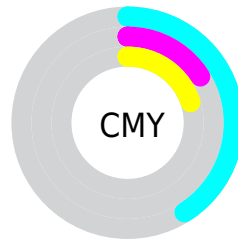
- Red (59%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 59.3967, 0.2763,  
0.3443


 59.3967, 0.2763,  
0.3443


422.3704, 0.2937,  
0.3370

 42.9325, 0.2722,  
0.3460


 103.9540, 0.2825,  
0.3417

 29.8322, 0.2670,  
0.3481


 132.8159, 0.2848,  
0.3408

 19.7113, 0.2604,  
0.3509


166.5793, 0.2868,  
0.3399

 12.1853, 0.2515,  
0.3546

205.6284, 0.2886,  
0.3392

 6.8700, 0.2389,  
0.3597

250.3476, 0.2901,  
0.3385

 3.3809, 0.2201,  
0.3673

301.1215, 0.2914,

 1.3337, 0.1854,

0.3380

0.3814

358.3343, 0.2926,  
0.3375

■ 0.1671, 0.0000,  
0.4219

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.3967, 0.2763,  
0.3443

■ 59.3967, 0.2763,  
0.3443

■ 57.3552, 0.2662,  
0.3502

■ 61.8221, 0.2876,  
0.3388

■ 55.6699, 0.2576,  
0.3564

■ 64.6431, 0.2997,  
0.3337

■ 54.3206, 0.2506,  
0.3629

■ 67.8797, 0.3125,  
0.3291

■ 53.2824, 0.2455,  
0.3696

■ 71.5487, 0.3255,  
0.3249

■ 52.5266, 0.2424,  
0.3763

■ 75.1772, 0.3368,  
0.3212

■ 52.0193, 0.2412,  
0.3829

■ 75.3937, 0.3340,  
0.3172

■ 51.7037, 0.2415,  
0.3894

■ 75.6153, 0.3312,  
0.3133

■ 75.8420, 0.3284,  
0.3094

■ 76.0738, 0.3256,  
0.3055

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.3967, 0.3024, 0.3691



59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443



59.3967, 0.2602, 0.3160

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443



59.3967, 0.2914, 0.2816



59.3967, 0.3711, 0.3614

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443



38.8892, 0.3676, 0.3145

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.3967, 0.3682, 0.3378



59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443



59.3967, 0.3210, 0.2932

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443



59.3967, 0.2686, 0.2812



59.3967, 0.3496, 0.3133



59.3967, 0.3576, 0.3780



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443



59.3967, 0.2568, 0.2997



59.3967, 0.3496, 0.3133



59.3967, 0.3720, 0.3540

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.3991, 0.2763, 0.3443



95.6342, 0.3011, 0.3332



58.5930, 0.3178, 0.4146



20.3289, 0.2993, 0.3339



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

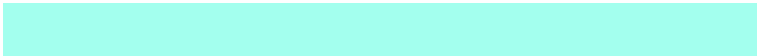


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.3991, 0.2763, 0.3443



85.5034, 0.2699, 0.3479



50.6568, 0.2666, 0.3036



14.0667, 0.3007, 0.3333



30.9419, 0.2412, 0.3884



1.8767, 0.2380, 0.3770



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.8892, 0.3676, 0.3145



50.8271, 0.3837, 0.3114



45.2279, 0.3732, 0.3530



12.4579, 0.3262, 0.3247



8.7430, 0.6102, 0.3135

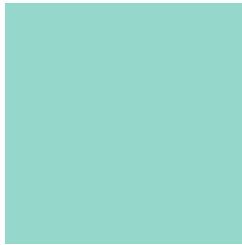


0.5387, 0.5635, 0.2878



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

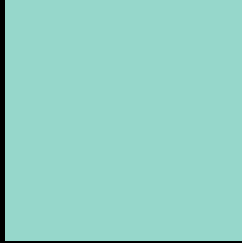
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

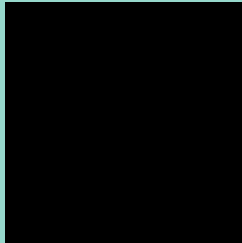
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

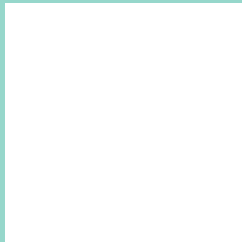
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443.

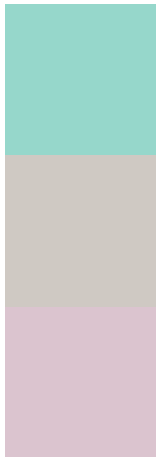


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443

### Protanopia

58.9788, 0.3218, 0.3361

### Deuteranopia

59.0449, 0.3228, 0.3166



## Tritanopia

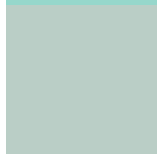
59.2579, 0.2651, 0.3080

# Trichromacy



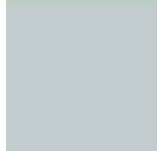
## Original Color

59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443



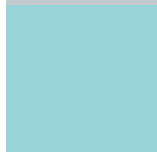
## Protanomaly

58.6589, 0.3033, 0.3388



## Deuteranomaly

58.6374, 0.3038, 0.3254



## Tritanomaly

59.0715, 0.2691, 0.3201

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443



## Achromatopsia

53.9479, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

55.7373, 0.2981, 0.3352

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 215, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 215, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 215, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 215, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 215, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 215, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 215, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 215, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 215, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 215,  
203) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 59.3967, 0.2763, 0.3443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 215, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
215, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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