

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(59.4776, 0.3502, 0.3097)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(59.4776, 0.3502, 0.3097)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F8BACC
RGB	248, 186, 204
RGB Percent	97%, 73%, 80%
CMY	0.0273, 0.2706, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.18, 0.03
HSL	343°, 82%, 85%
HSV	343°, 25%, 97%
XYZ	67.1770, 59.4339, 65.0496
YIQ	206.5900, 31.1740, 18.7420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

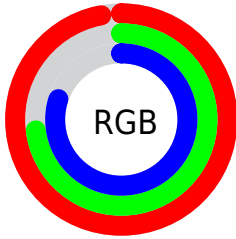
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	248, 186, 204
Decimal	16300748
CIE Lab	81.53, 24.99, -0.29
CIE LCh	82, 24.996, 359.334
Yxy	59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294490828 (0xFFF8BACC)
YUV	206.5900, -1.2769, 36.3166
Hunter-Lab	77.0934, 20.6264, 3.9379

# Details

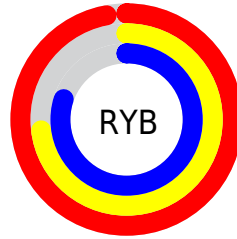
The Yxy color **59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **83.3096, 0.2852, 0.3489**, and the grayscale version is **62.1151, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.9843, 0.3133, 0.3165**, and **29.7809, 0.3605, 0.3046** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.0801, 0.3719, 0.3021**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.7025, 0.3330, 0.3180**.

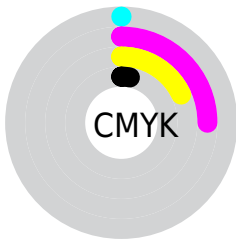
# Distribution



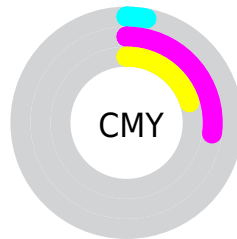
- Red (97%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 59.4339, 0.3505,  
0.3101

 59.4339, 0.3505,  
0.3101


422.5080, 0.3324,  
0.3192

 42.9625, 0.3548,  
0.3079


 104.0080, 0.3441,  
0.3133

 29.8557, 0.3602,  
0.3052


132.8796, 0.3416,  
0.3145

 19.7291, 0.3672,  
0.3018


166.6532, 0.3395,  
0.3156

 12.1983, 0.3766,  
0.2971

205.7135, 0.3377,  
0.3165

 6.8789, 0.3899,  
0.2904

250.4447, 0.3361,  
0.3173

 3.3865, 0.4101,  
0.2804


301.2313, 0.3347,

 1.3367, 0.4443,


0.3180


0.2635


358.4576, 0.3335,  
0.3186


 0.1693, 0.6734,  
0.1479


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 59.4339, 0.3505,  
0.3101


 59.4339, 0.3505,  
0.3101

 49.0801, 0.3719,  
0.3021


 71.7025, 0.3330,  
0.3180

 40.5359, 0.3976,  
0.2945

 85.9677, 0.3188,  
0.3254

 33.6988, 0.4280,  
0.2881

 98.7028, 0.3084,  
0.3290

 28.4521, 0.4626,  
0.2837

■ 24.6649, 0.4998,  
0.2828

■ 22.1848, 0.5368,  
0.2862

■ 20.8247, 0.5698,  
0.2942

■ 20.4299, 0.5842,  
0.2992

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.4339, 0.3191, 0.2890



59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101



59.4339, 0.3719, 0.3363

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101



59.4339, 0.3361, 0.3864



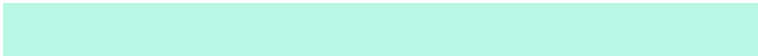
59.4339, 0.2527, 0.2917

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101



83.3096, 0.2852, 0.3489

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.4339, 0.2568, 0.3170



59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101



59.4339, 0.3039, 0.3743

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101



59.4339, 0.3629, 0.3810



59.4339, 0.2752, 0.3479



59.4339, 0.2636, 0.2779



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101



59.4339, 0.3770, 0.3539



59.4339, 0.2752, 0.3479



59.4339, 0.2524, 0.2990

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.4366, 0.3505, 0.3101



86.7699, 0.3228, 0.3232



58.6218, 0.3013, 0.2638



18.0737, 0.3248, 0.3221



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.4366, 0.3505, 0.3101



57.5025, 0.3607, 0.3061



64.0795, 0.3626, 0.3423



17.3080, 0.3248, 0.3221



11.0538, 0.5801, 0.2969



1.0413, 0.5465, 0.2784



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.4366, 0.3505, 0.3101



57.5025, 0.3607, 0.3061



76.9935, 0.2747, 0.3152



17.3080, 0.3248, 0.3221



11.0538, 0.5801, 0.2969



1.0413, 0.5465, 0.2784



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

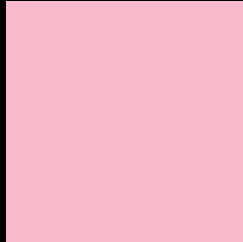
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101

### Protanopia

59.8825, 0.3065, 0.3162

### Deuteranopia

59.4321, 0.3299, 0.3223



## Tritanopia

59.7142, 0.3528, 0.3143

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101

## Protanomaly

59.3486, 0.3214, 0.3133

## Deuteranomaly

59.1669, 0.3370, 0.3169

## Tritanomaly

59.7614, 0.3519, 0.3133

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101

## Achromatopsia

62.3960, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

60.8327, 0.3257, 0.3212

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 186, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 186, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 186, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 186, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 186, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 186, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 186, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 186, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 186, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 186,  
204) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 59.4339, 0.3505, 0.3101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 186, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
186, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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