

# Converting Colors

Yxy(59.8456, 0.2491, 0.2754)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(59.8456, 0.2491, 0.2754)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99D1FF
RGB	153, 209, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 82%, 100%
CMY	0.3997, 0.1804, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.18, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	207°, 100%, 80%
HSV	207°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	53.9982, 59.5932, 103.2689
YIQ	197.5000, -48.1420, 2.4340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

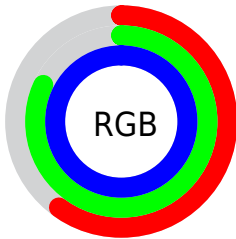
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	153, 189, 255
Decimal	10080767
CIE Lab	81.62, -6.65, -28.20
CIE LCh	82, 28.971, 256.730
Yxy	59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288270847 (0xFF99D1FF)
YUV	197.5000, 28.3475, -39.0265
Hunter-Lab	77.1966, -10.2353, -25.2768

# Details

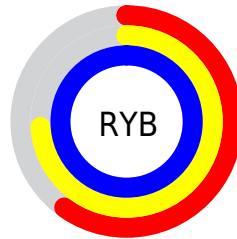
The Yxy color **59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **64.4502, 0.3945, 0.3770**, and the grayscale version is **56.0097, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.4416, 0.2860, 0.3289**, and **30.0613, 0.2340, 0.2620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.9259, 0.2336, 0.2583**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.2027, 0.2650, 0.2903**.

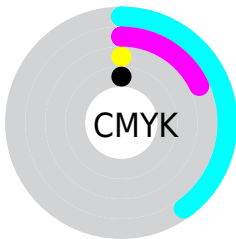
# Distribution



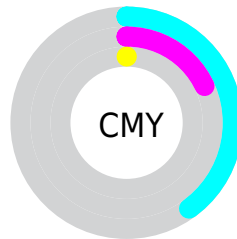
- Red (60%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 59.5932, 0.2490,  
0.2748


 59.5932, 0.2490,  
0.2748


423.0967, 0.2788,  
0.3006

 43.0908, 0.2422,  
0.2688


 104.2393, 0.2593,  
0.2839

 29.9564, 0.2338,  
0.2613


 133.1519, 0.2634,  
0.2874

 19.8055, 0.2233,  
0.2517


166.9699, 0.2668,  
0.2904

 12.2537, 0.2096,  
0.2392

206.0779, 0.2698,  
0.2930

 6.9167, 0.1913,  
0.2222

250.8601, 0.2725,  
0.2952

 3.4101, 0.1659,  
0.1979

301.7011, 0.2748,

 1.3494, 0.1291,

0.2973

0.1614

358.9852, 0.2769,  
0.2990

■ 0.1790, 0.0027,  
0.0613

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.5932, 0.2490,  
0.2748

■ 59.5932, 0.2490,  
0.2748

■ 51.9259, 0.2336,  
0.2583

■ 68.2027, 0.2650,  
0.2903

■ 45.1524, 0.2193,  
0.2409

■ 77.7881, 0.2812,  
0.3045

■ 39.2279, 0.2065,  
0.2231

■ 88.3880, 0.2972,  
0.3174

■ 34.0996, 0.1957,  
0.2053

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 29.7061, 0.1872,  
0.1879

■ 25.9529, 0.1809,  
0.1713

■ 25.9422, 0.1809,  
0.1712

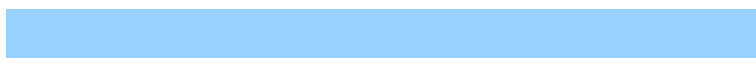
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.5932, 0.2437, 0.2964



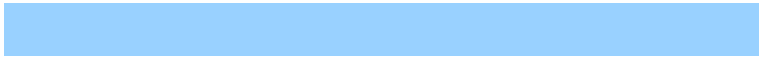
59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748



59.5932, 0.2703, 0.2682

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748



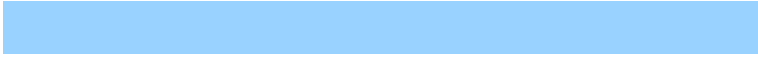
59.5932, 0.3730, 0.3240



59.5932, 0.3180, 0.3904

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748



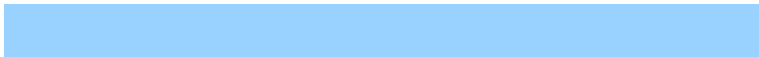
64.4502, 0.3945, 0.3770

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.5932, 0.3539, 0.3954



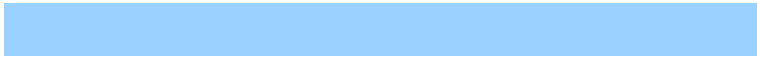
59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748



59.5932, 0.3870, 0.3546

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748



59.5932, 0.3418, 0.2961



59.5932, 0.3796, 0.3810

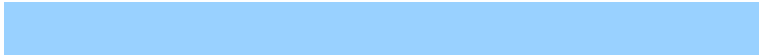


59.5932, 0.2821, 0.3654



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748



59.5932, 0.2917, 0.2719



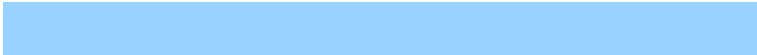
59.5932, 0.3796, 0.3810



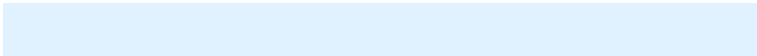
59.5932, 0.3305, 0.3944

# Sweetspot

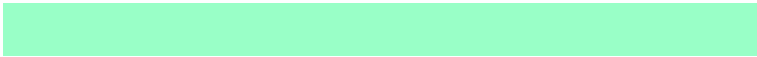
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.5951, 0.2490, 0.2748



86.1521, 0.2940, 0.3149



82.4207, 0.2841, 0.3955



18.1370, 0.2919, 0.3133



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

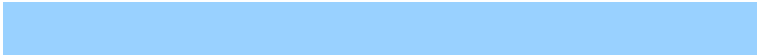


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

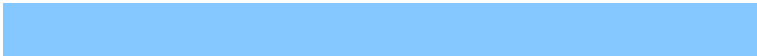


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.5951, 0.2490, 0.2748



53.3642, 0.2366, 0.2616



38.5128, 0.2391, 0.2119



19.0296, 0.2979, 0.3180



13.8580, 0.1817, 0.1739



1.5677, 0.1870, 0.1930



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6706, 0.3581, 0.2717



42.0839, 0.3713, 0.2606



91.8739, 0.3746, 0.4241



18.1538, 0.3208, 0.3160



12.1269, 0.4759, 0.2395

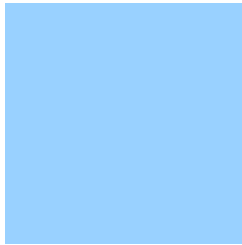


1.2028, 0.4533, 0.2271



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

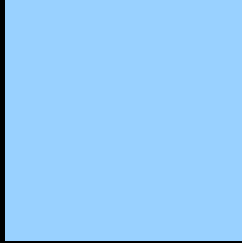
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

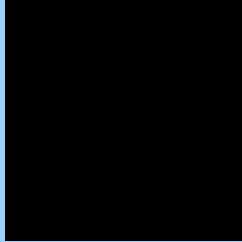
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

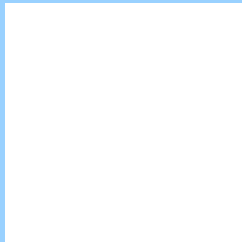
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748

### Protanopia

59.2245, 0.2738, 0.2737

### Deuteranopia

59.4043, 0.2714, 0.2667



## Tritanopia

59.5047, 0.2592, 0.3078

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748

**Protanomaly**

59.0240, 0.2639, 0.2738

**Deuteranomaly**

59.3968, 0.2623, 0.2698

**Tritanomaly**

59.7085, 0.2554, 0.2960

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748

**Achromatopsia**

56.4712, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

57.3006, 0.2864, 0.3084

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 209, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 209, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 209, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 209, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 209, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 209, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 209, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 209, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 209, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 209,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 59.5932, 0.2490, 0.2748 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 209, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
209, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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