

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(59.8550, 0.2603, 0.3067)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(59.8550, 0.2603, 0.3067)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96D5E7
RGB	150, 213, 231
RGB Percent	59%, 84%, 91%
CMY	0.4120, 0.1646, 0.0941
CMYK	0.35, 0.08, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	193°, 63%, 75%
HSV	193°, 35%, 91%
XYZ	50.7887, 59.8421, 84.4853
YIQ	196.2150, -43.3260, -7.7580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

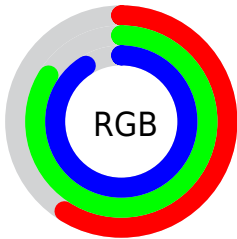
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	150, 185, 231
Decimal	9885159
CIELab	81.75, -15.61, -15.24
CIELCh	82, 21.817, 224.325
Yxy	59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288075239 (0xFF96D5E7)
YUV	196.2150, 17.1490, -40.5306
Hunter-Lab	77.3577, -18.1828, -10.6025

# Details

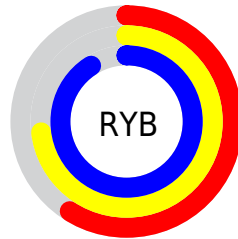
The Yxy color **59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **47.1752, 0.3891, 0.3500**, and the grayscale version is **55.2467, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.8618, 0.2838, 0.3289**, and **29.9818, 0.2476, 0.3007** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.3258, 0.2471, 0.2992**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.8767, 0.2746, 0.3137**.

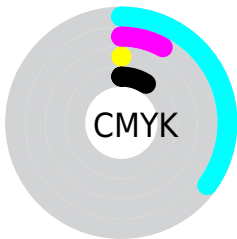
# Distribution



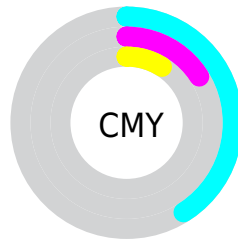
- Red (59%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 59.8421, 0.2603,  
0.3067

 59.8421, 0.2603,  
0.3067


424.0155, 0.2849,  
0.3178

 43.2914, 0.2546,  
0.3040

 104.6006, 0.2689,  
0.3107

 30.1138, 0.2475,  
0.3005


 133.5771, 0.2722,  
0.3122

 19.9250, 0.2385,  
0.2959


167.4644, 0.2751,  
0.3135

 12.3405, 0.2267,  
0.2897

206.6468, 0.2776,  
0.3146

 6.9760, 0.2106,  
0.2807

251.5087, 0.2798,  
0.3156

 3.4471, 0.1873,  
0.2667

302.4345, 0.2817,

 1.3694, 0.1516,

0.3164

0.2427

359.8087, 0.2834,  
0.3172

0.1940, 0.0000,  
0.1288

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

59.8421, 0.2603,  
0.3067

59.8421, 0.2603,  
0.3067

55.3258, 0.2471,  
0.2992

64.8767, 0.2746,  
0.3137

51.2944, 0.2352,  
0.2914

70.4466, 0.2895,  
0.3202

47.7214, 0.2250,  
0.2833

76.5767, 0.3048,  
0.3262

44.5742, 0.2166,  
0.2751

83.2880, 0.3203,  
0.3316

■ 41.8150, 0.2103,  
0.2668

■ 88.5646, 0.3285,  
0.3366

■ 39.3977, 0.2058,  
0.2587

■ 91.6051, 0.3279,  
0.3415

■ 38.3012, 0.2041,  
0.2547

■ 94.7314, 0.3274,  
0.3465

■ 97.9443, 0.3269,  
0.3513

■ 98.5504, 0.3268,  
0.3522

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.8421, 0.2705, 0.3321



59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067



59.8421, 0.2633, 0.2890

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067



59.8421, 0.3326, 0.3024



59.8421, 0.3460, 0.3784

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067



47.1752, 0.3891, 0.3500

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.8421, 0.3641, 0.3675



59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067



59.8421, 0.3564, 0.3238

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067



59.8421, 0.3041, 0.2876



59.8421, 0.3682, 0.3473



59.8421, 0.3194, 0.3753



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067



59.8421, 0.2725, 0.2834



59.8421, 0.3682, 0.3473



59.8421, 0.3533, 0.3761

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.8445, 0.2603, 0.3067



91.1533, 0.2957, 0.3227



66.4475, 0.2979, 0.4109



19.2902, 0.2936, 0.3219



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

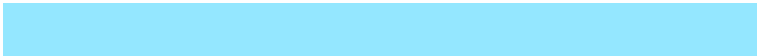


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.8445, 0.2603, 0.3067



70.7821, 0.2507, 0.3014



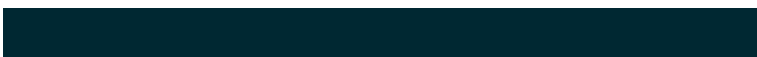
42.1021, 0.2532, 0.2543



15.7649, 0.2981, 0.3237



21.6615, 0.2045, 0.2560



1.7349, 0.2078, 0.2679



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.5900, 0.3328, 0.2596



48.1905, 0.3381, 0.2458



64.3247, 0.3735, 0.3937



14.5576, 0.3172, 0.3109



11.3845, 0.3863, 0.1902

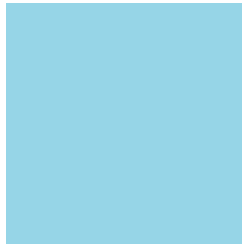


0.8548, 0.3748, 0.1839



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

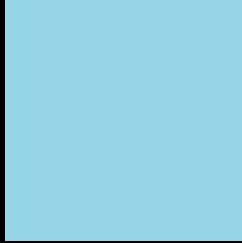
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

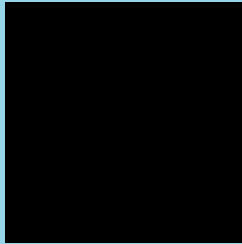
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067

### Protanopia

59.3804, 0.2966, 0.3035

### Deuteranopia

59.1384, 0.2943, 0.2874



## Tritanopia

59.7857, 0.2609, 0.3079

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067

**Protanomaly**

59.0987, 0.2821, 0.3040

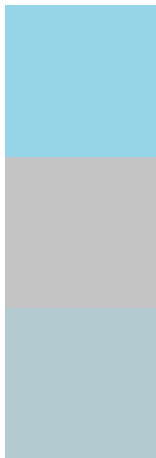
**Deuteranomaly**

59.0342, 0.2804, 0.2939

**Tritanomaly**

59.7857, 0.2609, 0.3079

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067

**Achromatopsia**

55.2011, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

56.4282, 0.2908, 0.3203

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 213, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 213, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 213, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 213, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 213, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 213, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 213, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 213, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 213, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 213,  
231) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 59.8421, 0.2603, 0.3067 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 213, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
213, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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