

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(6.1276, 0.1984, 0.1426)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(6.1276, 0.1984, 0.1426)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	393B93
RGB	57, 59, 147
RGB Percent	22%, 23%, 58%
CMY	0.7764, 0.7686, 0.4235
CMYK	0.61, 0.60, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	239°, 44%, 40%
HSV	239°, 61%, 58%
XYZ	8.5187, 6.1044, 28.3354
YIQ	68.4340, -29.4400, 26.9440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

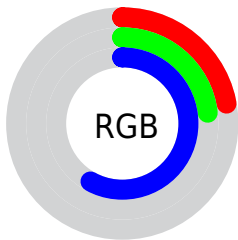
Format	Color
RYB	57, 59, 147
Decimal	3750803
CIELab	29.67, 26.89, -48.94
CIELCh	30, 55.839, 298.784
Yxy	6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281940883 (0xFF393B93)
YUV	68.4340, 38.7330, -10.0276
Hunter-Lab	24.7071, 18.3070, -50.7020

Details


The Yxy color **6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333399**. A complement of this color would be **26.7585, 0.3984, 0.4654**, and the grayscale version is **5.7946, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **18.0830, 0.2288, 0.1829**, and **1.2271, 0.1570, 0.0850** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4.4535, 0.1803, 0.1122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.2879, 0.2184, 0.1753**.

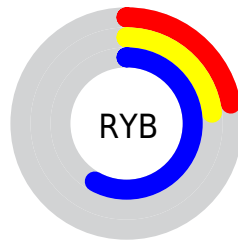
Distribution



 Red (22%)

 Green (23%)

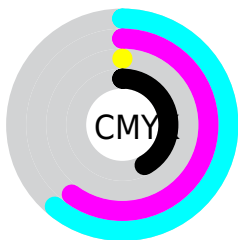
 Blue (58%)





 Red (22%)

 Yellow (23%)

 Blue (58%)

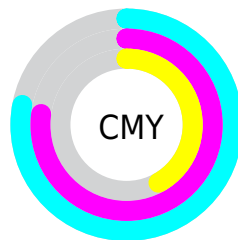


 Cyan (61%)

 Magenta (60%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (42%)



 Cyan (78%)

 Magenta (77%)

 Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.1044, 0.1983,
0.1421

6.1044, 0.1983,
0.1421

159.9997, 0.2710,
0.2492

2.9087, 0.1742,
0.1130

18.1474, 0.2291,
0.1836

1.0842, 0.1405,
0.0770

27.7634, 0.2393,
0.1985

0.0000, 0.0944,
0.0000

40.2882, 0.2474,
0.2108

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

56.1064, 0.2540,
0.2211

75.6022, 0.2594,
0.2298

99.1601, 0.2639,

0.2372

127.1645, 0.2678,
0.2436

■ 6.1044, 0.1983,
0.1421

■ 6.1044, 0.1983,
0.1421

■ 4.4535, 0.1803,
0.1122

■ 8.2879, 0.2184,
0.1753

■ 3.2890, 0.1659,
0.0879

■ 11.0436, 0.2392,
0.2094

■ 2.5582, 0.1561,
0.0711

■ 14.4082, 0.2595,
0.2426

■ 2.1769, 0.1505,
0.0618

■ 18.4150, 0.2784,
0.2735

■ 23.0949, 0.2957,
0.3014

■ 28.4769, 0.3110,
0.3262

■ 34.5883, 0.3244,
0.3479

■ 41.4549, 0.3361,
0.3667

■ 49.1012, 0.3462,
0.3829

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.1044, 0.1267, 0.1357



6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421



6.1044, 0.3252, 0.1783

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421



6.1044, 0.5799, 0.4043



6.1044, 0.1462, 0.4184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421



26.7585, 0.3984, 0.4654

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.1044, 0.2446, 0.5922



6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421



6.1044, 0.4918, 0.5082

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421



6.1044, 0.5853, 0.3163



6.1044, 0.3737, 0.6108



6.1044, 0.1000, 0.2480

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421



6.1044, 0.4325, 0.2179



6.1044, 0.3737, 0.6108



6.1044, 0.1739, 0.4866

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.1046, 0.1983, 0.1421



35.2344, 0.2835, 0.2817



23.7535, 0.2417, 0.3347



7.5565, 0.2787, 0.2740



74.8414, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.9280, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.1046, 0.1983, 0.1421



7.1977, 0.1751, 0.1035



7.6880, 0.2473, 0.1601



5.6522, 0.2989, 0.3067



1.8920, 0.1506, 0.0619



0.0272, 0.1532, 0.0715

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.4473, 0.4936, 0.3264



13.8056, 0.5548, 0.3267



24.1689, 0.3483, 0.4951



5.8173, 0.3279, 0.3286



5.3844, 0.6368, 0.3282



0.0663, 0.6207, 0.3193

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

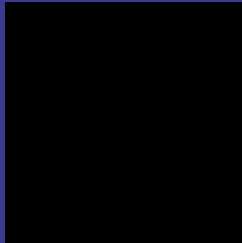
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421

Protanopia

5.9975, 0.1753, 0.1509

Deuteranopia

6.0648, 0.1867, 0.1922



Tritanopia

6.1390, 0.2322, 0.3088

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421

Protanomaly

5.8398, 0.1787, 0.1454

Deuteranomaly

5.8397, 0.1855, 0.1672

Tritanomaly

5.8142, 0.2150, 0.2251

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421

Achromatopsia

5.7805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

5.7336, 0.2569, 0.2390

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 59, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 59, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 59, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 59, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 59, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 59, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 59, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 59, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 59, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 59,  
147) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 6.1044, 0.1983, 0.1421 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 59, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 59,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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