

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005230
RGB	0, 82, 48
RGB Percent	0%, 32%, 19%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6784, 0.8117
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.41, 0.68
HSL	155°, 100%, 16%
HSV	155°, 100%, 32%
XYZ	3.5508, 6.2480, 3.8163
YIQ	53.6060, -37.9580, -27.9580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

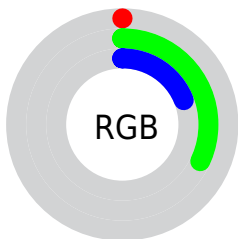
Format	Color
RYB	0, 52, 82
Decimal	21040
CIELab	30.03, -31.26, 13.91
CIELCh	30, 34.211, 156.011
Yxy	6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278211120 (0xFF005230)
YUV	53.6060, -2.7638, -47.0125
Hunter-Lab	24.9960, -18.3860, 8.4449

Details

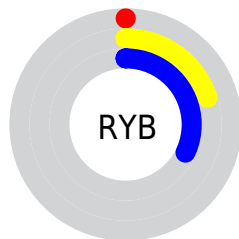
The Yxy color **6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **1.9093, 0.5120, 0.2594**, and the grayscale version is **3.6451, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **18.3674, 0.2789, 0.4158**, and **1.3253, 0.2976, 0.5912** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.2483, 0.2608, 0.4589**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.3304, 0.2613, 0.4439**.

Distribution



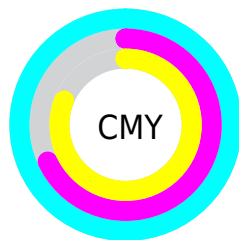
- Red (0%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (68%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 6.2480, 0.2608,
0.4589


 6.2480, 0.2608,
0.4589


161.2603, 0.2973,
0.3686


 2.9965, 0.2430,
0.5017

 18.4435, 0.2785,
0.4155


 1.1299, 0.1762,
0.6812


 28.1563, 0.2836,
0.4030

 0.0033, 0.0000,
1.0000

 40.7917, 0.2873,
0.3937


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 56.7339, 0.2902,
0.3864


 76.3676, 0.2925,
0.3806


 100.0769, 0.2944,


0.3759


 128.2463, 0.2960,
0.3720

 6.2480, 0.2608,
0.4589


 6.2480, 0.2608,
0.4589


 6.2483, 0.2608,
0.4589

 6.3304, 0.2613,
0.4439

 6.4226, 0.2621,
0.4291

 6.5441, 0.2645,
0.4143

 6.6984, 0.2684,
0.3998

 6.8880, 0.2738,
0.3859

■ 7.1151, 0.2802,
0.3727

■ 7.3819, 0.2876,
0.3604

■ 7.6901, 0.2956,
0.3489

■ 8.0416, 0.3040,
0.3385

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.2480, 0.3465, 0.5024



6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589



6.2480, 0.1942, 0.3592

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589



6.2480, 0.1937, 0.1931



6.2480, 0.4918, 0.3497

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589



1.9093, 0.5120, 0.2594

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.2480, 0.4396, 0.2877



6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589



6.2480, 0.2570, 0.2024

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589



6.2480, 0.1622, 0.2122



6.2480, 0.3475, 0.2358



6.2480, 0.4838, 0.4154

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589



6.2480, 0.1685, 0.2938



6.2480, 0.3475, 0.2358



6.2480, 0.4809, 0.3284

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.2483, 0.2608, 0.4589



12.8351, 0.2868, 0.3616



6.3778, 0.3318, 0.5747



3.1352, 0.2850, 0.3645



46.2361, 0.3127, 0.3290



3.6306, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.2483, 0.2608, 0.4589



10.8919, 0.2622, 0.4637



5.6642, 0.2180, 0.3049



2.1074, 0.3051, 0.3372



10.3510, 0.2620, 0.4633



59.5151, 0.2648, 0.4731

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.9093, 0.5120, 0.2594



3.3168, 0.5200, 0.2638



1.9423, 0.6253, 0.3417



1.9157, 0.3210, 0.3209



3.1530, 0.5194, 0.2635



18.0121, 0.5354, 0.2723

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

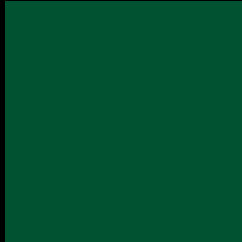
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589

Protanopia

6.2661, 0.3765, 0.4089

Deuteranopia

6.2581, 0.3811, 0.3773



Tritanopia

6.3649, 0.2361, 0.3092

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589

Protanomaly

5.8746, 0.3147, 0.4344

Deuteranomaly

5.7523, 0.3145, 0.4087

Tritanomaly

6.1853, 0.2426, 0.3571

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589

Achromatopsia

3.6889, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

4.2548, 0.2761, 0.3774

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 82, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 82, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 82, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 82, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 82, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 82, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 82, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 82, 48); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 82, 48); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 82, 48) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 6.2480, 0.2608, 0.4589 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 82, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 82,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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