

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(6.3135, 0.2371, 0.2990)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(6.3135, 0.2371, 0.2990)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	224D56
RGB	34, 77, 86
RGB Percent	13%, 30%, 34%
CMY	0.8668, 0.6980, 0.6627
CMYK	0.61, 0.10, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	190°, 43%, 24%
HSV	190°, 61%, 34%
XYZ	4.9921, 6.3197, 9.7609
YIQ	65.1690, -28.5170, -6.3170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

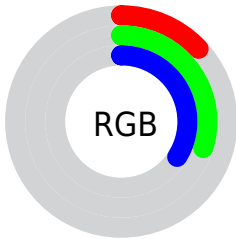
Format	Color
R _Y B	34, 58, 86
Decimal	2248022
CIE Lab	30.21, -11.91, -9.85
CIE LCh	30, 15.454, 219.578
Yxy	6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280438102 (0xFF224D56)
YUV	65.1690, 10.2697, -27.3352
Hunter-Lab	25.1390, -8.5466, -5.4236

Details

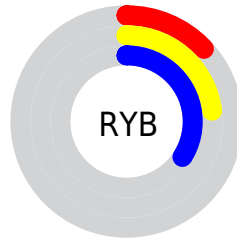
The Yxy color **6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **3.8178, 0.4623, 0.3538**, and the grayscale version is **5.2990, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **18.5841, 0.2585, 0.3087**, and **1.2478, 0.2107, 0.2785** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **5.9862, 0.2281, 0.2943**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.6950, 0.2471, 0.3054**.

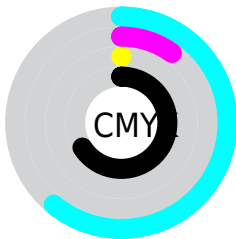
Distribution



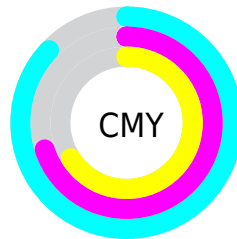
- Red (13%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)





- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 6.3197, 0.2369,
0.2999


 6.3197, 0.2369,
0.2999


161.8849, 0.2860,
0.3200


 3.0404, 0.2178,
0.2908

 18.5909, 0.2588,
0.3094


 1.1529, 0.1863,
0.2743

 28.3517, 0.2656,
0.3122


 0.0227, 0.0000,
0.0309

 41.0417, 0.2709,
0.3143

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 57.0454, 0.2751,
0.3159

 76.7472, 0.2786,
0.3172

 100.5314, 0.2815,

0.3183

128.7825, 0.2839,
0.3192

6.3197, 0.2369,
0.2999

6.3197, 0.2369,
0.2999

5.9862, 0.2281,
0.2943

6.6950, 0.2471,
0.3054

5.6910, 0.2210,
0.2886

7.1140, 0.2585,
0.3107

5.4305, 0.2154,
0.2828

7.5792, 0.2710,
0.3157

5.1961, 0.2104,
0.2773

8.0928, 0.2842,
0.3204

8.6567, 0.2979,
0.3248

■ 9.2727, 0.3120,
0.3288

■ 9.9428, 0.3261,
0.3325

■ 10.6686, 0.3402,
0.3358

■ 11.4516, 0.3541,
0.3388

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.3197, 0.2541, 0.3394



6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999



6.3197, 0.2383, 0.2723

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999



6.3197, 0.3354, 0.2858



6.3197, 0.3671, 0.4016

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999



3.8178, 0.4623, 0.3538

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.3197, 0.3921, 0.3808



6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999



6.3197, 0.3738, 0.3152

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999



6.3197, 0.2928, 0.2665



6.3197, 0.3950, 0.3491



6.3197, 0.3284, 0.4022

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999



6.3197, 0.2496, 0.2630



6.3197, 0.3950, 0.3491



6.3197, 0.3775, 0.3965

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.3199, 0.2369, 0.2999



14.3253, 0.2868, 0.3213



7.1667, 0.2947, 0.4783



3.4519, 0.2842, 0.3204



47.7000, 0.3127, 0.3290



3.9682, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.3199, 0.2369, 0.2999



10.1987, 0.2244, 0.2915



3.4055, 0.2180, 0.2100



2.3075, 0.3003, 0.3255



8.1407, 0.2099, 0.2758



44.5849, 0.2089, 0.2720

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.6559, 0.3416, 0.2172



5.2841, 0.3507, 0.1974



6.3073, 0.4172, 0.4222



2.1447, 0.3158, 0.3128



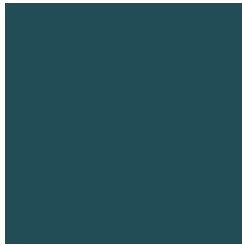
3.8464, 0.3674, 0.1798



21.4918, 0.3709, 0.1817

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

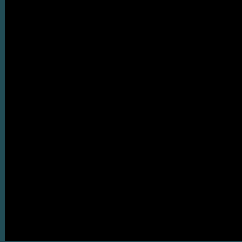
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999

Protanopia

6.2547, 0.2897, 0.2938

Deuteranopia

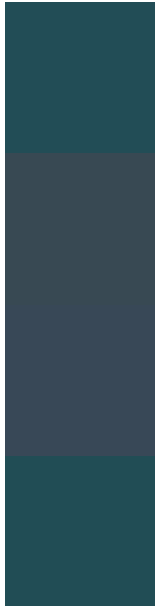
6.2260, 0.2798, 0.2746



Tritanopia

6.2712, 0.2382, 0.3060

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999

Protanomaly

6.2304, 0.2668, 0.2981

Deuteranomaly

6.1636, 0.2607, 0.2835

Tritanomaly

6.2870, 0.2371, 0.3029

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999

Achromatopsia

5.2861, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

5.5216, 0.2775, 0.3158

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 77, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 77, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 77, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 77, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 77, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 77, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 77, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 77, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 77, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 77, 86)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 6.3197, 0.2369, 0.2999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 77, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 77,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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