

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(6.3236, 0.3793, 0.2299)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(6.3236, 0.3793, 0.2299)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78295C
RGB	120, 41, 92
RGB Percent	47%, 16%, 36%
CMY	0.5294, 0.8392, 0.6393
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.23, 0.53
HSL	321°, 49%, 32%
HSV	321°, 66%, 47%
XYZ	10.4693, 6.3517, 10.7951
YIQ	70.4350, 30.7130, 32.6090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

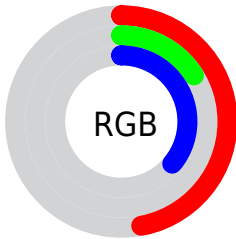
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 41, 92
Decimal	7874908
CIE _{Lab}	30.28, 40.18, -12.77
CIE _{LCh}	30, 42.163, 342.373
Yxy	6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286064988 (0xFF78295C)
YUV	70.4350, 10.6315, 43.4685
Hunter-Lab	25.2026, 30.0451, -7.7541

Details

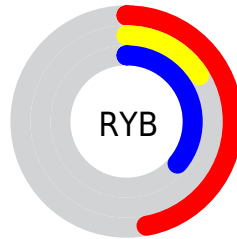
The Yxy color **6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **14.3335, 0.2810, 0.4626**, and the grayscale version is **6.1799, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **18.7212, 0.3619, 0.2567**, and **1.4262, 0.4103, 0.2034** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **5.5722, 0.3937, 0.2208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.3892, 0.3654, 0.2423**.

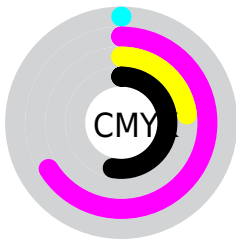
Distribution



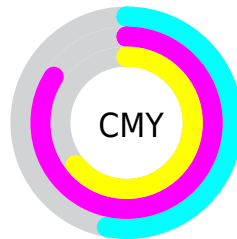
- Red (47%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (53%)





- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 6.3517, 0.3791,
0.2300


 6.3517, 0.3791,
0.2300


162.1627, 0.3374,
0.2911


 3.0601, 0.3942,
0.2088

 18.6566, 0.3611,
0.2560


 1.1632, 0.4178,
0.1768


 28.4387, 0.3553,
0.2645

 0.0313, 0.5162,
0.0158

 41.1530, 0.3507,
0.2712

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 57.1840, 0.3470,
0.2767

 76.9161, 0.3440,
0.2812

 100.7336, 0.3414,

0.2850

129.0210, 0.3393,
0.2883

■ 6.3517, 0.3791,
0.2300

■ 6.3517, 0.3791,
0.2300

■ 5.5722, 0.3937,
0.2208

■ 7.3892, 0.3654,
0.2423

■ 5.0259, 0.4088,
0.2157

■ 8.7046, 0.3528,
0.2568

■ 4.6692, 0.4240,
0.2148

■ 10.3172, 0.3417,
0.2725

■ 4.5347, 0.4306,
0.2146

■ 12.2439, 0.3319,
0.2887

■ 14.5007, 0.3235,
0.3047

■ 17.1023, 0.3164,
0.3203

■ 20.0624, 0.3103,
0.3351

■ 23.3943, 0.3052,
0.3490

■ 27.1104, 0.3009,
0.3619

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.3517, 0.2652, 0.1871



6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300



6.3517, 0.4868, 0.2917

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300



6.3517, 0.4245, 0.5132



6.3517, 0.1332, 0.2333

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300



14.3335, 0.2810, 0.4626

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.3517, 0.1595, 0.3359



6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300



6.3517, 0.3247, 0.5417

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300



6.3517, 0.5027, 0.4391



6.3517, 0.2273, 0.4696



6.3517, 0.1422, 0.1825

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300



6.3517, 0.5261, 0.3382



6.3517, 0.2273, 0.4696



6.3517, 0.1377, 0.2614

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.3520, 0.3791, 0.2300



23.5784, 0.3273, 0.2973



4.1956, 0.2277, 0.1445



5.3764, 0.3292, 0.2936



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.3520, 0.3791, 0.2300



9.2614, 0.4014, 0.2177



5.8354, 0.4829, 0.3070



4.0545, 0.3186, 0.3153



4.9448, 0.4312, 0.2149



23.4206, 0.4385, 0.2189

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.3520, 0.3791, 0.2300



9.2614, 0.4014, 0.2177



14.9893, 0.2468, 0.3576



4.0545, 0.3186, 0.3153



4.9448, 0.4312, 0.2149



23.4206, 0.4385, 0.2189

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

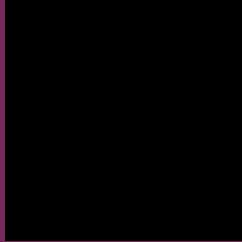
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300

Protanopia

6.5850, 0.2274, 0.2146

Deuteranopia

6.5888, 0.2854, 0.2812



Tritanopia

6.4159, 0.4629, 0.3233

Trichromacy



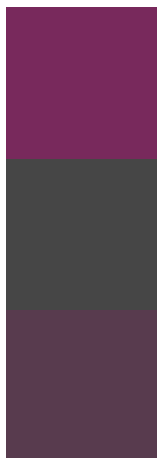
Original Color
6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300

Protanomaly
5.9555, 0.2666, 0.2118

Deuteranomaly
6.0768, 0.3162, 0.2549

Tritanomaly
6.3019, 0.4329, 0.2862

Monochromacy



Original Color
6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300

Achromatopsia
6.1246, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly
5.7527, 0.3369, 0.2783

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 41, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 41, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 41, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 41, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 41, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 41, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 41, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 41, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 41, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 41,  
92) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 6.3517, 0.3791, 0.2300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 41, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120, 41,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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