

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(6.8670, 0.3820, 0.2638)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(6.8670, 0.3820, 0.2638)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	733654
RGB	115, 54, 84
RGB Percent	45%, 21%, 33%
CMY	0.5491, 0.7882, 0.6706
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.27, 0.55
HSL	331°, 36%, 33%
HSV	331°, 53%, 45%
XYZ	9.9881, 6.9233, 9.1945
YIQ	75.6590, 26.7260, 22.2620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

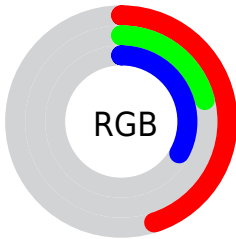
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 54, 84
Decimal	7550548
CIE _{Lab}	31.63, 30.64, -5.62
CIE _{LCh}	32, 31.152, 349.605
Yxy	6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285740628 (0xFF733654)
YUV	75.6590, 4.1121, 34.5021
Hunter-Lab	26.3122, 21.7126, -2.2998

Details

The Yxy color $6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $13.6998, 0.2754, 0.4060$, and the grayscale version is $7.1511, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $19.8567, 0.3624, 0.2820$, and $1.3450, 0.4278, 0.2270$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $5.8889, 0.4030, 0.2553$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $8.2192, 0.3646, 0.2768$.

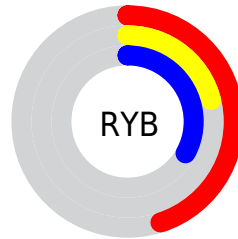
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (21%)

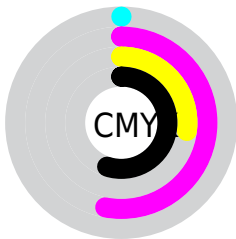
Blue (33%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (33%)

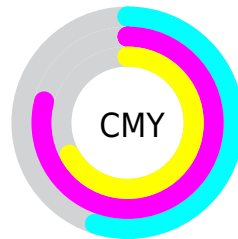


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)


Magenta (79%)


Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 6.9233, 0.3826,
0.2652


 6.9233, 0.3826,
0.2652


 167.0248, 0.3377,
0.3055


 3.4142, 0.3999,
0.2504

 19.8187, 0.3627,
0.2827


 1.3516, 0.4283,
0.2267


 29.9739, 0.3565,
0.2883

 0.1806, 0.5448,
0.1067

 43.1131, 0.3516,
0.2927

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 59.6208, 0.3477,
0.2963

 79.8815, 0.3445,
0.2992

 104.2794, 0.3419,

0.3016

133.1991, 0.3396,
0.3037

■ 6.9233, 0.3826,
0.2652

■ 6.9233, 0.3826,
0.2652

■ 5.8889, 0.4030,
0.2553

■ 8.2192, 0.3646,
0.2768

■ 5.0966, 0.4254,
0.2481

■ 9.7922, 0.3490,
0.2891

■ 4.5262, 0.4492,
0.2448

■ 11.6577, 0.3357,
0.3016

■ 4.1508, 0.4733,
0.2459

■ 13.8298, 0.3246,
0.3139

■ 3.9348, 0.4907,
0.2477

■ 16.3216, 0.3152,
0.3256

■ 19.1454, 0.3074,
0.3366

■ 22.3131, 0.3009,
0.3468

■ 25.8358, 0.2955,
0.3563

■ 29.7240, 0.2910,
0.3650

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.9233, 0.2982, 0.2260



6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652



6.9233, 0.4515, 0.3182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652



6.9233, 0.3866, 0.4758



6.9233, 0.1730, 0.2483

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652



13.6998, 0.2754, 0.4060

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.9233, 0.1895, 0.3166



6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652



6.9233, 0.3095, 0.4707

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652



6.9233, 0.4483, 0.4350



6.9233, 0.2374, 0.4056



6.9233, 0.1863, 0.2131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652



6.9233, 0.4732, 0.3573



6.9233, 0.2374, 0.4056



6.9233, 0.1750, 0.2674

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.9236, 0.3826, 0.2652



23.3865, 0.3281, 0.3098



5.7853, 0.2634, 0.1878



5.4295, 0.3299, 0.3078



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.9236, 0.3826, 0.2652



10.1295, 0.4088, 0.2531



6.5502, 0.4554, 0.3294



3.7281, 0.3207, 0.3186



4.4948, 0.4920, 0.2484



21.7315, 0.5035, 0.2548

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.9236, 0.3826, 0.2652



10.1295, 0.4088, 0.2531



14.2812, 0.2474, 0.3288



3.7281, 0.3207, 0.3186



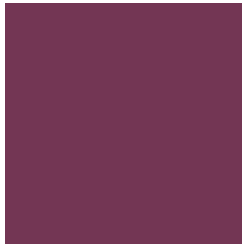
4.4948, 0.4920, 0.2484



21.7315, 0.5035, 0.2548

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

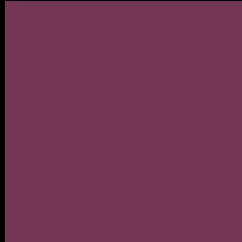
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

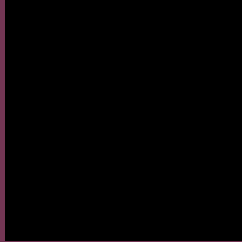
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652

Protanopia

7.0446, 0.2663, 0.2639

Deuteranopia

7.0646, 0.3119, 0.3070



Tritanopia

6.8957, 0.4256, 0.3183

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652

Protanomaly

6.7831, 0.3025, 0.2623

Deuteranomaly

6.8328, 0.3370, 0.2883

Tritanomaly

6.9586, 0.4094, 0.2987

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652

Achromatopsia

7.2272, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.8724, 0.3362, 0.3003

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 54, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 54, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 54, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 54, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 54, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 54, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 54, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 54, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 54, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 54,  
84) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 6.9233, 0.3826, 0.2652 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 54, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 54,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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