

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(60.0478, 0.3137, 0.3290)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(60.0478, 0.3137, 0.3290)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CDCBCB
RGB	205, 203, 203
RGB Percent	80%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.1959, 0.2040, 0.2040
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.20
HSL	360°, 2%, 80%
HSV	360°, 1%, 80%
XYZ	57.3218, 60.0028, 65.0547
YIQ	203.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

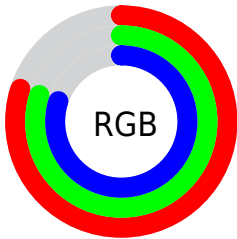
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 203, 203
Decimal	13487051
CIE Lab	81.84, 0.72, 0.24
CIE LCh	82, 0.755, 18.512
Yxy	60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291677131 (0xFFCDCBCB)
YUV	203.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	77.4615, -3.4668, 4.4293

# Details

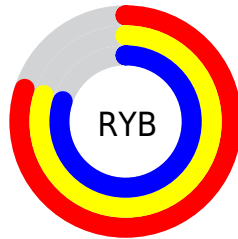
The Yxy color `60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `60.7930, 0.3112, 0.3290`, and the grayscale version is `60.1233, 0.3127, 0.3290`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290`, and `30.2441, 0.3148, 0.3290` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `50.0399, 0.3322, 0.3290`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `71.3809, 0.3000, 0.3290`.

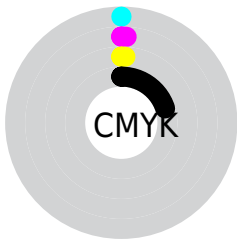
# Distribution



- Red (80%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 60.0028, 0.3143,  
0.3290

■ 60.0028, 0.3143,  
0.3290

424.6081, 0.3135,  
0.3290

■ 43.4209, 0.3145,  
0.3290

104.8337, 0.3140,  
0.3290

■ 30.2155, 0.3147,  
0.3290

133.8515, 0.3139,  
0.3290

■ 20.0022, 0.3150,  
0.3290

167.7834, 0.3138,  
0.3290

■ 12.3967, 0.3154,  
0.3290

207.0138, 0.3138,  
0.3290

■ 7.0144, 0.3159,  
0.3290

251.9271, 0.3137,  
0.3290

■ 3.4711, 0.3168,  
0.3290

302.9076, 0.3136,

■ 1.3824, 0.3183,

0.3290

0.3289

360.3398, 0.3136,  
0.3290

0.2037, 0.3406,  
0.3286

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

60.0028, 0.3143,  
0.3290

60.0028, 0.3143,  
0.3290

50.0399, 0.3322,  
0.3290

71.3809, 0.3000,  
0.3290

41.4294, 0.3545,  
0.3291

84.2182, 0.2885,  
0.3290

34.1155, 0.3824,  
0.3291

91.7266, 0.2833,  
0.3289

28.0354, 0.4166,  
0.3292

■ 23.1211, 0.4575,  
0.3293

■ 19.2981, 0.5037,  
0.3294

■ 16.4832, 0.5515,  
0.3296

■ 14.5813, 0.5944,  
0.3297

■ 13.4794, 0.6247,  
0.3299

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.0028, 0.3136, 0.3282



60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290



60.0028, 0.3146, 0.3298

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290



60.0028, 0.3129, 0.3305



60.0028, 0.3110, 0.3276

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290



60.7930, 0.3112, 0.3290

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.0028, 0.3108, 0.3282



60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290



60.0028, 0.3119, 0.3299

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290



60.0028, 0.3138, 0.3307



60.0028, 0.3112, 0.3290



60.0028, 0.3117, 0.3273



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290



60.0028, 0.3146, 0.3303



60.0028, 0.3112, 0.3290



60.0028, 0.3109, 0.3278

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.0054, 0.3143, 0.3290

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



60.0994, 0.3128, 0.3266



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.0054, 0.3143, 0.3290



98.2208, 0.3143, 0.3290



60.4775, 0.3142, 0.3302



13.0675, 0.3142, 0.3290



8.0803, 0.6400, 0.3299



0.4169, 0.6396, 0.3297



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.0054, 0.3143, 0.3290



98.2208, 0.3143, 0.3290



60.3177, 0.3112, 0.3278



13.0675, 0.3142, 0.3290



8.0803, 0.6400, 0.3299

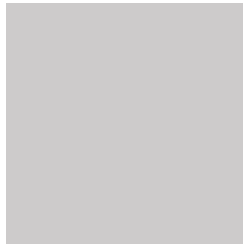


0.4169, 0.6396, 0.3297



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

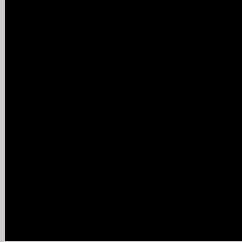
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

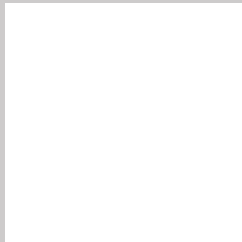


**Yxy 60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290.

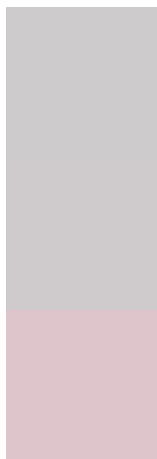


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290

### Protanopia

59.8183, 0.3159, 0.3278

### Deuteranopia

59.8217, 0.3274, 0.3212



## Tritanopia

60.0484, 0.3059, 0.3106

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290

## Protanomaly

59.6747, 0.3151, 0.3278

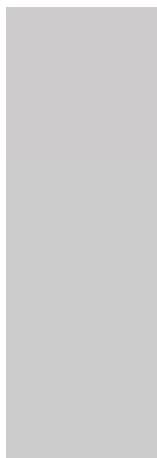
## Deuteranomaly

59.8054, 0.3224, 0.3233

## Tritanomaly

60.1163, 0.3087, 0.3174

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290

## Achromatopsia

60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 203, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 203, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 203, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 203, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 203, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 203, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 203, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 203, 203); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 203, 203); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 203, 203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 60.0028, 0.3143, 0.3290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 203, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
203, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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