

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(60.2982, 0.2634, 0.3119)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(60.2982, 0.2634, 0.3119)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98D6E4
RGB	152, 214, 228
RGB Percent	60%, 84%, 89%
CMY	0.4041, 0.1607, 0.1058
CMYK	0.33, 0.06, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	191°, 59%, 75%
HSV	191°, 33%, 89%
XYZ	50.9929, 60.3700, 82.3791
YIQ	197.0580, -41.4460, -8.7900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

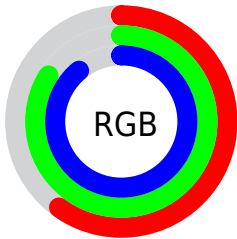
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">152, 186, 228</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10016484</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">82.04, -16.30, -13.21</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">82, 20.980, 219.022</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288206564</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF98D6E4</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">197.0580, 15.2544, -39.5159</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">77.6981, -18.8231, -8.4733</a>

# Details

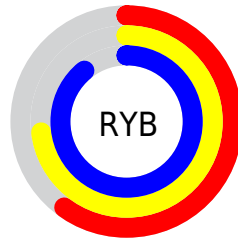
The Yxy color **60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **46.0174, 0.3852, 0.3456**, and the grayscale version is **55.7915, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.1499, 0.2849, 0.3289**, and **30.4101, 0.2511, 0.3057** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.2825, 0.2502, 0.3055**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.9400, 0.2773, 0.3173**.

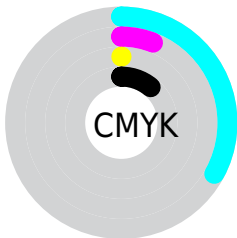
# Distribution



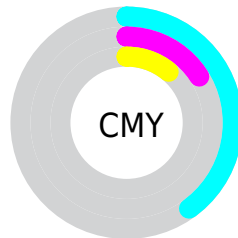
- Red (60%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 60.3700, 0.2632,  
0.3116


 60.3700, 0.2632,  
0.3116


425.9602, 0.2865,  
0.3203

 43.7169, 0.2578,  
0.3094


 105.3662, 0.2713,  
0.3148

 30.4480, 0.2511,  
0.3067


 134.4781, 0.2745,  
0.3160

 20.1789, 0.2426,  
0.3030


168.5118, 0.2772,  
0.3170

 12.5252, 0.2314,  
0.2980

207.8517, 0.2795,  
0.3178

 7.1024, 0.2160,  
0.2907

252.8820, 0.2816,  
0.3186

 3.5262, 0.1938,  
0.2791

303.9873, 0.2834,

 1.4122, 0.1593,

0.3192

0.2589

361.5519, 0.2850,  
0.3198

0.2257, 0.0000,  
0.1601

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

60.3700, 0.2632,  
0.3116

60.3700, 0.2632,  
0.3116

56.2825, 0.2502,  
0.3055

64.9400, 0.2773,  
0.3173

52.6455, 0.2385,  
0.2992

70.0080, 0.2922,  
0.3226

49.4342, 0.2285,  
0.2926

75.5976, 0.3075,  
0.3275

46.6182, 0.2203,  
0.2859

81.7288, 0.3230,  
0.3319

■ 44.1621, 0.2142,  
0.2792

■ 86.2833, 0.3308,  
0.3360

■ 42.0236, 0.2099,  
0.2725

■ 88.7162, 0.3303,  
0.3401

■ 40.7354, 0.2078,  
0.2681

■ 91.2061, 0.3298,  
0.3441

■ 93.7536, 0.3294,  
0.3482

■ 96.3590, 0.3289,  
0.3522

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.3700, 0.2751, 0.3366



60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116



60.3700, 0.2638, 0.2929

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116



60.3700, 0.3270, 0.3004



60.3700, 0.3485, 0.3754

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116



46.0174, 0.3852, 0.3456

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.3700, 0.3638, 0.3630



60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116



60.3700, 0.3513, 0.3201

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116



60.3700, 0.2998, 0.2876



60.3700, 0.3649, 0.3427



60.3700, 0.3240, 0.3749



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116



60.3700, 0.2713, 0.2862



60.3700, 0.3649, 0.3427



60.3700, 0.3550, 0.3725

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.3724, 0.2632, 0.3116



92.5210, 0.2972, 0.3243



64.9181, 0.3000, 0.4095



19.5903, 0.2951, 0.3236



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

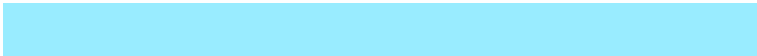


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.3724, 0.2632, 0.3116



74.1089, 0.2541, 0.3075



43.3366, 0.2569, 0.2621



15.8613, 0.2981, 0.3246



23.6789, 0.2081, 0.2692



1.8673, 0.2108, 0.2788



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.7910, 0.3289, 0.2602



50.1113, 0.3331, 0.2462



61.9154, 0.3710, 0.3878



14.5673, 0.3166, 0.3100



11.5881, 0.3736, 0.1832

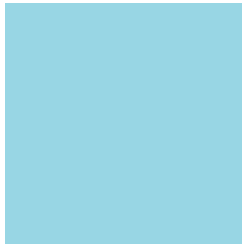


0.8682, 0.3645, 0.1782



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

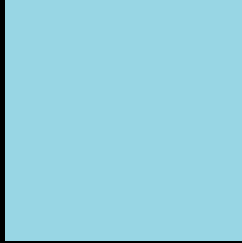
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

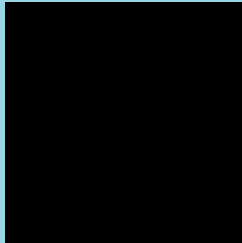
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116

### Protanopia

59.9649, 0.3001, 0.3082

### Deuteranopia

59.8593, 0.2985, 0.2920



## Tritanopia

60.6350, 0.2622, 0.3081

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116

## Protanomaly

59.6607, 0.2854, 0.3087

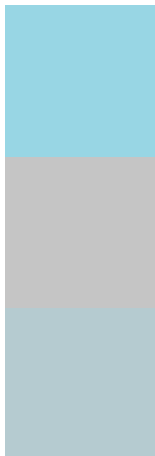
## Deuteranomaly

59.7177, 0.2843, 0.2986

## Tritanomaly

60.5786, 0.2627, 0.3093

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116

## Achromatopsia

55.8340, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

57.0897, 0.2929, 0.3228

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 214, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 214, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 214, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 214, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 214, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 214, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 214, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 214, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 214, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 214,  
228) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 60.3700, 0.2632, 0.3116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 214, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
214, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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