

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(60.2998, 0.3317, 0.3489)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(60.2998, 0.3317, 0.3489)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4CBBA
RGB	212, 203, 186
RGB Percent	83%, 80%, 73%
CMY	0.1687, 0.2039, 0.2705
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.12, 0.17
HSL	39°, 23%, 78%
HSV	39°, 12%, 83%
XYZ	57.3701, 60.2541, 55.0732
YIQ	203.7530, 10.8210, -3.3790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

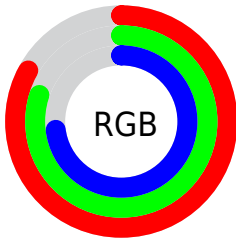
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">200, 212, 186</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13945786</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">81.98, 0.25, 9.57</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">82, 9.576, 88.525</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292135866 (0xFFD4CBBA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">203.7530, -8.7522, 7.2326</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">77.6235, -3.9152, 12.2707</a>

# Details

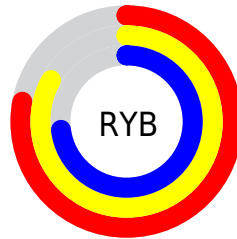
The Yxy color **60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.2291, 0.2936, 0.3083**, and the grayscale version is **60.2722, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.1908, 0.3203, 0.3415**, and **30.3564, 0.3368, 0.3539** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.0377, 0.3500, 0.3659**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.7735, 0.3161, 0.3326**.

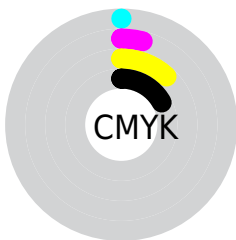
# Distribution



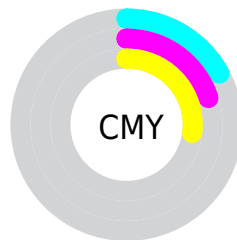
- Red (83%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 60.2541, 0.3322,  
0.3489

 60.2541, 0.3322,  
0.3489


425.5337, 0.3229,  
0.3394

 43.6235, 0.3344,  
0.3512


 105.1982, 0.3289,  
0.3455

 30.3746, 0.3372,  
0.3540


134.2804, 0.3276,  
0.3442

 20.1231, 0.3408,  
0.3576

168.2820, 0.3266,  
0.3431

 12.4846, 0.3456,  
0.3625

207.5873, 0.3256,  
0.3422

 7.0746, 0.3524,  
0.3694

252.5808, 0.3248,  
0.3414

 3.5088, 0.3627,  
0.3799

303.6467, 0.3241,

 1.4028, 0.3813,

0.3406

0.3987

361.1696, 0.3234,  
0.3400

0.2188, 0.4944,  
0.5056

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

60.2541, 0.3322,  
0.3489

60.2541, 0.3322,  
0.3489

56.0377, 0.3500,  
0.3659

64.7735, 0.3161,  
0.3326

52.1082, 0.3693,  
0.3832

69.5957, 0.3017,  
0.3171

48.4597, 0.3899,  
0.4002

74.7306, 0.2888,  
0.3028

45.0831, 0.4113,  
0.4159

79.1241, 0.2860,  
0.3052

■ 41.9684, 0.4328,  
0.4294

■ 83.3484, 0.2864,  
0.3130

■ 39.1047, 0.4533,  
0.4395

■ 87.7472, 0.2868,  
0.3207

■ 36.4800, 0.4718,  
0.4451

■ 92.3225, 0.2871,  
0.3283

■ 34.0800, 0.4874,  
0.4457

■ 92.7357, 0.2872,  
0.3289

■ 32.3572, 0.4975,  
0.4431

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.2541, 0.3369, 0.3421



60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489



60.2541, 0.3223, 0.3504

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489



60.2541, 0.2910, 0.3253



60.2541, 0.3151, 0.3130

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489



54.2291, 0.2936, 0.3083

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.2541, 0.3029, 0.3085



60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489



60.2541, 0.2892, 0.3153

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489



60.2541, 0.2986, 0.3365



60.2541, 0.2934, 0.3093



60.2541, 0.3269, 0.3215



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489



60.2541, 0.3142, 0.3480



60.2541, 0.2934, 0.3093



60.2541, 0.3109, 0.3110

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.2568, 0.3322, 0.3489



97.1292, 0.3189, 0.3354



53.0687, 0.3274, 0.3183



20.6759, 0.3201, 0.3366



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

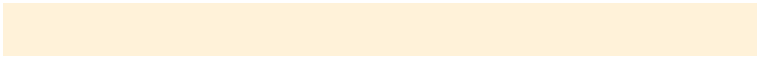


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.2568, 0.3322, 0.3489



89.6214, 0.3372, 0.3538



64.0526, 0.3279, 0.3593



13.7629, 0.3275, 0.3442



20.1711, 0.4961, 0.4443



1.3684, 0.4796, 0.4574



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.2291, 0.2936, 0.3083



78.5185, 0.2889, 0.3029



50.8175, 0.2964, 0.2974



12.7044, 0.2982, 0.3133



6.0743, 0.1645, 0.1122

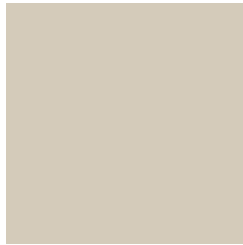


0.5186, 0.1743, 0.1474



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

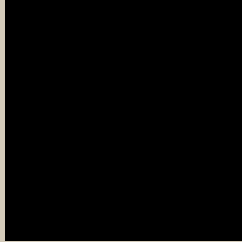
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

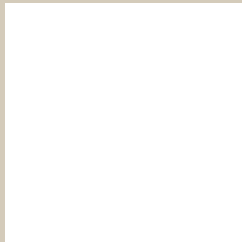
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489

### Protanopia

60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489

### Deuteranopia

60.3434, 0.3472, 0.3403



## Tritanopia

60.3008, 0.3151, 0.3121

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489

## Protanomaly

60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489

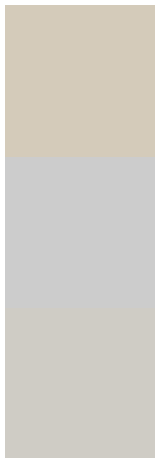
## Deuteranomaly

60.1227, 0.3411, 0.3428

## Tritanomaly

60.1153, 0.3215, 0.3245

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489

## Achromatopsia

60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

60.4823, 0.3200, 0.3372

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 203, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 203, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 203, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 203, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 203, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 203, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 203, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 203, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 203, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 203,  
186) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 60.2541, 0.3322, 0.3489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 203, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
203, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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