

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(60.5143, 0.2961, 0.2881)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(60.5143, 0.2961, 0.2881)
contains.

Yxy(60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3C7EB
RGB	211, 199, 235
RGB Percent	83%, 78%, 92%
CMY	0.1724, 0.2196, 0.0784
CMYK	0.10, 0.15, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	260°, 47%, 85%
HSV	260°, 15%, 92%
XYZ	62.2900, 60.6939, 87.0296
YIQ	206.6920, -4.4040, 13.7400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

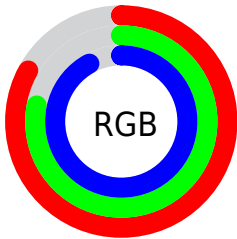
Format	Color
R _Y B	211, 199, 235
Decimal	13879275
CIE Lab	82.21, 10.97, -16.27
CIE LCh	82, 19.627, 303.985
Yxy	60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292069355 (0xFFD3C7EB)
YUV	206.6920, 13.9558, 3.7781
Hunter-Lab	77.9063, 6.3837, -11.6988

Details

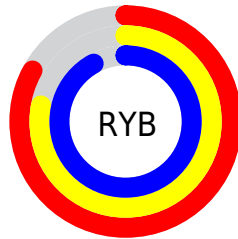
The Yxy color $60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $79.2224, 0.3272, 0.3680$, and the grayscale version is $62.1033, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290$, and $30.5734, 0.2922, 0.2794$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.5055, 0.2840, 0.2598$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74.7820, 0.3075, 0.3158$.

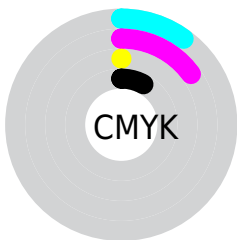
Distribution



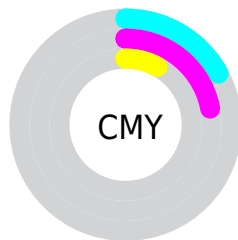
- Red (83%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60.6939, 0.2966,
0.2890

60.6939, 0.2966,
0.2890

427.1508, 0.3044,
0.3076

43.9782, 0.2947,
0.2847

105.8356, 0.2994,
0.2955

30.6534, 0.2924,
0.2794

135.0304, 0.3004,
0.2980

20.3350, 0.2893,
0.2727

169.1536, 0.3014,
0.3002

12.6388, 0.2852,
0.2639

208.5897, 0.3021,
0.3021

7.1803, 0.2793,
0.2518

253.7231, 0.3028,
0.3037

3.5751, 0.2704,
0.2345

304.9381, 0.3034,

1.4389, 0.2555,

0.3052

0.2075

362.6192, 0.3040,
0.3065

0.2451, 0.2255,
0.1104

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

60.6939, 0.2966,
0.2890

60.6939, 0.2966,
0.2890

48.5055, 0.2840,
0.2598

74.7820, 0.3075,
0.3158

38.1264, 0.2699,
0.2287

90.8399, 0.3169,
0.3400

29.4701, 0.2543,
0.1967

98.7783, 0.3244,
0.3483

22.4399, 0.2378,
0.1650

■ 16.9294, 0.2210,
0.1355

■ 12.8186, 0.2049,
0.1100

■ 9.9691, 0.1903,
0.0903

■ 8.2114, 0.1781,
0.0772

■ 7.6430, 0.1733,
0.0728

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.6939, 0.2764, 0.2881



60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890



60.6939, 0.3219, 0.2996

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890



60.6939, 0.3616, 0.3581



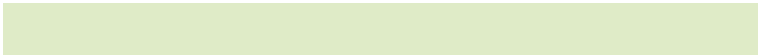
60.6939, 0.2805, 0.3401

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890



79.2224, 0.3272, 0.3680

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.6939, 0.3023, 0.3613



60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890



60.6939, 0.3494, 0.3711

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890



60.6939, 0.3602, 0.3384



60.6939, 0.3275, 0.3728



60.6939, 0.2675, 0.3165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890



60.6939, 0.3382, 0.3108



60.6939, 0.3275, 0.3728



60.6939, 0.2870, 0.3479

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.6965, 0.2966, 0.2890



90.5591, 0.3078, 0.3166



70.9144, 0.2890, 0.3156



19.1097, 0.3071, 0.3148



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.6965, 0.2966, 0.2890



68.7893, 0.2933, 0.2812



63.5004, 0.3100, 0.2906



14.7936, 0.3032, 0.3050



4.3160, 0.1748, 0.0737



0.3898, 0.1899, 0.0820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.8320, 0.3233, 0.3035



73.1805, 0.3255, 0.2987



76.5193, 0.3148, 0.3695



15.2232, 0.3189, 0.3134



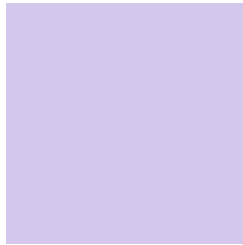
11.1981, 0.4276, 0.2129



0.8971, 0.4090, 0.2027

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

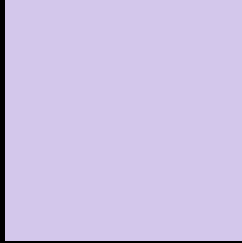
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

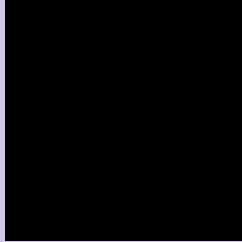
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890

Protanopia

60.8907, 0.2855, 0.2893

Deuteranopia

60.5466, 0.2958, 0.2889



Tritanopia

60.7129, 0.3060, 0.3107

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890

Protanomaly

61.0520, 0.2896, 0.2897

Deuteranomaly

60.5466, 0.2958, 0.2889

Tritanomaly

60.7104, 0.3026, 0.3030

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890

Achromatopsia

62.3960, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

61.6054, 0.3066, 0.3141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 199, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 199, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 199, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 199, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 199, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 199, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 199, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 199, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 199, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 199,  
235) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 60.6939, 0.2966, 0.2890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 199, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
199, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor