

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAC8D0
RGB	218, 200, 208
RGB Percent	85%, 78%, 82%
CMY	0.1450, 0.2157, 0.1844
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.05, 0.14
HSL	333°, 20%, 82%
HSV	333°, 8%, 86%
XYZ	60.9579, 60.7680, 68.1741
YIQ	206.2940, 8.1600, 6.3040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

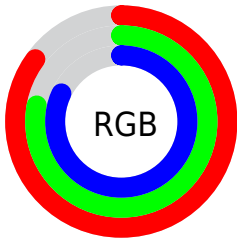
Format	Color
RYB	218, 200, 208
Decimal	14338256
CIELab	82.25, 7.68, -1.70
CIElCh	82, 7.866, 347.543
Yxy	60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292528336 (0xFFDAC8D0)
YUV	206.2940, 0.8411, 10.2662
Hunter-Lab	77.9538, 3.1632, 2.7159

# Details

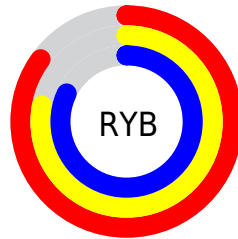
The Yxy color **60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **67.0961, 0.3051, 0.3382**, and the grayscale version is **61.9133, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **30.6774, 0.3227, 0.3171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.8056, 0.3330, 0.3085**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.2217, 0.3112, 0.3308**.

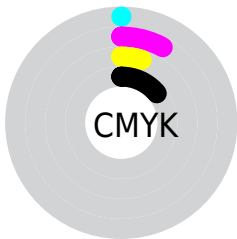
# Distribution



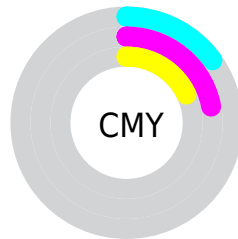
- Red (85%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.7680, 0.3210,  
0.3200

60.7680, 0.3210,  
0.3200

427.4228, 0.3171,  
0.3243

44.0380, 0.3219,  
0.3190

105.9429, 0.3196,  
0.3215

30.7004, 0.3231,  
0.3177

135.1566, 0.3191,  
0.3221

20.3708, 0.3246,  
0.3161

169.3004, 0.3186,  
0.3226

12.6649, 0.3266,  
0.3139

208.7585, 0.3182,  
0.3230

7.1982, 0.3295,  
0.3109

253.9154, 0.3179,  
0.3234

3.5863, 0.3338,  
0.3063

305.1555, 0.3176,

1.4450, 0.3410,

0.3237

0.2986

362.8632, 0.3173,  
0.3240

0.2495, 0.3989,  
0.2344

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

60.7680, 0.3210,  
0.3200

60.7680, 0.3210,  
0.3200

50.8056, 0.3330,  
0.3085

72.2217, 0.3112,  
0.3308

42.2650, 0.3474,  
0.2967

85.2169, 0.3031,  
0.3409

35.0827, 0.3647,  
0.2848

92.9902, 0.2962,  
0.3398

29.1875, 0.3851,  
0.2735

93.6509, 0.2906,  
0.3289

■ 24.5015, 0.4087,  
0.2639

■ 20.9384, 0.4349,  
0.2570

■ 18.4002, 0.4630,  
0.2542

■ 16.7717, 0.4914,  
0.2564

■ 15.8846, 0.5183,  
0.2639

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.7680, 0.3109, 0.3140



60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200



60.7680, 0.3290, 0.3283

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200



60.7680, 0.3239, 0.3466



60.7680, 0.2933, 0.3205

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200



67.0961, 0.3051, 0.3382

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.7680, 0.2967, 0.3294



60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200



60.7680, 0.3143, 0.3446

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200



60.7680, 0.3306, 0.3437



60.7680, 0.3043, 0.3383



60.7680, 0.2950, 0.3142



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200



60.7680, 0.3319, 0.3342



60.7680, 0.3043, 0.3383



60.7680, 0.2939, 0.3233

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.7706, 0.3210, 0.3200



96.6072, 0.3146, 0.3269



60.0603, 0.3075, 0.3084



20.7135, 0.3145, 0.3270



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.7706, 0.3210, 0.3200



83.9134, 0.3230, 0.3180



60.8068, 0.3268, 0.3301



13.1467, 0.3223, 0.3187



9.4614, 0.5192, 0.2634



0.6301, 0.4788, 0.2411



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.7706, 0.3210, 0.3200



83.9134, 0.3230, 0.3180



67.0373, 0.3000, 0.3279



13.1467, 0.3223, 0.3187



9.4614, 0.5192, 0.2634

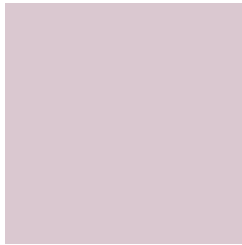


0.6301, 0.4788, 0.2411



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

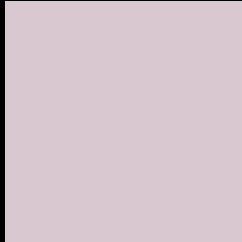
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

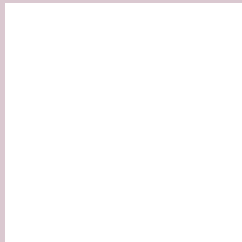
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200

### Protanopia

61.1043, 0.3108, 0.3221

### Deuteranopia

60.6302, 0.3251, 0.3179



## Tritanopia

60.8132, 0.3167, 0.3111

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200

## Protanomaly

61.1642, 0.3146, 0.3221

## Deuteranomaly

60.7731, 0.3234, 0.3189

## Tritanomaly

60.6604, 0.3189, 0.3144

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200

## Achromatopsia

61.7207, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

61.3924, 0.3152, 0.3256

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(218, 200, 208) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 200, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 200, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 200, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 200, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 200, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 200, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 200, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 200, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 200,  
208) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 60.7680, 0.3210, 0.3200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 200, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
200, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor