

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(61.1423, 0.2294, 0.3022)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(61.1423, 0.2294, 0.3022)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	55DFF4
RGB	85, 223, 244
RGB Percent	33%, 87%, 96%
CMY	0.6663, 0.1255, 0.0432
CMYK	0.65, 0.09, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	188°, 88%, 65%
HSV	188°, 65%, 96%
XYZ	46.4657, 61.2383, 94.9376
YIQ	184.1320, -88.9890, -22.7250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

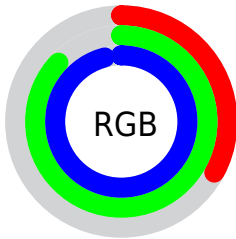
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	85, 159, 244
Decimal	5627892
CIE Lab	82.51, -30.71, -21.23
CIE LCh	83, 37.337, 214.652
Yxy	61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283817972 (0xFF55DFF4)
YUV	184.1320, 29.5149, -86.9388
Hunter-Lab	78.2549, -30.9574, -17.1513

# Details

The Yxy color **61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **30.2089, 0.5103, 0.3495**, and the grayscale version is **47.8945, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.3193, 0.2566, 0.3288**, and **31.2683, 0.2148, 0.2934** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.5824, 0.2223, 0.2975**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.3250, 0.2383, 0.3069**.

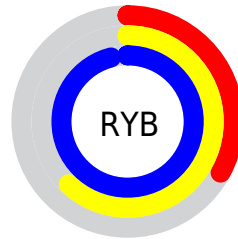
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (87%)

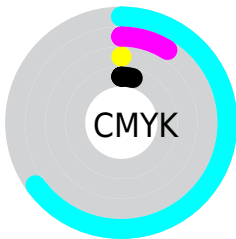
Blue (96%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (96%)

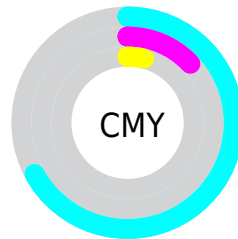


Cyan (65%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (13%)


Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 61.2383, 0.2293,  
0.3022

 61.2383, 0.2293,  
0.3022


429.1472, 0.2677,  
0.3161


 44.4175, 0.2207,  
0.2987


 106.6239, 0.2425,  
0.3073


 30.9989, 0.2101,  
0.2941


 135.9575, 0.2477,  
0.3092

 20.5980, 0.1969,  
0.2881


 170.2308, 0.2522,  
0.3108

 12.8305, 0.1801,  
0.2797

 209.8283, 0.2561,  
0.3122

 7.3119, 0.1579,  
0.2676

255.1343, 0.2595,  
0.3134

 3.6579, 0.1281,  
0.2489

306.5331, 0.2625,

 1.4841, 0.0833,

0.3144

0.2184

364.4093, 0.2652,  
0.3153

■ 0.2775, 0.0000,  
0.1196

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.2383, 0.2293,  
0.3022

■ 61.2383, 0.2293,  
0.3022

■ 58.5824, 0.2223,  
0.2975

■ 64.3250, 0.2383,  
0.3069

■ 56.3080, 0.2172,  
0.2928


■ 67.8724, 0.2490,  
0.3114

■ 54.3651, 0.2139,  
0.2882


■ 71.9151, 0.2614,  
0.3158

■ 53.4991, 0.2128,  
0.2859


■ 76.4824, 0.2750,  
0.3199

 81.6014, 0.2895,  
0.3237

 87.2971, 0.3048,  
0.3273

 93.4258, 0.3198,  
0.3305

 95.3976, 0.3195,  
0.3336

 97.4034, 0.3193,  
0.3367

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.2383, 0.2515, 0.3484



61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022



61.2383, 0.2276, 0.2686

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022



61.2383, 0.3301, 0.2761



61.2383, 0.3799, 0.4084

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022



30.2089, 0.5103, 0.3495

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.2383, 0.4050, 0.3814



61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022



61.2383, 0.3758, 0.3073

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022



61.2383, 0.2826, 0.2569



61.2383, 0.4039, 0.3447



61.2383, 0.3377, 0.4144

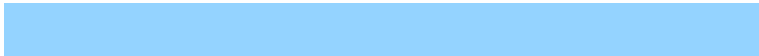


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022



61.2383, 0.2378, 0.2565



61.2383, 0.4039, 0.3447



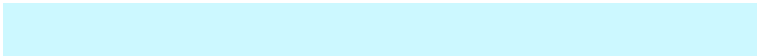
61.2383, 0.3907, 0.4011

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.2406, 0.2293, 0.3022



87.3563, 0.2823, 0.3219



67.6138, 0.2963, 0.5193



18.3616, 0.2782, 0.3208



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

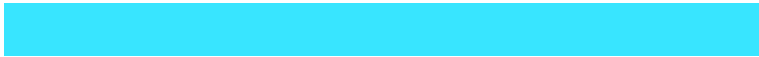


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.2406, 0.2293, 0.3022



63.9587, 0.2205, 0.2961



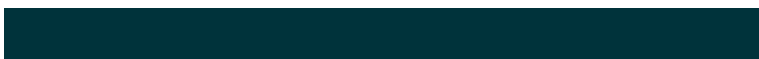
29.0236, 0.2038, 0.1949



18.3627, 0.2981, 0.3258



29.2423, 0.2130, 0.2867



2.6717, 0.2146, 0.2925



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.0684, 0.3412, 0.1967



29.7407, 0.3478, 0.1822



53.7823, 0.4446, 0.4278



16.7284, 0.3158, 0.3087



13.0514, 0.3573, 0.1742

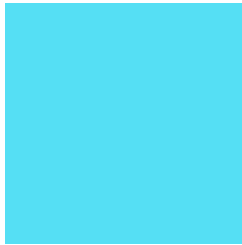


1.1573, 0.3521, 0.1713



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

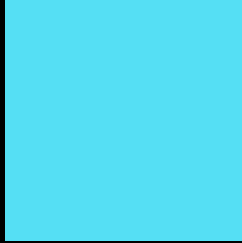
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

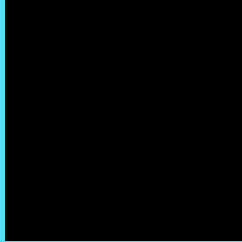
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

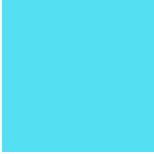
61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022

### Protanopia

60.0963, 0.2913, 0.2969

### Deuteranopia

60.1039, 0.2804, 0.2736



## Tritanopia

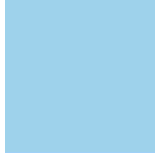
61.0710, 0.2298, 0.3046

# Trichromacy



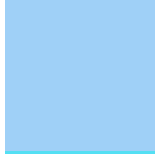
## Original Color

61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022



## Protanomaly

59.3604, 0.2623, 0.2986



## Deuteranomaly

59.1981, 0.2561, 0.2827



## Tritanomaly

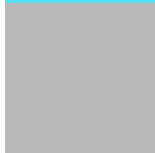
61.1312, 0.2294, 0.3034

# Monochromacy



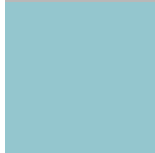
## Original Color

61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022



## Achromatopsia

47.9320, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

51.1403, 0.2711, 0.3183

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 223, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 223, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 223, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 223, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 223, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 223, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 223, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 223, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 223, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 223,  
244) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 61.2383, 0.2293, 0.3022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 223, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 223,  
244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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