

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(61.1974, 0.2868, 0.3693)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(61.1974, 0.2868, 0.3693)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98DBBC
RGB	152, 219, 188
RGB Percent	60%, 86%, 74%
CMY	0.4039, 0.1412, 0.2627
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.14, 0.14
HSL	152°, 48%, 73%
HSV	152°, 31%, 86%
XYZ	47.3582, 60.9693, 56.8562
YIQ	195.4330, -29.9810, -23.8450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

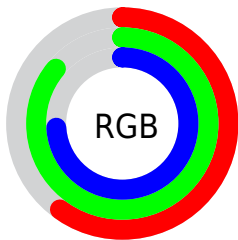
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">152, 196, 219</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10017724</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">82.36, -27.59, 8.54</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">82, 28.876, 162.804</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288207804 (0xFF98DBBC)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">195.4330, -3.6645, -38.0907</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">78.0828, -28.3826, 11.4858</a>

# Details

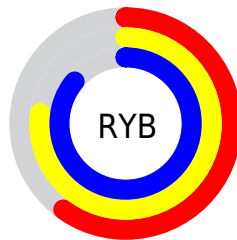
The Yxy color **60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **40.9352, 0.3498, 0.2923**, and the grayscale version is **54.8822, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.4616, 0.2907, 0.3404**, and **30.9528, 0.2799, 0.3801** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.6284, 0.2795, 0.3849**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.7360, 0.2947, 0.3546**.

# Distribution



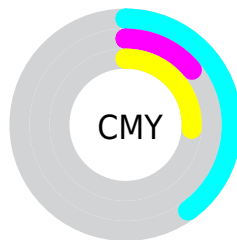
- Red (60%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 60.9693, 0.2867,  
0.3691

 60.9693, 0.2867,  
0.3691


428.1614, 0.2994,  
0.3494

 44.2004, 0.2836,  
0.3739


 106.2345, 0.2912,  
0.3620

 30.8281, 0.2797,  
0.3800


 135.4995, 0.2930,  
0.3593

 20.4680, 0.2747,  
0.3881


169.6988, 0.2944,  
0.3571

 12.7357, 0.2678,  
0.3991

209.2166, 0.2957,  
0.3551

 7.2468, 0.2578,  
0.4152

254.4374, 0.2968,  
0.3534

 3.6169, 0.2423,  
0.4407

305.7455, 0.2978,

 1.4617, 0.2104,

0.3519

0.4901

363.5254, 0.2986,  
0.3506

■ 0.2615, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.9693, 0.2867,  
0.3691

■ 60.9693, 0.2867,  
0.3691

■ 58.6284, 0.2795,  
0.3849

■ 63.7360, 0.2947,  
0.3546

■ 56.6837, 0.2735,  
0.4017

■ 66.9414, 0.3033,  
0.3415


■ 55.1135, 0.2689,  
0.4194

■ 70.6073, 0.3122,  
0.3297

■ 53.8907, 0.2662,  
0.4376


■ 74.7514, 0.3211,  
0.3192


 52.9846, 0.2654,  
0.4558

 78.1369, 0.3253,  
0.3096

 52.3587, 0.2667,  
0.4736

 78.7514, 0.3185,  
0.2999

 51.9663, 0.2694,  
0.4897

 79.1451, 0.3144,  
0.2940

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.9693, 0.3228, 0.3915



60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691



60.9693, 0.2586, 0.3344

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691



60.9693, 0.2672, 0.2688



60.9693, 0.3856, 0.3505

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691



40.9352, 0.3498, 0.2923

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.9693, 0.3691, 0.3202



60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691



60.9693, 0.2992, 0.2748

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691



60.9693, 0.2480, 0.2774



60.9693, 0.3368, 0.2933



60.9693, 0.3810, 0.3776



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691



60.9693, 0.2477, 0.3110



60.9693, 0.3368, 0.2933



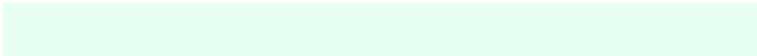
60.9693, 0.3824, 0.3404

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.9718, 0.2867, 0.3691



95.2393, 0.3047, 0.3396



63.0322, 0.3310, 0.4124



20.2313, 0.3034, 0.3414



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

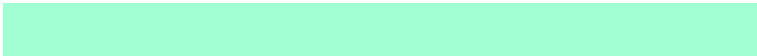


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.9718, 0.2867, 0.3691



83.7821, 0.2817, 0.3796



61.2974, 0.2686, 0.3261



14.7227, 0.3043, 0.3400



30.8347, 0.2687, 0.4871



2.0150, 0.2608, 0.4590



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.9352, 0.3498, 0.2923



51.0010, 0.3611, 0.2840



40.5156, 0.3807, 0.3319



13.1512, 0.3220, 0.3182



9.5120, 0.5108, 0.2587



0.6335, 0.4718, 0.2373



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

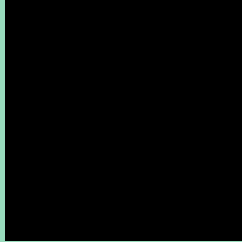
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

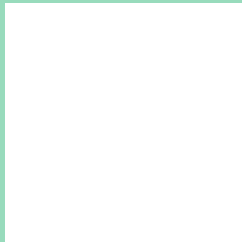
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691.

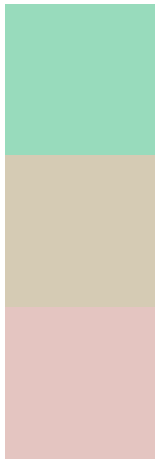


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691

### Protanopia

60.1533, 0.3375, 0.3560

### Deuteranopia

60.2767, 0.3408, 0.3336



## Tritanopia

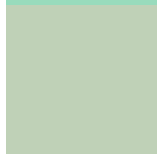
60.8787, 0.2672, 0.3083

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691



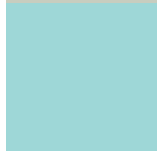
## Protanomaly

60.0962, 0.3172, 0.3608



## Deuteranomaly

59.7036, 0.3188, 0.3458



## Tritanomaly

60.7763, 0.2742, 0.3289

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691



## Achromatopsia

54.5724, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

56.5752, 0.3022, 0.3440

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 219, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 219, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 219, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 219, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 219, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 219, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 219, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 219, 188); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 219, 188); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 219, 188) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 60.9693, 0.2867, 0.3691 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 219, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
219, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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