

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(61.1983, 0.3562, 0.3709)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(61.1983, 0.3562, 0.3709)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | DFCBA6                     |
| RGB           | 223, 203, 166              |
| RGB Percent   | 87%, 80%, 65%              |
| CMY           | 0.1255, 0.2039, 0.3490     |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.09, 0.26, 0.13     |
| HSL           | 39°, 47%, 76%              |
| HSV           | 39°, 26%, 87%              |
| XYZ           | 58.6674, 61.1530, 44.7907  |
| YIQ           | 204.7620, 23.7970, -7.2670 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

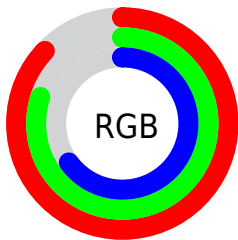
| Format                              | Color                          |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R <sub>YB</sub>                     | 197, 223, 166                  |
| Decimal                             | 14666662                       |
| CIE Lab                             | 82.46, 1.32, 21.02             |
| CIE LCh                             | 82, 21.058, 86.411             |
| Yxy                                 | 61.1530, 0.3564,<br>0.3715     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4292856742<br>(0xFFDFCBA6)     |
| YUV                                 | 204.7620, -19.1097,<br>15.9947 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 78.2004, -2.9367,<br>20.7809   |

# Details

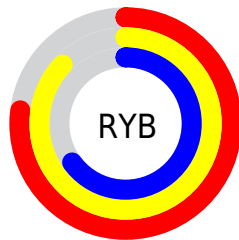
The Yxy color **61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **48.5454, 0.2711, 0.2825**, and the grayscale version is **61.0044, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.0005, 0.3327, 0.3621**, and **30.9253, 0.3671, 0.3819** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.8070, 0.3763, 0.3887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.8327, 0.3380, 0.3544**.

# Distribution



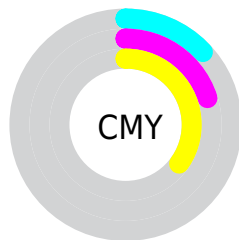
- Red (87%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 61.1530, 0.3564,  
0.3715


 61.1530, 0.3564,  
0.3715


428.8348, 0.3356,  
0.3514

 44.3487, 0.3613,  
0.3762


 106.5004, 0.3491,  
0.3644

 30.9447, 0.3674,  
0.3820


 135.8123, 0.3463,  
0.3617

 20.5567, 0.3751,  
0.3894


170.0622, 0.3438,  
0.3594

 12.8004, 0.3854,  
0.3991

209.6344, 0.3418,  
0.3573

 7.2912, 0.3994,  
0.4124

254.9134, 0.3399,  
0.3556

 3.6449, 0.4195,  
0.4310

306.2835, 0.3383,

 1.4770, 0.4898,

0.3540

0.4991

364.1292, 0.3369,  
0.3526

0.2724, 0.5166,  
0.4834

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

61.1530, 0.3564,  
0.3715

61.1530, 0.3564,  
0.3715

56.8070, 0.3763,  
0.3887

65.8327, 0.3380,  
0.3544

52.7762, 0.3975,  
0.4053

70.8471, 0.3213,  
0.3378

49.0528, 0.4192,  
0.4204

76.2081, 0.3062,  
0.3221

45.6250, 0.4407,  
0.4327

81.9111, 0.2929,  
0.3077

■ 42.4800, 0.4609,  
0.4413

■ 86.4682, 0.2931,  
0.3158

■ 39.6033, 0.4787,  
0.4451

■ 91.2243, 0.2933,  
0.3238

■ 36.9775, 0.4933,  
0.4436

■ 94.4257, 0.2935,  
0.3289

■ 35.8786, 0.4991,  
0.4419

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.1530, 0.3661, 0.3551



61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715



61.1530, 0.3350, 0.3768

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715



61.1530, 0.2668, 0.3217



61.1530, 0.3155, 0.2939

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715



48.5454, 0.2711, 0.2825

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.1530, 0.2893, 0.2850



61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715



61.1530, 0.2620, 0.2997

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715



61.1530, 0.2834, 0.3472



61.1530, 0.2700, 0.2868



61.1530, 0.3420, 0.3112



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715



61.1530, 0.3173, 0.3725



61.1530, 0.2700, 0.2868



61.1530, 0.3063, 0.2899

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.1558, 0.3564, 0.3715



94.2765, 0.3253, 0.3419



46.5444, 0.3472, 0.3048



19.9559, 0.3278, 0.3444



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.1558, 0.3564, 0.3715



79.4875, 0.3675, 0.3813



70.0272, 0.3454, 0.3939



15.1785, 0.3276, 0.3442



21.3187, 0.4976, 0.4431



1.6438, 0.4825, 0.4551



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.5454, 0.2711, 0.2825



59.4703, 0.2612, 0.2703



41.5553, 0.2747, 0.2575



14.0254, 0.2981, 0.3133



6.5437, 0.1647, 0.1130

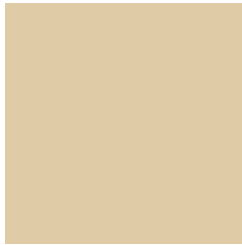


0.6176, 0.1734, 0.1441



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

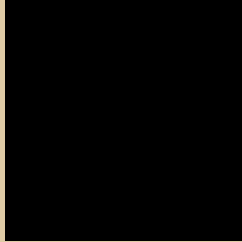
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

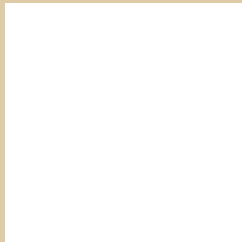
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715

### Protanopia

61.2044, 0.3502, 0.3733

### Deuteranopia

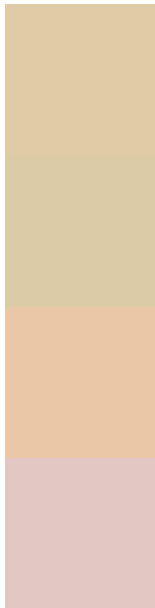
60.8997, 0.3699, 0.3622



## Tritanopia

61.3440, 0.3269, 0.3126

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715

## Protanomaly

61.0358, 0.3521, 0.3719

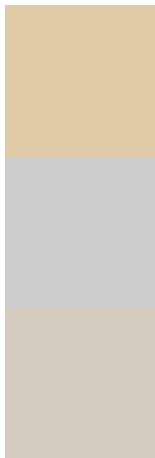
## Deuteranomaly

60.9605, 0.3651, 0.3649

## Tritanomaly

61.1179, 0.3381, 0.3336

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715

## Achromatopsia

61.0496, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

60.9444, 0.3284, 0.3442

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 203, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 203, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 203, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 203, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 203, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 203, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 203, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 203, 166); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 203, 166); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 203, 166) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 61.1530, 0.3564, 0.3715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 203, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
203, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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