

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(61.4302, 0.3070, 0.4015)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(61.4302, 0.3070, 0.4015)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1DCA4
RGB	161, 220, 164
RGB Percent	63%, 86%, 64%
CMY	0.3683, 0.1373, 0.3568
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.25, 0.14
HSL	123°, 46%, 75%
HSV	123°, 27%, 86%
XYZ	47.0044, 61.4438, 44.5112
YIQ	195.9750, -17.1880, -29.9240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

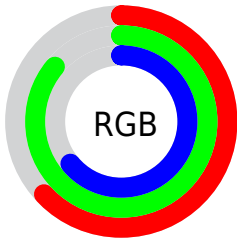
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">161, 217, 220</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10607780</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">82.62, -29.67, 21.59</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 36.698, 143.953</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288797860 (0xFFA1DCA4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">195.9750, -15.7637, -30.6731</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">78.3861, -30.1377, 21.2027</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **45.7430, 0.3183, 0.2657**, and the grayscale version is **55.3010, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.3862, 0.3097, 0.3668**, and **31.2683, 0.3049, 0.4225** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.6627, 0.3052, 0.4343**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.7563, 0.3094, 0.3718**.

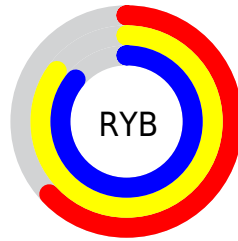
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (86%)

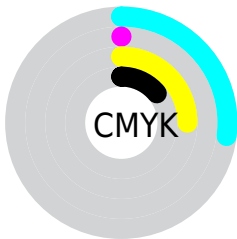
Blue (64%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (86%)

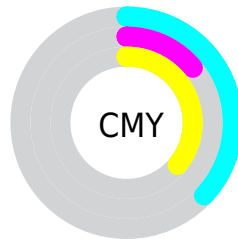


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (14%)


Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 61.4438, 0.3073,  
0.4017

 61.4438, 0.3073,  
0.4017


429.8994, 0.3107,  
0.3655

 44.5834, 0.3062,  
0.4107


 106.9213, 0.3087,  
0.3886

 31.1294, 0.3048,  
0.4221

 136.3071, 0.3092,  
0.3836

 20.6974, 0.3027,  
0.4373


170.6370, 0.3096,  
0.3795

 12.9030, 0.2993,  
0.4581

210.2952, 0.3099,  
0.3759

 7.3618, 0.2937,  
0.4886

255.6661, 0.3101,  
0.3728

 3.6894, 0.2831,  
0.5367

307.1342, 0.3104,

 1.5014, 0.2851,

0.3700

0.7097

365.0838, 0.3105,  
0.3676

■ 0.2897, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.4438, 0.3073,  
0.4017

■ 61.4438, 0.3073,  
0.4017

■ 58.6627, 0.3052,  
0.4343

■ 64.7563, 0.3094,  
0.3718

■ 56.3782, 0.3031,  
0.4687

■ 68.6176, 0.3114,  
0.3452

■ 54.5633, 0.3014,  
0.5031

■ 73.0539, 0.3133,  
0.3218

■ 53.1853, 0.3000,  
0.5353

■ 78.0873, 0.3150,  
0.3016

■ 52.2074, 0.2992,  
0.5626

■ 79.6604, 0.3143,  
0.2950

■ 51.5867, 0.2990,  
0.5829

■ 51.2688, 0.2993,  
0.5951

■ 51.2045, 0.2993,  
0.5975

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.4438, 0.3533, 0.4137



61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017



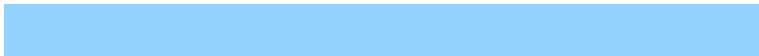
61.4438, 0.2648, 0.3647

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017



61.4438, 0.2386, 0.2580



61.4438, 0.3952, 0.3311

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017



45.7430, 0.3183, 0.2657

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.4438, 0.3598, 0.2957



61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017



61.4438, 0.2687, 0.2549

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017



61.4438, 0.2272, 0.2796



61.4438, 0.3126, 0.2686



61.4438, 0.4061, 0.3683



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017



61.4438, 0.2438, 0.3335



61.4438, 0.3126, 0.2686



61.4438, 0.3856, 0.3187

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.4464, 0.3073, 0.4017



95.1481, 0.3112, 0.3484



68.6655, 0.3515, 0.3960



20.1828, 0.3109, 0.3523



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

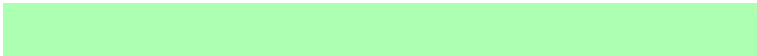


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.4464, 0.3073, 0.4017



83.6430, 0.3061, 0.4193



62.5933, 0.2898, 0.3637



14.6167, 0.3109, 0.3519



30.0597, 0.2991, 0.5966



1.9512, 0.2962, 0.5864



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.7430, 0.3183, 0.2657



58.2614, 0.3196, 0.2528



44.3861, 0.3438, 0.2968



13.2630, 0.3145, 0.3071



11.6374, 0.3337, 0.1612



0.7575, 0.3315, 0.1600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017

### Protanopia

61.1570, 0.3594, 0.3847

### Deuteranopia

60.8016, 0.3675, 0.3601



## Tritanopia

61.5726, 0.2756, 0.3098

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017



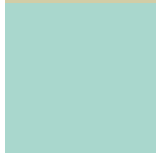
## Protanomaly

60.6370, 0.3388, 0.3899



## Deuteranomaly

60.0080, 0.3436, 0.3742



## Tritanomaly

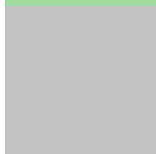
61.4437, 0.2871, 0.3413

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017



## Achromatopsia

55.2011, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

57.1906, 0.3107, 0.3553

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 220, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 220, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 220, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 220, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 220, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 220, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 220, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 220, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 220, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 220,  
164) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 61.4438, 0.3073, 0.4017 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 220, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
220, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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