

# Converting Colors

Yxy(62.1453, 0.3534, 0.4105)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(62.1453, 0.3534, 0.4105)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBD590
RGB	203, 213, 144
RGB Percent	80%, 84%, 56%
CMY	0.2039, 0.1647, 0.4352
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.32, 0.16
HSL	69°, 45%, 70%
HSV	69°, 32%, 84%
XYZ	53.4593, 62.2986, 35.5992
YIQ	202.1440, 16.1890, -23.5790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

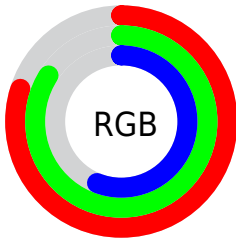
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">144, 213, 154</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13358480</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.07, -14.31, 33.03</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 35.997, 113.416</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291548560</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFCBD590</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">202.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">78.9295, -17.2276, 28.5093</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **31.6275, 0.2633, 0.2358**, and the grayscale version is **59.3350, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.8572, 0.3466, 0.3850**, and **31.5399, 0.3618, 0.4320** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.2812, 0.3648, 0.4371**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.4531, 0.3408, 0.3855**.

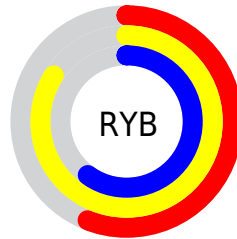
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (84%)

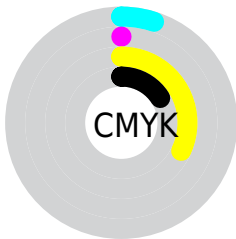
Blue (56%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (60%)

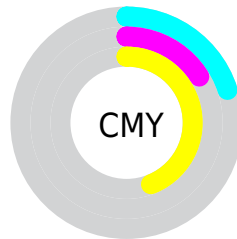


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (16%)


Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 62.2986, 0.3532,  
0.4116

 62.2986, 0.3532,  
0.4116


433.0195, 0.3349,  
0.3715

 45.2740, 0.3572,  
0.4211


 108.1570, 0.3470,  
0.3974

 31.6733, 0.3619,  
0.4330

 137.7596, 0.3445,  
0.3919

 21.1121, 0.3676,  
0.4483


172.3236, 0.3424,  
0.3873

 13.2060, 0.3743,  
0.4684

212.2335, 0.3405,  
0.3833

 7.5705, 0.3819,  
0.4958

257.8736, 0.3388,  
0.3798

 3.8214, 0.3933,  
0.5400

309.6284, 0.3374,

 1.5742, 0.3978,

0.3767

0.6022

367.8822, 0.3360,  
0.3740

0.3401, 0.0000,  
1.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

62.2986, 0.3532,  
0.4116

62.2986, 0.3532,  
0.4116

61.2812, 0.3648,  
0.4371

63.4531, 0.3408,  
0.3855

60.3855, 0.3751,  
0.4609


64.7427, 0.3282,  
0.3597

59.6068, 0.3836,  
0.4820


66.1763, 0.3157,  
0.3348

58.9363, 0.3897,  
0.4995


67.7594, 0.3036,  
0.3112

 58.3642, 0.3933,  
0.5127

 69.4974, 0.2921,  
0.2893

 57.8788, 0.3943,  
0.5214

 70.2642, 0.2914,  
0.2851

 57.5520, 0.3938,  
0.5256

 70.7546, 0.2935,  
0.2853

 71.2540, 0.2956,  
0.2856

 71.7623, 0.2977,  
0.2859

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.2986, 0.3888, 0.3974



62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116



62.2986, 0.3083, 0.4003

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116



62.2986, 0.2291, 0.2813



62.2986, 0.3580, 0.2959

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116



31.6275, 0.2633, 0.2358

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.2986, 0.3118, 0.2696



62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116



62.2986, 0.2398, 0.2598

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116



62.2986, 0.2383, 0.3192



62.2986, 0.2690, 0.2564



62.2986, 0.3928, 0.3305



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116



62.2986, 0.2794, 0.3785



62.2986, 0.2690, 0.2564



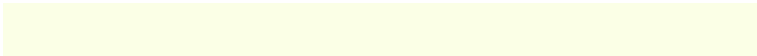
62.2986, 0.3431, 0.2859

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.3014, 0.3532, 0.4116



97.7711, 0.3253, 0.3539



39.0139, 0.3833, 0.3407



20.8639, 0.3271, 0.3575



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.3014, 0.3532, 0.4116



92.5340, 0.3615, 0.4296



58.0734, 0.3267, 0.4192



14.4246, 0.3244, 0.3522



35.1890, 0.3941, 0.5252



2.1479, 0.3988, 0.5216



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.6275, 0.2633, 0.2358



39.3876, 0.2502, 0.2122



35.4106, 0.2929, 0.2432



12.0942, 0.3004, 0.3050



3.1381, 0.1561, 0.0634

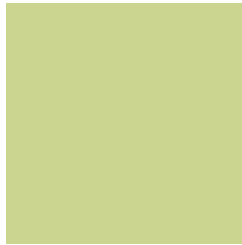


0.2175, 0.1696, 0.0708



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

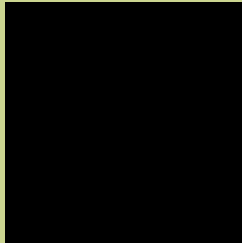
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116

### Protanopia

62.3960, 0.3746, 0.4040

### Deuteranopia

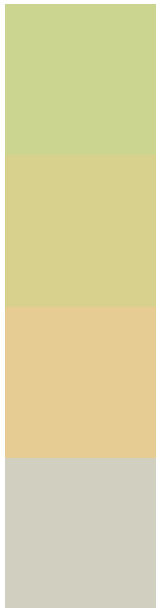
62.0876, 0.3923, 0.3837



## Tritanopia

62.0253, 0.3083, 0.3099

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116

**Protanomaly**

62.1529, 0.3665, 0.4068

**Deuteranomaly**

61.6102, 0.3775, 0.3930

**Tritanomaly**

61.9867, 0.3249, 0.3465

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116

**Achromatopsia**

59.0619, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

60.0354, 0.3275, 0.3590

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 213, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 213, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 213, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 213, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 213, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 213, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 213, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 213, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 213, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 213,  
144) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 62.2986, 0.3532, 0.4116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 213, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
213, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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