

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(62.1690, 0.3025, 0.2767)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(62.1690, 0.3025, 0.2767)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4C3F5
RGB	228, 195, 245
RGB Percent	89%, 76%, 96%
CMY	0.1060, 0.2352, 0.0392
CMYK	0.07, 0.20, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	280°, 71%, 86%
HSV	280°, 20%, 96%
XYZ	67.9866, 62.1168, 94.7945
YIQ	210.5670, 3.6180, 22.5460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

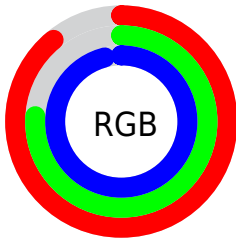
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 195, 245
Decimal	14992373
CIE Lab	82.98, 20.54, -20.33
CIE LCh	83, 28.899, 315.306
Yxy	62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293182453 (0xFFE4C3F5)
YUV	210.5670, 16.9755, 15.2887
Hunter-Lab	78.8142, 16.0526, -16.1416

# Details

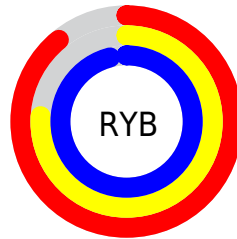
The Yxy color **62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **83.2500, 0.3211, 0.3837**, and the grayscale version is **64.7258, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.1008, 0.3128, 0.3261**, and **31.4945, 0.2988, 0.2634** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.6938, 0.2958, 0.2484**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.4122, 0.3079, 0.3029**.

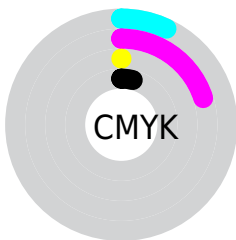
# Distribution



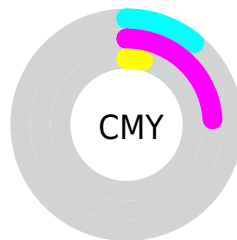
- Red (89%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 62.1168, 0.3023,  
0.2762

 62.1168, 0.3023,  
0.2762


432.3570, 0.3076,  
0.3003

 45.1271, 0.3010,  
0.2708


 107.8943, 0.3042,  
0.2845

 31.5575, 0.2993,  
0.2641


137.4509, 0.3049,  
0.2877

 21.0238, 0.2971,  
0.2558


171.9653, 0.3056,  
0.2906

 13.1414, 0.2941,  
0.2450

211.8217, 0.3061,  
0.2930

 7.5260, 0.2897,  
0.2307

257.4048, 0.3065,  
0.2952

 3.7932, 0.2829,  
0.2106


309.0987, 0.3069,

 1.5585, 0.2713,


0.2971


0.1807


367.2880, 0.3073,  
0.2988


 0.3294, 0.2566,  
0.1037

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 62.1168, 0.3023,  
0.2762


 62.1168, 0.3023,  
0.2762


 50.6938, 0.2958,  
0.2484


 75.4122, 0.3079,  
0.3029

 41.0466, 0.2884,  
0.2204

 90.6547, 0.3125,  
0.3280

 33.0819, 0.2802,  
0.1931

 98.9972, 0.3173,  
0.3386

 26.6942, 0.2713,  
0.1678

 99.3728, 0.3185,  
0.3386

■ 21.7662, 0.2620,  
0.1457

■ 18.1633, 0.2526,  
0.1279

■ 15.7252, 0.2435,  
0.1151

■ 14.2295, 0.2353,  
0.1070

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.1168, 0.2697, 0.2691



62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762



62.1168, 0.3397, 0.2954

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762



62.1168, 0.3793, 0.3792



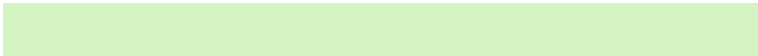
62.1168, 0.2572, 0.3314

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762



83.2500, 0.3211, 0.3837

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.1168, 0.2841, 0.3663



62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762



62.1168, 0.3548, 0.3940

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762



62.1168, 0.3856, 0.3529



62.1168, 0.3197, 0.3900



62.1168, 0.2449, 0.2983



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762



62.1168, 0.3619, 0.3130



62.1168, 0.3197, 0.3900



62.1168, 0.2647, 0.3435

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.1194, 0.3023, 0.2762



89.6489, 0.3100, 0.3142



65.5387, 0.2798, 0.2927



18.9576, 0.3097, 0.3125



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.1194, 0.3023, 0.2762



63.2341, 0.3000, 0.2662



64.5930, 0.3206, 0.2855



16.4693, 0.3083, 0.3053



7.7449, 0.2366, 0.1077



0.7372, 0.2473, 0.1136



# Inverse Universe

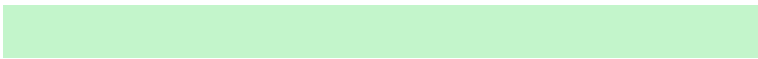
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.2043, 0.3400, 0.3111



64.6424, 0.3462, 0.3078



81.1992, 0.3058, 0.3768



16.5756, 0.3240, 0.3210



10.8211, 0.5615, 0.2867



0.9696, 0.5265, 0.2674



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

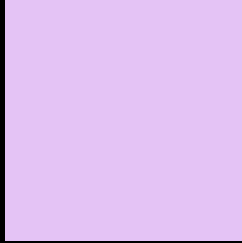
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

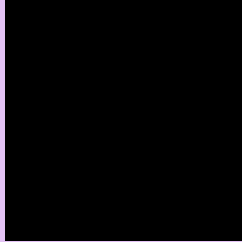
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762

### Protanopia

62.4267, 0.2757, 0.2769

### Deuteranopia

62.3280, 0.2893, 0.2829



## Tritanopia

62.1137, 0.3198, 0.3114

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762

## Protanomaly

62.0227, 0.2854, 0.2766

## Deuteranomaly

61.9774, 0.2942, 0.2802

## Tritanomaly

61.9418, 0.3127, 0.2974

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762

## Achromatopsia

65.1406, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

63.7421, 0.3091, 0.3090

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 195, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 195, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 195, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 195, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 195, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 195, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 195, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 195, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 195, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 195,  
245) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 62.1168, 0.3023, 0.2762 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 195, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
195, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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