

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(62.3856, 0.2827, 0.3389)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(62.3856, 0.2827, 0.3389)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6D9D1
RGB	166, 217, 209
RGB Percent	65%, 85%, 82%
CMY	0.3489, 0.1490, 0.1804
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.04, 0.15
HSL	171°, 40%, 75%
HSV	171°, 23%, 85%
XYZ	52.0510, 62.3361, 69.6037
YIQ	200.8390, -27.8280, -13.3000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

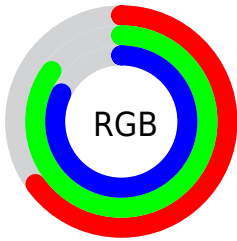
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	166, 194, 217
Decimal	10934737
CIELab	83.09, -18.05, -1.44
CIElCh	83, 18.105, 184.561
Yxy	62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289124817 (0xFFA6D9D1)
YUV	200.8390, 4.0234, -30.5538
Hunter-Lab	78.9532, -20.4895, 2.9982

# Details

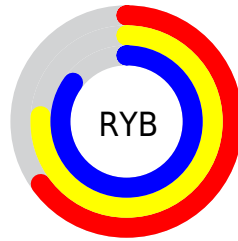
The Yxy color **62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **45.0933, 0.3536, 0.3195**, and the grayscale version is **58.2958, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.2696, 0.2929, 0.3289**, and **31.7179, 0.2753, 0.3405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.0204, 0.2717, 0.3436**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.0562, 0.2951, 0.3344**.

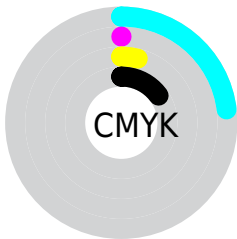
# Distribution



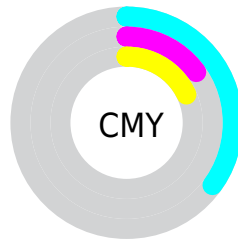
- Red (65%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 62.3361, 0.2829,  
0.3388

 62.3361, 0.2829,  
0.3388


433.1560, 0.2970,  
0.3342

 45.3043, 0.2796,  
0.3399


 108.2111, 0.2879,  
0.3372

 31.6972, 0.2755,  
0.3412


 137.8232, 0.2898,  
0.3366

 21.1303, 0.2701,  
0.3429


172.3975, 0.2914,  
0.3360

 13.2193, 0.2631,  
0.3451

212.3184, 0.2928,  
0.3356

 7.5797, 0.2532,  
0.3481

257.9703, 0.2941,  
0.3352

 3.8272, 0.2385,  
0.3525

309.7376, 0.2952,

 1.5774, 0.2144,

0.3348

0.3595

368.0047, 0.2962,  
0.3345

0.3423, 0.0000,  
0.4197

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

62.3361, 0.2829,  
0.3388

62.3361, 0.2829,  
0.3388

60.0204, 0.2717,  
0.3436

65.0562, 0.2951,  
0.3344

58.0815, 0.2618,  
0.3487


68.1916, 0.3081,  
0.3303

56.5005, 0.2534,  
0.3540

71.7621, 0.3215,  
0.3267

55.2536, 0.2469,  
0.3595

75.7840, 0.3351,  
0.3234


 54.3141, 0.2422,  
0.3651


 76.3782, 0.3343,  
0.3200

 53.6512, 0.2395,  
0.3707


 76.5673, 0.3319,  
0.3166

 53.2277, 0.2387,  
0.3763

 76.7601, 0.3295,  
0.3132

 53.0401, 0.2389,  
0.3799

 76.9567, 0.3271,  
0.3099

 77.1571, 0.3248,  
0.3066

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.3361, 0.3028, 0.3581



62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388



62.3361, 0.2711, 0.3173

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388



62.3361, 0.2984, 0.2924



62.3361, 0.3572, 0.3561

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388



45.0933, 0.3536, 0.3195

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.3361, 0.3562, 0.3381



62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388



62.3361, 0.3216, 0.3023

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388



62.3361, 0.2798, 0.2914



62.3361, 0.3430, 0.3187



62.3361, 0.3459, 0.3677



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388



62.3361, 0.2691, 0.3051



62.3361, 0.3430, 0.3187



62.3361, 0.3584, 0.3505

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.3387, 0.2829, 0.3388



96.5910, 0.3034, 0.3317



61.4388, 0.3157, 0.3937



20.6147, 0.3026, 0.3320



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

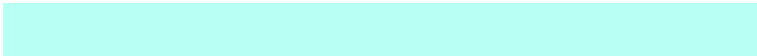


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.3387, 0.2829, 0.3388



88.1794, 0.2774, 0.3410



54.4334, 0.2765, 0.3077



14.7926, 0.3003, 0.3327



32.1210, 0.2386, 0.3791



2.0906, 0.2361, 0.3700



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.0933, 0.3536, 0.3195



59.3069, 0.3647, 0.3175



51.3816, 0.3566, 0.3494



13.0847, 0.3267, 0.3254



9.0102, 0.6170, 0.3173



0.5943, 0.5761, 0.2947



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

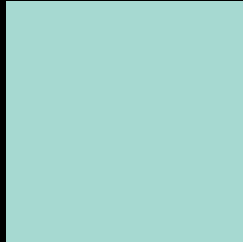
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

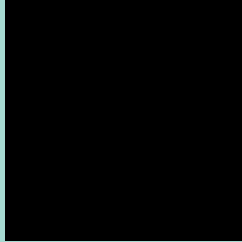
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

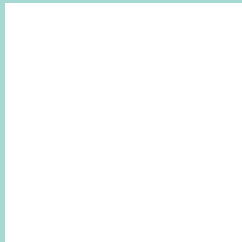
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388.

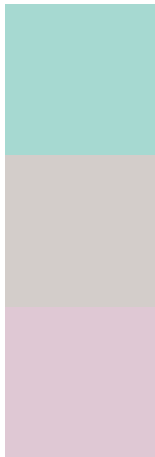


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388

### Protanopia

61.7758, 0.3195, 0.3325

### Deuteranopia

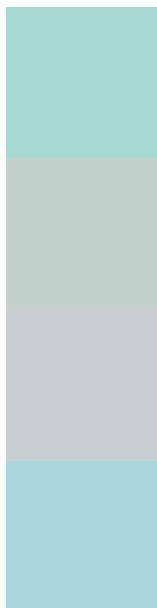
61.7500, 0.3219, 0.3157



## Tritanopia

62.4087, 0.2722, 0.3086

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388

## Protanomaly

61.6108, 0.3051, 0.3337

## Deuteranomaly

61.4023, 0.3062, 0.3232

## Tritanomaly

62.3636, 0.2763, 0.3192

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388

## Achromatopsia

58.4078, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

59.6766, 0.3007, 0.3326

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 217, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 217, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 217, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 217, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 217, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 217, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 217, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 217, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 217, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 217,  
209) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 62.3361, 0.2829, 0.3388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 217, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
217, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor