

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(62.4777, 0.4512, 0.3810)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(62.4777, 0.4512, 0.3810)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB67D
RGB	255, 182, 125
RGB Percent	100%, 71%, 49%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2863, 0.5097
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.51, 0.00
HSL	26°, 100%, 75%
HSV	26°, 51%, 100%
XYZ	61.6728, 56.1966, 27.0045
YIQ	197.3290, 61.8050, -2.2510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

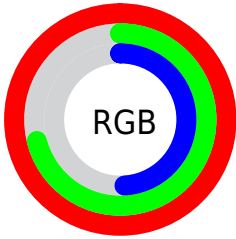
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 227, 125
Decimal	16758397
CIE Lab	79.73, 20.26, 39.39
CIE LCh	80, 44.291, 62.782
Yxy	56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294948477 (0xFFFFB67D)
YUV	197.3290, -35.6582, 50.5775
Hunter-Lab	74.9644, 15.6634, 31.1170

# Details

The Yxy color **56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **51.9777, 0.2325, 0.2588**, and the grayscale version is **56.2370, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.6234, 0.3631, 0.3894**, and **27.8106, 0.4531, 0.3985** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.0584, 0.4557, 0.3970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.1045, 0.3977, 0.3769**.

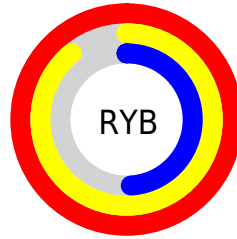
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (71%)

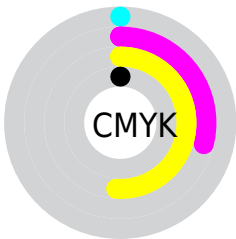
Blue (49%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (49%)

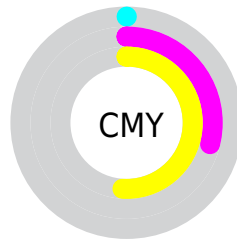


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (51%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.1966, 0.4257,  
0.3879


 56.1966, 0.4257,  
0.3879


410.4320, 0.3713,  
0.3625


 40.3606, 0.4383,  
0.3929


 99.2920, 0.4066,  
0.3797

 27.8198, 0.4537,  
0.3985


 127.3201, 0.3992,  
0.3763

 18.1899, 0.4731,  
0.4046


 160.1811, 0.3929,  
0.3733

 11.0864, 0.4976,  
0.4106

198.2592, 0.3874,  
0.3706

 6.1250, 0.5289,  
0.4149

241.9390, 0.3827,  
0.3682

 2.9212, 0.5793,  
0.4207

291.6048, 0.3784,

 1.0907, 0.6112,

0.3661

0.3888

347.6410, 0.3747,  
0.3642

■ 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.1966, 0.4257,  
0.3879

■ 56.1966, 0.4257,  
0.3879

■ 50.0584, 0.4557,  
0.3970

■ 63.1045, 0.3977,  
0.3769

■ 44.6551, 0.4865,  
0.4029

■ 70.8072, 0.3725,  
0.3649

■ 39.9542, 0.5161,  
0.4042

■ 79.3330, 0.3503,  
0.3529

■ 35.9178, 0.5423,  
0.4000

■ 88.7077, 0.3309,  
0.3411

■ 32.8020, 0.5619,  
0.3921

98.9557, 0.3142,  
0.3300

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.1966, 0.4230, 0.3435



56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879



56.1966, 0.3960, 0.4232

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879



56.1966, 0.2408, 0.3561



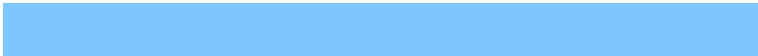
56.1966, 0.2726, 0.2421

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



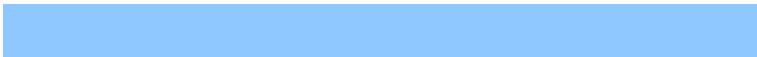
56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879



51.9777, 0.2325, 0.2588

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.1966, 0.2307, 0.2389



56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879



56.1966, 0.2135, 0.2984

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879



56.1966, 0.2885, 0.4101



56.1966, 0.2103, 0.2573



56.1966, 0.3296, 0.2638



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879



56.1966, 0.3637, 0.4346



56.1966, 0.2103, 0.2573



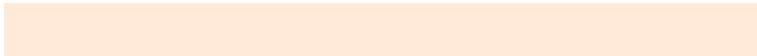
56.1966, 0.2565, 0.2388

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.1978, 0.4257, 0.3879



84.8286, 0.3384, 0.3458



40.0407, 0.3740, 0.2545



17.7342, 0.3425, 0.3483



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.1978, 0.4257, 0.3879



50.0426, 0.4558, 0.3970



88.8565, 0.3914, 0.4458



19.2973, 0.3283, 0.3395



17.4250, 0.5591, 0.3943



1.9096, 0.5393, 0.4100



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.9777, 0.2325, 0.2588



45.3574, 0.2185, 0.2419



28.5447, 0.2163, 0.1764



19.0704, 0.2979, 0.3183



14.3732, 0.1829, 0.1785



1.6172, 0.1881, 0.1971



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

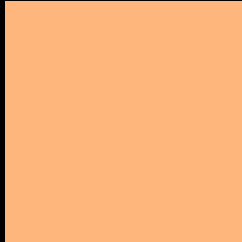
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

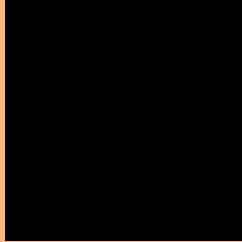
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879

### Protanopia

56.4739, 0.3780, 0.4080

### Deuteranopia

56.2012, 0.4087, 0.3999



## Tritanopia

56.3351, 0.3724, 0.3177

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879

**Protanomaly**

56.1072, 0.3954, 0.4001

**Deuteranomaly**

55.9855, 0.4156, 0.3953

**Tritanomaly**

56.2168, 0.3925, 0.3440

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879

**Achromatopsia**

55.8340, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

55.5450, 0.3510, 0.3538

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 182, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 182, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 182, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 182, 125) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 182, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 182, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 182, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 182, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 182, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 182,  
125) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 56.1966, 0.4257, 0.3879 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 182, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
182, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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