

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3DBD2
RGB	163, 219, 210
RGB Percent	64%, 86%, 82%
CMY	0.3606, 0.1412, 0.1764
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.04, 0.14
HSL	170°, 44%, 75%
HSV	170°, 26%, 86%
XYZ	52.0783, 63.1027, 70.4152
YIQ	201.2300, -30.4870, -14.6710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

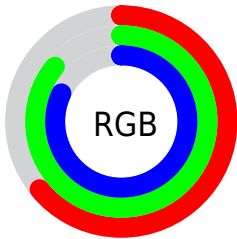
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	163, 193, 219
Decimal	10738642
CIELab	83.50, -19.72, -1.41
CIELCh	83, 19.770, 184.087
Yxy	63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288928722 (0xFFA3DBD2)
YUV	201.2300, 4.3236, -33.5277
Hunter-Lab	79.4372, -21.9922, 3.0499

# Details

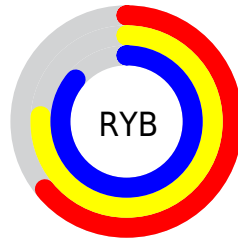
The Yxy color **63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **44.2541, 0.3581, 0.3184**, and the grayscale version is **58.5541, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.8001, 0.2911, 0.3289**, and **32.2662, 0.2726, 0.3422** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.8159, 0.2697, 0.3450**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.7988, 0.2926, 0.3354**.

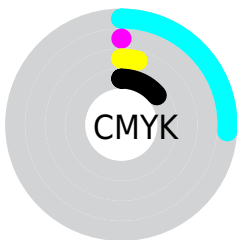
# Distribution



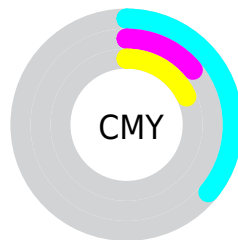
- Red (64%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 63.1027, 0.2806,  
0.3400


 63.1027, 0.2806,  
0.3400


435.9421, 0.2958,  
0.3349

 45.9243, 0.2771,  
0.3412


 109.3177, 0.2859,  
0.3382

 32.1861, 0.2726,  
0.3427


 139.1230, 0.2880,  
0.3375

 21.5037, 0.2670,  
0.3445

173.9061, 0.2897,  
0.3369

 13.4927, 0.2594,  
0.3470

214.0514, 0.2913,  
0.3364

 7.7687, 0.2489,  
0.3504

259.9433, 0.2926,  
0.3359

 3.9473, 0.2334,  
0.3553

311.9661, 0.2938,

 1.6441, 0.2081,

0.3355

0.3630

370.5042, 0.2948,  
0.3352

0.3871, 0.0000,  
0.4267

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

63.1027, 0.2806,  
0.3400

63.1027, 0.2806,  
0.3400

60.8159, 0.2697,  
0.3450

65.7988, 0.2926,  
0.3354

58.9101, 0.2601,  
0.3502


68.9156, 0.3054,  
0.3312

57.3652, 0.2521,  
0.3557


72.4737, 0.3187,  
0.3273

56.1566, 0.2460,  
0.3614


76.4900, 0.3322,  
0.3239


 55.2561, 0.2418,  
0.3671


 77.4975, 0.3329,  
0.3205


 54.6311, 0.2395,  
0.3729

 77.6943, 0.3305,  
0.3170

 54.2416, 0.2391,  
0.3786

 77.8951, 0.3281,  
0.3135

 54.1126, 0.2392,  
0.3811

 78.0999, 0.3257,  
0.3101

 78.3087, 0.3233,  
0.3067

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.1027, 0.3022, 0.3611



63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400



63.1027, 0.2677, 0.3165

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400



63.1027, 0.2968, 0.2892



63.1027, 0.3613, 0.3580

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400



44.2541, 0.3581, 0.3184

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.1027, 0.3599, 0.3384



63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400



63.1027, 0.3219, 0.2998

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400



63.1027, 0.2767, 0.2883



63.1027, 0.3453, 0.3175



63.1027, 0.3491, 0.3709



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400



63.1027, 0.2654, 0.3032



63.1027, 0.3453, 0.3175



63.1027, 0.3624, 0.3520

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.1053, 0.2806, 0.3400



96.1250, 0.3021, 0.3322



62.1190, 0.3159, 0.4001



20.4284, 0.3001, 0.3328



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.1053, 0.2806, 0.3400



87.1737, 0.2742, 0.3428



54.3765, 0.2733, 0.3056



14.7918, 0.3003, 0.3328



32.1025, 0.2390, 0.3802



2.0896, 0.2364, 0.3709



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.2541, 0.3581, 0.3184



55.9496, 0.3721, 0.3159



51.0397, 0.3613, 0.3513



13.0854, 0.3266, 0.3253



9.0130, 0.6162, 0.3168



0.5947, 0.5749, 0.2940



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

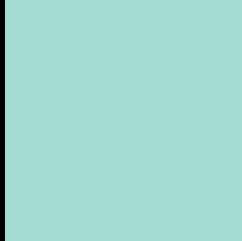
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

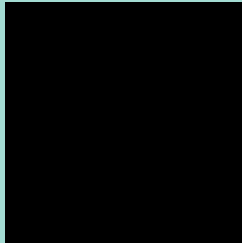
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

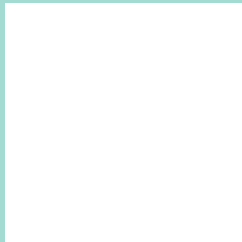
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400

### Protanopia

62.4515, 0.3194, 0.3325

### Deuteranopia

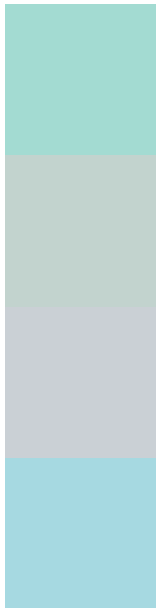
62.6359, 0.3219, 0.3147



## Tritanopia

63.3198, 0.2701, 0.3087

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400

**Protanomaly**

62.5141, 0.3037, 0.3349

**Deuteranomaly**

62.4724, 0.3048, 0.3232

**Tritanomaly**

63.1689, 0.2736, 0.3192

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400

**Achromatopsia**

58.4078, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

60.0362, 0.3000, 0.3338

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 219, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 219, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 219, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 219, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 219, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 219, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 219, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 219, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 219, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 219,  
210) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 63.1027, 0.2806, 0.3400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 219, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
219, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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